Stevenage Borough Council

Local Plan - Partial Review and Update Regulation 18 Consultation

Consultation Statement
5 July - 15 August 2024



Executive Summary

The Stevenage Borough Local Plan was adopted on 22 May 2019. The Plan sets out a spatial vision for the town to 2031 and contains detailed land use policies for the Borough.

The preparation of Local Plans is subject to an extensive legal framework, as set out in relevant acts and regulations and interpreted through case law. This is supplemented by national planning policies and guidance which set out the clear principles and expectations of the planning system.

It was agreed, following legal advice, that there should be a two-stage process to reviewing the Stevenage Borough Local Plan, given the position the local authority finds itself regarding the age of the current Local Plan being 5 years since adoption.

The stages are:

- Stage 1: Local Plan Partial Review and Update
- Stage 2: Local Plan Full Review

The Local Plan – Partial Review and Update was prepared for a first-round public consultation (under Regulation 18 of the Town and Country Planning (Local Planning) (England) Regulations 2012), which was held from 5 July to 15 August 2024.

A Partial Review's scope is to review policies and supporting text and limit only necessary changes, relating to key drivers of change since the Plan was adopted in 2019. Other wider changes will be considered for the next stage of the Local Plan Review, a Full Review of the Plan, from 2025 onwards.

During the consultation period held from 5 July to 15 August 2024, we received upwards of 300 individual representations on the report. These representations came from a variety of mechanisms that we employed for consultation, social media (Facebook, Twitter and Instagram) and a formal consultation website to record respondents' comments.

The representations came from a combination of members of the public, statutory consultees and other interested parties.

The consultation statement shows the range of responses and how the Council will respond to them. Following Regulation 18 consultation from July to August 2024, we are approaching the second stage of development of the Local Plan – Partial Review and Update. This forms the "consultation on final draft policies" stage under Regulation 19 of the Town and Country Planning (Local Planning) (England) Regulations 2012, and this is explored within the Council's next steps.

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1. Introduction

- 1.1 This document sets out how Stevenage Borough Council has undertaken a Regulation 18 consultation for the Local Plan Partial Review and Update. The statement provides an overview on the following:
 - Who was invited to make representations;
 - How they were invited to do so;
 - Summaries of the main issues raised in the representations; and
 - Next steps for the Local Plan

2. Town and Country Planning Regulations

- 2.1 This consultation statement complies with the Town and Country Planning (Local Planning) (England) Regulations 2012 (as amended). The most relevant regulations relating to the process are as follows:
 - Regulation 12: Regulation 12(a) requires the Council to produce a consultation statement before adoption, this must set out who was consulted, a summary of the issues raised, and how these issues were incorporated.
 - Regulation 12(b) requires the Council to publish the documents for a minimum 4
 week consultation, specify the date when responses should be received and identify
 the address to which responses should be sent.
 - Regulation 35: Regulation 12 states that when seeking representations, documents
 must be available in accordance with Regulation 35. This requires the Council to
 make documents available by taking the following steps;
 - Make the document available at the principal office and other places within the area that the Council considers appropriate;
 - o Publish the document on the Council's website
- 2.2 The Local Development Scheme (LDS) of Stevenage Borough has included the intention to prepare a Local Plan Review.
- 2.3 The Stevenage Borough Local Plan was adopted on 22 May 2019. The Plan sets out a spatial vision for the town to 2031 and contains detailed land use policies for the Borough. The Plan superseded the District Plan Second Review (adopted 2004) as the statutory Local Plan for the Borough and is used to determine applications for planning permission.
- 2.4 The preparation of Local Plans is subject to an extensive legal framework, as set out in relevant acts and regulations and interpreted through case law. This is supplemented by national planning policies and guidance which set out the clear principles and expectations of the planning system.
- 2.5 The Plan was adopted following a lengthy Holding Direction process, following Examination in Public of the Plan by the Secretary of State which concluded in October 2017.

- 2.6 The Secretary of State for Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government (MHCLG, changed to the Department for Levelling Up, Housing and Communities or DLUHC and now since changed back to MHCLG) issued a temporary Holding Direction to prevent the Council from adopting the Plan, so that he could consider representations from the local MP largely relating to town centre regeneration and green belt issues.
 - 2.7 The Holding Direction was lifted on 25 March 2019 by the Secretary of State, providing a resolution to the issue. The letter from the Secretary of State withdrew the direction on the understanding that the Council commit to the following actions:
 - Update the Local Development Scheme (to be adopted before or at the same time as the Local Plan is adopted) to include the preparation of an Area Action Plan (AAP) for the Stevenage 'Station Gateway' area (Site TC4 in the Local Plan). The AAP should be timetabled for adoption in December 2020 or sooner.
 - Provide monthly updates to MHCLG on preparation of the Area Action Plan;
 - Publish for public consultation a Master Plan for the regeneration of the Stevenage Town Centre sites identified in the Local Plan as TC5 and TC2.
 - Designate a lead Councillor and lead official to be responsible for progressing the preparation and implementation of the Area Action Plan, and for the implementation of the Local Plan itself.
 - Remove references in the Local Plan to a new train station before adoption.
 - 2.7 An Officer Report to Cabinet in June 2024 detailed the progression from a series of options to undertake a Local Plan Review, from "do nothing" up to a full review of the Local Plan.
 - 2.8 Normal practice for the review of a Local Plan is to commence a partial review and update of a Local Plan, 5 years post adoption.
 - 2.9 It was agreed, following legal advice, that there should be a two-stage process to reviewing the Stevenage Borough Local Plan, given the position the local authority finds itself regarding the age of the current Local Plan being 5 years since adoption:

Stage 1: Local Plan - Partial Review and Update

Stage 2: Local Plan – Full Review

2.10 Officers have progressed with undertaking a partial review and update of the Local Plan, which has incorporated the evidence gathered from the two rounds of consultation on the AAP. This has allowed the evidence base already gathered through the two rounds of consultation on the AAP (in 2021 and 2023), to form an updated and much clearer policy direction for Policy TC4 of the Local Plan as well as potential other policies of the plan, in accordance with wider strategic updates and objectives. This includes the continued requirement to tackle the Climate Change agenda and promoting sustainable and active travel across the Borough.

2.11 Preparation of the an updated Local Plan commenced in early 2024 and the Regulation 18 responses will allow Officers to amend the Local Plan in preparation for the next stage, a pre submission draft called a Regulation 19 consultation.

3 Pre Public Consultation

- 3.1 Prior to the Local Plan being circulated for public consultation, the report went through some internal consultation and also the constitutional process.
- 3.2 The Report was presented to Members and Strategic Leaders at the following meetings:

Clearance Board
 Planning and Development Committee
 Cabinet
 Overview and Scrutiny
 10 May 2024
 23 May 2024
 5 June 2024
 11 June 2024

3.3 A summary of the comments made in those meetings and other general comments are set out below.

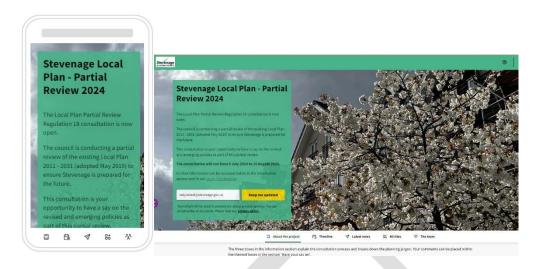
Name/Organisation	Comments:	SBC Response
Clearance Board	Minor comments to reflect developments since the plan was adopted.	These have been incorporated to reflect these comments.
P&D	Broad support taken for the Regulation 18 approach.	Comments noted and incorporated.
Cabinet	Members were pleased that an updated Statement of Community Involvement (SCI) would highlight the use of technology in the consultation and gave consideration to the need to improve the way the Council engaged with communities in the planning process. Officers advised that due to the announcement of the forthcoming General Election, the consultation on the Local Plan had been delayed and would now run between 5 July and 15 August 2024.	Comments noted and incorporated.
O&S	Noted the importance of the updated SCI and the improved techniques to engage with communities in the planning process.	Comments noted and incorporated.

4 Regulation 18 Consultation (2024)

- 4.1 The Local Plan Partial Review and Update set out the main changes open for the public to comment.
- 4.2 A Sustainability Appraisal (SA) Scoping Report was published for consultation in accordance with the Strategic Environmental Assessment Directive and Regulations. The consultation formally sought the views of a wide range of consultees, including the three statutory consultees: Historic England; Natural England; and the Environment Agency. The purpose of the consultation was to gauge the views of consultees on the defined scope of the SA and the proposed level of detail that should be included in the SA..
- 4.3 The draft Local Plan Partial Review and Update was prepared and approved for public consultation by Stevenage Borough Council Cabinet on 5 June 2024.
- 4.4 The public consultation exercise was undertaken from 5 July until 15 August 2024.

 Representations were invited to comment on the Regulation 18 Local Plan document.
- 4.5 Representations could be made using an online consultation system called Commonplace. It was accessed through its own web address and was visible on the Council website, social media accounts. Alternatively, responses could be posted or emailed to the Planning Policy Team.
- 4.7 Our chosen consultation platform, Commonplace has delivered a number of consultations for Stevenage Borough Council, including the Station Gateway Area Action Plan (AAP) and Cycle Hire Scheme. It was considered appropriate because it was suitable for mobile phones as well as desktop users. The design of the site was tailored to hold detailed planning documents and allow consultees to view documents broken down by theme. The platform is designed to help engage residents, businesses and different demographics and by separating topic areas helps respondents comment on areas they are interested in.
- 4.8 Planning documents like the Local Plan can be complicated and use planning language which often disengages an audience. With the help of Commonplace and using best practice, we have engaged more widely. We learnt from previous Commonplace consultations such as Stevenage Gateway Area Action, and other local authorities to build a consultation platform suitable for.
- 4.9 Figure 1 shows how the consultation platform was viewed on a desktop computer or mobile device.

Figure 1: Consultation platform on viewed on a desktop and mobile device.

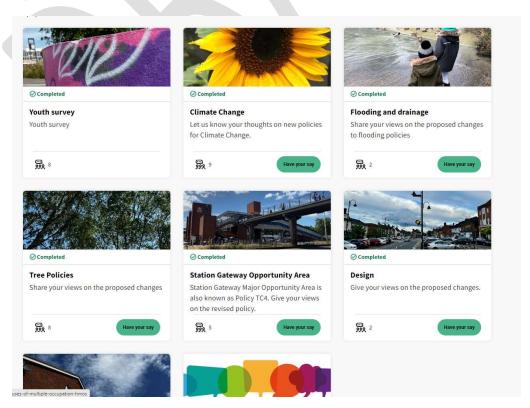


4.10 A direct link to the consultation platform was accessed via a dedicated link:

https://stevenagelocalplan.commonplace.is/

The consultation platform breaks down the document into sections to enable a consultee to answer questions based on a topic area within the Local Plan. All sections contain questions, but all are optional to allow flexibility to respondents. The image below shows some of the topic areas on the website.

Figure 2: Breakdown of questions on the consultation platform



- 4.11 These sections focus on eight main areas in the document, and these include:
 - · Climate Change;
 - Flooding and drainage;
 - Tree Policies;
 - Station Gateway Opportunity Area;
 - Design;
 - Housing;
 - Youth Survey and;
 - · General comments.
- 4.12 The overall aim was to gather consultee views across a wide demographic as well as different types of users in the area. Therefore, the platform had to be suitable for residents, visitors, businesses, and statutory consultees. This can lead to a gap in consultees' proficiency in planning terminology, and the platform was designed with this in mind. Therefore, you could answer as few, or as many questions as you like.
- 4.13 Formal public consultation period (5 July to 15 August 2024):

A link to the Regulation 18 consultation platform was sent to all individuals who had signed up to the Councils planning consultee register. The register mainly consists of individuals who have responded to previous Local Plan consultations or specific planning applications, and also contains all statutory consultees and Duty to Cooperate bodies, as required by Regulations. Approximately 100 letters were also sent to individuals who had not provided an email address. The letters advised recipients how they would be able to view the document (both electronically and physically) and the process for responding to the consultation. Appendix 2 contains the list of notified consultees.

- 4.14 The formal consultation consisted of:
 - Notification, via e-mail and post where necessary, to all statutory consultees and those on our consultation database.
 - A series of dedicated meetings with a range of key stakeholders.
 - Publicity via the Stevenage Borough Council website and social media platforms (including the Council's Facebook, Twitter / X and Instagram pages).
 - A link to the Council's consultation interface, where the public were able to download the Local Plan – Partial Review and Update documents and were able to submit their observations and representations.
 - The consultation interface included a "Youth Survey", designed to encourage the younger generation of the town to register their interest in planning and policy issues and to make valuable input into the process.
 - A promotional leaflet was produced and distributed around the town, to highlight that the public could "have their say" on the new and revised policies.
 - Ensuring that the consultation could align with the work programme of the broader Communications and Engagement Plan, managed and updated by the Communities & Neighbourhoods team. This was to ensure that the Local Plan – Partial Review and Update could be added to any events / engagement with the neighbourhoods of Stevenage during the consultation, to raise awareness as much as possible.

- Distribution of material publicising the public consultation. This included distribution at Stevenage Central Library, Daneshill House Reception and other locations if necessary.
- A consultation booklet which covered the broad themes of the Local Plan Review for the public and attempted to answer a series of frequently asked questions or FAQs
- 4.15 A link to the Local Plan Partial Review and Update Regulation 18 consultation was sent to all individuals who had signed up to the Council's planning consultee register. The register mainly consists of individuals who have responded to previous Local Plan consultations or specific planning applications and contains all statutory consultees and Duty to Co-operate bodies, as required by Regulations.
- 4.16 Those who provided an e-mail address when registering to the list were sent an e-mail (example in Appendix 4) with a link to the document and an explanation of the consultation process. This consisted of the majority of all consultees. Letters were sent to individuals who had not provided an e-mail address. The letters advised recipients how they would be able to view the document (both electronically and physically) and the process for responding to the consultation.
- 4.17 A series of meetings and discussions were held during the consultation period, with internal and external stakeholders. Internally this included the Development Management, Housing and Climate Change teams; externally this included, in particular, Hertfordshire County Council Growth and Infrastructure Unit, Highways, Spatial Planning, Adult Care Services and Health and Wellbeing teams as well as a range of local landowners and developers on viability issues.
- 4.18 More widely, as part of the Regulation 18 consultation, a series of Memoranda of Understanding (MoU) were prepared and discussed with statutory consultees as detailed in the Statement of Community Involvement [BD11].
- 4.19 Officers have prepared a set of documents, termed as "Memoranda of Understanding" or "MoU" in order for the Council to present its position and work programme regarding the Local Plan Partial Review and Update.
- 4.20 As part of each MoU, agreement will be sought on the proposed scope of our Local Plan Partial Review and Update as well as highlighting any areas of discussion or possibly contention, to be recorded and discussed prior to eventual Submission of the Local Plan to the Secretary of State (MHCLG).
- 4.21 Officers have been working with a series of stakeholders, to develop these MoUs. Stakeholders will include:
 - North Hertfordshire District Council.
 - East Herts Council.
 - Other neighbouring local authorities in Hertfordshire that share strategic interests (including St. Albans & City District Council, Welwyn Hatfield Borough Council).
 - Other neighbouring local authorities outside Hertfordshire that share strategic interests (including Central Bedfordshire Council, Luton Borough Council).
 - National Health Service (Hertfordshire and West Essex Integrated Care Board or ICB).
 - Hertfordshire County Council (Growth & Infrastructure Unit, Spatial Planning Unit, Highways Department, Minerals & Waste team, other relevant units).
 - Other stakeholders as identified.

- 4.22 Progress on the MoUs has varied to date; in particular, discussions are ongoing with the Hertfordshire and West Essex Integrated Care Boad, Hertfordshire County Council, North Hertfordshire District Council and other authorities to develop and agree respective positions up to Submission of the Local Plan Partial Review and Update
- 4.23 Discussions to develop the MoUs will be ongoing with the various parties before, during and after the upcoming public consultation through the stages of Local Plan preparation, up to Submission.
- 4.24 The Planning Policy team were assisted by the Communities & Neighbourhoods team and in particular, neighbourhood wardens, in promoting the Regulation 18 consultation across Stevenage to ensure a wide a response as possible.
- 4.25 Copies of the Local Plan Partial Review were made available for inspection, along with supporting documents at the following locations:
 - Stevenage Central Library
 - Stevenage Old Town Library
 - Council Office, Daneshill House, Danestrete
 - Online via the Councils website
- 4.26 Representations received in respect of the consultation exercise are available to view in full on the Stevenage Borough Council consultation portal. A summary of the representations received are included in this statement.
- 4.27 The representations will be reported to Cabinet, Planning and Development, and Scrutiny and Overview committees, of which the minutes can be viewed online. The views of members will be used to inform the next stage of consultation, Regulation 19.
- 4.28 The representations received to the Regulation 18 consultation will also be used to inform the preparation of the Regulation 19 Local Plan.

5 Responses and main issues raised during the consultation

5.1 A total of 327 representations were received from consultees as well as internal teams and committees.

Regulation 18 consultation held between: 5 July to 15 August 2024

- Commonplace / Email / Letters: 202 respondents 327 comments
- Youth Survey: 9 respondents;
- Over 2,500 visitors to the consultation interface website;
- Stakeholders; Meetings with HCC (comments not included in numbers)
- Social Media comments (not included in numbers)

Total: 201 respondents / 327 comments or agreements*

5.2 Responses were received from:

- North Herts Council
- HCC (Growth, Minerals & Waste, Public Health, Highways, LLFA,
- Muse
- Anglian Water
- Three Rivers
- Thames Water
- TfL
- North Herts and Stevenage Friends of the Earth
- Sport England
- Turley on behalf VASTINT UK SERVICES LIMTIED.
- NHS Property Services
- NHS HWE ICB
- National Gas Transmission
- Muse
- British Horse Society Herts Access Committee
- Historic England
- Home Builders Federation
- Forestry Commission
- Environment Agency
- Stevenage Cycling UK
- Churchill Living and MacCarthy Stone
- Central Bedfordshire Council
- Anglian Water
- HCC LLFA

^{*} An agreement is another consultee agreeing with another representation. The consultation platform allows consultees to agree or disagree with comments already submitted.

- HCC Sustainability Team
- HCC Highways
- HCC Minerals and Waste
- HCC Public Health
- SBC Housing
- Members of the public
- 5.3 A full summary of responses is provided in Appendix 2 as well as an overview of any recommendations to be taken forward for consideration when drafting the next stage of the Local Plan.
- 5.4 A wide range of themes emerged from consultation comments, including some of those highlighted in table 1.

Table 1:

Theme	Comments
Climate Change	Positive thoughts on Climate Change – Many support reducing carbon emissions at all stages of the development process, as many hold sustainability as a core value within their work. There are many reservations regarding viability and whether the use of the building regulations is enough in policy. The Written Ministerial Statement in December 2023 cemented that Local Plans could not go above targets – this was challenged in July 2024. So careful consideration needs to be placed on Policy CC1 if it is to work. Many feel it is not clear what emission reduction targets are being used and it is important that this is investigated further to ensure that requirements are feasible whilst not significantly undermining the deliverability of development in the town, and in accordance with the NPPF. Construction costs and other challenges have made the delivery of development challenging and consultees wish for string evidence to ensure it doesn't impact development. More need to exploit the Green Economy. Stronger emphasis on transport and the use of Active Travel to tackle climate change as well as stronger wording for retrofitting may need to be considered within the policy wording.
Trees	General support but attention to light pollution and potential hazards of leaf drop for cyclists / biodiversity etc. The introduction of tree lined streets in new developments was welcomed, due to increasing biodiversity and good design and mitigating climate change.
Station Gateway	Generally positive for uses and change in the opportunity area. Comments broadly support the changes to the overarching spatial strategy for the Local Plan which shows an update to the use classes and development focussed within the Station Gateway Opportunity Area. This is once again in line with the updated climate change policy.
Design	Comments generally focused on Design in general. This included improvements to Policy SP8 to accommodate healthy and safe communities. Design of the cycleways was mentioned and how they are used for active travel and to help mitigate climate change.
HMOs	Not generally against HMOs due to the positive need for affordable housing, but the consultees expressed concern around parking in already pressurised neighbourhoods. Some comments expressed the need for

Theme	Comments	
	better cycle parking for HMOs to encourage better forms of travel and	
	alleviate parking problems in some neighbourhoods.	
Flooding and	There is support for the changes to Policy FP1 aimed at ensuring	
drainage	utilisation of sustainable drainage systems wherever possible, including	
	the incorporation of green infrastructure such as ponds and green	
	roofs/walls where appropriate.	
	Consultees have also welcomed the emphasis in Policy FP2: Flood risk	
	management on the re-naturalisation of watercourses, which can ber	
	local biodiversity as well as enhancing flood defences.	
	However, there have been comments surrounding paved areas	
	incorporating better SuDS design and consideration around the	
	classification of pollution to include odour pollution which can be viewed	
	alongside light and noise pollution.	
Youth Survey	The theme around tackling climate change was considered a top 3	
	important challenge for most of the respondents (out of 8 options).	
	Generally positive for Climate Change but there was a desire for a	
	stronger local economy with affordable housing and more leisure	
	facilities.	

5.5 Other comments arising from the consultation can be summarised as follows:

Table 2 – Other comments:

The consultation focused on partial changes but other comments were welcomed. They are summarised below and will be considered with the review process and responded to accordingly.

- Housing allocations Some comments regarding our delivery and the need to address
 this post 2031. A full review has been recommended sooner, by some consultees. This
 will be addressed before the Regulation 19 consultation to show the Council's
 approach will address the housing delivery targets.
- Housing allocation sites HO1/13 Scout Hut, Drakes Drive A large number of
 consultees objected to the loss of the site as a community use. The detailed policy in
 the Local Plan stipulates "the community facility to be reprovided or its loss
 satisfactorily justified" (page 104 SBC Local Plan). It is possible that the wording may
 need to address the concern raised by the consultees by making it clearer.
- Green infrastructure links Incorporation of tracks for horses / recognition within the Local Plan.
- Health and wellbeing Hertfordshire County Council are studying land uses in close proximity to deprived neighbourhoods. Suggestion for a new policy for Bedwell.
- Retail Study 2024 Some comments and recommendations have been considered from the draft report. The study also takes account of changes to the NPPF, which will need addressing now, whilst some changes will be considered for a Full Review.
- General from Facebook / Twitter / Instagram few comments received which were commenting on the general vitality of the town, and a mix of retail in the town centre.

- 5.6 While the total volume of representations may appear relatively low for a Local Plan consultation, it should be acknowledged that this is only a partial review of the existing, adopted Stevenage Borough Local Plan and that the Regulation 18 stage formed the initial stage of consultation, with further rounds of consultation ahead.
- 5.7 The Cabinet Report in June 2024 initially outlined a proposed Regulation 18 consultation period from 17 June 2024 to 28 July 2024. However, soon after Cabinet approval, the General Election was called for 4 July 2024. As such, the consultation had to be delayed until at least 5 July 2024 and thus ran into the busy Summer holiday period.
- 5.8 The Regulation 18 consultation could not be delayed further until September, as this would have resulted in the risk that the Regulation 19 Local Plan Partial Review and Update would not be consulted on until after the revised NPPF was published. The potential impact on material weight of the Local Plan was another risk in this regard as discussed below.
- 5.9 In accordance with paragraph 48 of the NPPF (December 2023) with regards to the determination of planning applications, it states:

Local planning authorities may give weight to relevant policies in emerging plans according to:

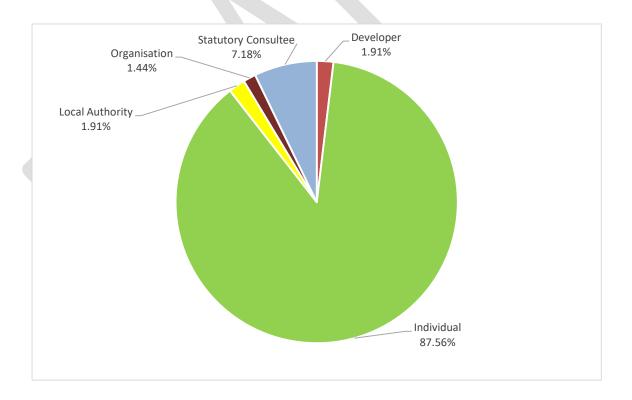
- a) the stage of preparation of the emerging plan (the more advanced its preparation, the greater the weight that may be given);
- b) the extent to which there are unresolved objections to relevant policies (the less significant the unresolved objections, the greater the weight that may be given); and
- c) the degree of consistency of the relevant policies in the emerging plan to this Framework (the closer the policies in the emerging plan to the policies in the Framework, the greater the weight that may be given).
- 5.10 Based on the above, policies of emerging Plans gain weight as they progress through the process of consultation, examination and whether they attract objections.

 Therefore, the weight that can be applied to the policies contained in the Stevenage Local Plan Partial Review and Update are set out as follows:
 - Low Weight Regulation 18 pre-consultation.
 - Moderate Weight Regulation 18 post-consultation.
 - Substantial weight Regulation 19.
 - Full weight Adoption.

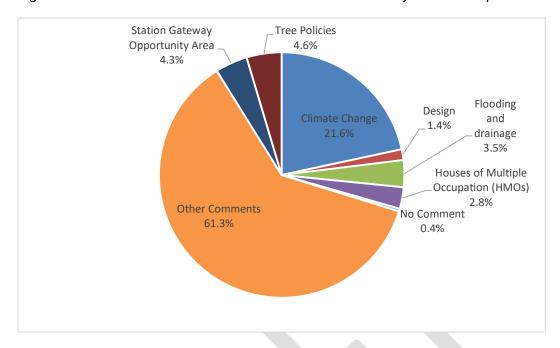
6 Analysis of representations

- 6.1 The analysis was broken down by topics to understand the main themes. Appendix 1 shows the full list of responses and are separated in the following categories:
 - > Climate Change
 - > Flooding and drainage
 - > Trees
 - > Station Gateway Opportunity Area
 - Design
 - ➤ HMOs / Housing
 - > All Other Comments
- 6.2 Figure 1 below shows the type of respondents who responded to the Regulation 18 consultation.

Figure 1 – Type of respondents.



6.2 Figure 2 below shows the breakdown of comments received by theme / chapter.



6.3 Key messages received from the consultation included general support for the Council's commitment to Climate Change and the environment. There is some negativity or wariness regarding the viability of pursuing Climate Change in the policies and the Officers have worked intensively with consultants, consultees and the public to make sure the policies are designed correctly.

7 How has the Council responded to these comments?

- 7.1 A complete schedule of consultation responses and the Council's response to the comments are provided in Appendix 1.
- 7.2 The opinions and views of the public will be considered when we work through the Local Plan and prepare a revised version for the Regulation 19 consultation.
- 7.3 In the time that has passed since May 2019, the proposed number of significant changes to the planning system has led to the Planning Policy team to scope out the changes and incorporate amendments which reflect the drivers for change. After reviewing the comments, officers have amended the draft accordingly. A brief overview of changes is shown below.

Changes from Regulation 18 to Regulation 19 versions

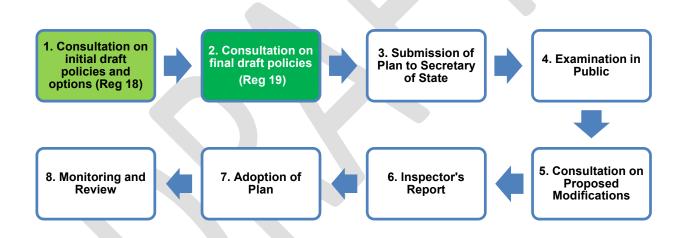
7.4 The comments and suggestions from the Regulation 18 public consultation are below and will be incorporated into the final draft Regulation 19 version to be presented to, and approved by, the Cabinet.

- 7.5 The key amendments to the draft Local Plan Review Partial Review and Update, from the Regulation 18 to the Regulation 19 version, can be summarised below:
 - Policy SP1: Climate Change emphasis on the need to prioritise sustainable travel added; requirement to install network infrastructure removed; policy now commits the Council to working with neighbouring authorities on cross-boundary Climate Change opportunities.
 - Policy SP2: Sustainable Development in Stevenage emphasis on the intention to meet the needs of an ageing population.
 - Policy SP5: Infrastructure the term "sheltered housing" replaced with "adaptable and specialist housing".
 - *Policy SP6*: *Sustainable Transport* comprehensive rewording to strongly emphasise sustainable transport.
 - Policy SP8: Good Design added a requirement to ensure that development is safe and reduces crime.
 - Policy CC1: Energy Efficiency carbon targets for minor developments removed; carbon targets for large-scale major developments now exclude sites in the Town Centre; cash offsetting removed; monitoring limited to one occasion, immediately following occupation.
 - Policy CC2: Heating and Cooling hierarchy replaced with list of considerations; only requirement is now to avoid energy-dependent cooling (unless essential); only major developments need to demonstrate how heating and cooling will be provided within an Energy Statement.
 - Policy CC6: Green Roofs and Walls green roofs now encouraged rather than required; a reference has been added to "blue-green" roofs.
 - Policy CC7: Green Economy Regulation 18 draft policy CC7: Digital Connectivity has been deleted; Regulation 18 draft policy CC8: Green Economy has moved up to take its place and is now CC7.
 - Policy EC1: Allocated Sites for Employment Development allocation for EC1/2 (South of Bessemer Drive, Gunnels Wood) has been changed from office and research and development use, to light industry, general industry and storage / distribution use.
 - Policy IT1: Strategic Development Access Points a line has been inserted to ensure that the design of new junctions considers the needs of all road users.
 - Policy HO10: Sheltered and Supported Housing it has been made clear that there is broad support for sheltered and supported housing schemes, regardless of scale.
 - *Policy GD2*: *Design Certification* a line has been inserted to encourage "Secured by Design" accreditation.
 - Policy FP2: Flood Risk Management various minor amendments to reflect the comments from the Environment Agency.

- Policy NH5b: Tree Lined Streets new subtext to emphasise the importance of species and techniques for street trees; new subtext to clarify that active transport remains the priority for streets
- Monitoring provisions have been added for the new Climate Change policies.
- Policy TC4 Minor changes to reflect comments from Muse and Hertfordshire County Council.
- Policy SP4 Minor changes to reflect evidence from the Retail Study 2024.
- Policy TC10 Minor changes to reflect the Retail Study 2024 and NPPF.
- Policy TC9 Minor changes to reflect the Retail Study 2024 and NPPF.
- Minor changes to subtext across new and previously revised policies.
- 7.6 These key amendments to the draft Local Plan Review Partial Review and Update will assist in the preparation of the Regulation 19 Local Plan.

8 Next Steps

- 8.1 Following Regulation 18 consultation from July to August 2024, we are approaching the second stage of development of the Local Plan Partial Review and Update. This forms the "consultation on final draft policies" stage under Regulation 19 of the Town and Country Planning (Local Planning) (England) Regulations 2012 [BD12].
- 8.2 Following the Regulation 19 round of consultation, the Local Plan Partial Review and Update will then be submitted to the Secretary of State (MHCLG), ahead of an independent Examination in Public by an appointed Planning Inspector.
- 8.3 A final consultation on any modifications proposed by the Inspector to the Plan is then held prior to the Inspector's Report, which would confirm whether the Plan can process to formal adoption. Monitoring and review of the Plan would then be required for a period of time after the Plan has been adopted.
- 8.4 The diagram below shows the next steps in the Local Plan process.



Appendix 1 – Responses to the consultation and Stevenage Borough Council response

SBC Com ment ID	Theme of Comm ent	Local Plan Polic y No.	What are your comments on the revised policy SP1, SP11?-Climate Change	General comments on Climate Change policies	SBC_Response

4	Climate Change	CC1	There is no reference to transport so the following should be added. The domestic transport sector remains the largest emitting sector in the UK, accounting	-	Noted.
	Change				Actions
			for 29.1% of all greenhouse gas emissions in 2023. uk-greenhouse-gas-emissions-		Actions:
			provisional-figures-statistical-release-2023.pdf (publishing.service.gov.uk)		Consider new/amended policies to
			The Local Plan must include how a modal shift towards more sustainable travel choices		make clear that sustainable transport
			is to be achieved. In all cases, the most up to date national guidance should be adhered		should be prioritised.
			to including the Active Travel England Standing Advice Note: Active travel and		2. Consider new/amended policies for
			sustainable development ate-travel-sustainable-development.pdf		the protection of existing cycleways
			(publishing.service.gov.uk)		and provision of new cycleways in
			Cycling must be at least as convenient as driving for all short journeys. This includes		development proposals.
			provision of direct routes and convenient cycle parking. Multi-modal journeys involving		
			cycling and use of public transport must be facilitated to make them an attractive		
			alternative to private car use.		
			Cycle parking should be prioritised for all developments of residential properties,		
			workplaces, retail outlets, leisure facilities, transport hubs and all other beginnings and		
			destinations for cycle journeys. Cycle parking should be added whenever possible to		
			existing properties and prioritised where refurbishment of any council property takes		
			place. Long stay cycle parking â€" including at residential properties â€" should be		
			secure, weatherproof, conveniently sited and easy to use by all users. It should be		
			suitable for all types of cycle including cargo bikes and adapted cycles. Provision for		
			electric bikes should include charging facilities. Users should not be expected to lift		
			cycles or access through narrow gaps or paths.		
			Stevenage has 45km of cycleways but there are significant gaps in the provision. For		
			example, many access roads have been built across cycleways and there is a lack of		
			traffic-free cycling infrastructure in and to newer residential and retail developments.		
			Whenever possible, these gaps should be rectified. New developments must always		
			have cycling links to the existing network built in line with national planning guidance		
			eg LTN 1/20 and current best practice to ensure that they are suitable for cyclists of all		
			ages and abilities from 8 to 80 and beyond. Cycle routes should be inclusive, and users		
			of all types of cycle should be able to navigate them safely and easily. The use of		
			barriers and bollards must be avoided to enable access by people using non-standard		
			cycles such as tricycles, cargo bikes and adapted cycles. Cycles may be being used to		
			transport children or heavy luggage eg shopping.		
			Routes should be safe and pleasant to use at all times of day and throughout the year.		
			They should be direct, well-lit and avoid steep gradients and steps. People cycling		
			should never be expected to lift their cycle up a kerb or push their cycle to reach cycle		
			parking at a destination - in some cases a cycle is used as a mobility aid by individuals		
			who cannot walk far.		
			Signage must be made clear to enable people cycling to find their way around the		
			town. Road markings at new developments should reflect cyclist and pedestrian priority		
			as in the Highway Code.		
			Planting adjacent to cycleways should be chosen to minimise the need for pruning		
			back, clearing leaves. Prickly plants and fast-growing plants should be avoided.		
			Climate adaptation measures need to include good drainage for cycleways and		
			provision for flood management and preventions especially in underpasses.		
			Good provision for Active Travel will have additional benefits for the local economy and		
			public health.		
			public ficaliti.		

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11	Climate Change	SP1, CC1, CC2, CC3, CC4, CC7	While fully supporting the net zero objective, as a general comment, this policy and the others in Chapter 6, do not seem really aware of the cost they impose, whether build, delay, consultant availability or indeed officer time. The shopping list is long â€" energy/cooling statement, net zero operational carbon, ditto lifetime embodied carbon, a carbon tax, 5 year monitoring, Housing Quality Mark, SuDS and green roofs, rainwater harvesting, grey water recycling, new streets to be tree-lined. Most of these are mandatory, and applicable even to minor development. As a developing housing association operating through Herts and Beds, these demands, taken cumulatively, would really make us think twice about Stevenage. Some policies, perhaps for flexibility, are short on specific guidance to developers	Policy HO8 (Affordable housing tenure, mix and design) ought to be revised to reflect the new government's strong commitment to social rent. The current policy merely requires that at least 70% of the units are for rent, without clarifying affordable rent or social rent. Perhaps a way can be found to do this in parallel with the partial review	Comments acknowledged and noted.
			SP1 a : Demand Reduction, Energy Efficiency, LZC Generation		
			Query the assumptions here ie the conventional Fabric First energy hierarchy. Electrification First is now a smarter route to zero carbon, since further demand reduction via insulation now suffers diminishing returns; and anyway one cannot insulate/reduce demand all the way to net zero, esp not for hot water. Moreover, onsite renewable power (PV), which has a quite high cost per kW, now displaces less and less emissions. The government's proposed spec for the Future Homes Standard recognises this, by mandating an end to gas, proposing PV as an option not for net zero reason (ie to save on bills), and only requiring a few carefully selected upgrades for heat loss (eg closing the performance gap, better airtightness)		
			Proposed wording for SP1 a: • "support developments that achieve reduced or zero onsite emissions via low carbon heating, together, as appropriate, with reduced heat loss and/or onsite generation of zero carbon energyâ€		
			SP1 b: On-site Shortfall and Offset Fund; †On site short fall†needs clarification, given that post 2025, Future Homes burning no fossil fuels - will produce no emissions on-site. Continuing off-site indirect emissions, from power station chimneys, are quite short term and outside building owner or planning control. Should virtuous new homes be penalised? The problem is the stock.		
			Proposal for SP1 b: • Clarify that the test is onsite emissions and that offset does not apply to all-electric homes		
			SP1 c: Water Usage Targets, Rainwater Harvesting and Grey Water, Water Neutrality; OK with water targets. Query the definition of water neutrality, †not increasing demand for water abstraction above existing levels' (support text, not glossary), as this seems to imply, for a green field site with zero existing abstraction, absolutely no mains water use. Roof harvesting and grey water recycling are fine for saving potable water, but not without downsides (respectively, reduced groundwater recharge, and increased concentration of pollutants), and potable water reduction has limits: 100% reduction would imply that people should drink, cook or wash in rainwater, and that each home has its own water and sewage works.		

There are other practical issues (space for plant, ongoing and decentralised hygiene maintenance). Green roofs can also frustrate roof water harvesting. Proposed wording for SP1 c: • "apply water usage targets to developments, and encourage proposals to minimise the demand for new potable water suppliesâ€ SP1 d. Life Cycle Sustainability OK but needs to be subject to cost being practicable. Zero embodied carbon is too radical a goal. It might mean for example, promoting building in timber (which captures carbon) while banning it in concrete (whose manufacture generates carbon). SP1 e. Microgrids, Heat Networks, and Intelligent Energy Systems; How would this policy work in practice, over and above the government's proposals for heat network zoning? SP1 f. Low Carbon CHP Disagree strongly: ultra-low and zero carbon CHP is surely a contradiction in terms, as CHP relies on burning fossil fuels; by contrast renewable power generation (wind, sun) has no waste heat. Renewables are cool, literally. Proposal for SP1 f: • Delete this subsection SP1 g. Development that Generates Low C Energy Agree. But why only those with a surplus to be injected into the national grid SP1 h. Carbon Sinks, Carbon Sequestration; Agree, but surely sinks and sequestration is quite minor in such an urban setting. Have you costed carbon sequestration in a housebuilding context? SP1 i. Green Roofs and Walls; Nice to have. Quite a tough stance on cost; but have you calculated the value of the benefits? NB green roofs and roof water harvesting (as in sub section c) can be mutually exclusive SP1 j. Reduce Travel by Installing of Digital Infrastructure; Query need for a policy, as ultrafast broadband is now available virtually everywhere in Stevenage, and developers need no compulsion to install fibreoptic cable. The issue is with existing homes. SP1 k. Green Economy

Agree. A well-meaning policy, if somewhat vague

SP1 I. Site Waste.

Agree

12	Climate Change	SP1	Good, but could usefully add that you will evaluate proposals for non-motorised travel to/within the development, including the provision of new bridleways (i.e. routes for walkers, riders and cyclists).	-	This is worthy of consideration. Reducing transport-related carbon emissions by facilitating a modal shift away from private cars to more sustainable modes of transport, especially walking and cycling, is a key objective of the plan. The view of officers thus far is that this is adequately expressed in Policy SP6. However, it could perhaps be strengthened and also set out under Policy SP1 to reflect the significant link between transport and climate change.
					Actions: 1. Consider strengthening Policy SP6. 2. Consider amending Policy SP1 to reflect the strategic aim of facilitating a shift to sustainable modes of transport.

				-
21	Climate	Two themes:	My feeling is that all climate change	Comments acknowledged and noted.
	Change		policies must be strengthened.	
		Transport - is not very well mentioned in the document.		
			It should be the default for all new and	
		Wildlife - we have so much - lets help it.	refurbished properties to include solar,	
			heat pumps, water recycling etc	
		Transport - we must ensure that active travel is not only possible but becomes the first	There must be as few get out clauses	
		choice when planning a trip to the local shops etc. This means that parking for cycles	for developers as it is possible to have	
		and access to cycles needs to be easier than taking the car. Parking must be located	in these documents. We are truly	
		conveniently outside all destinations and residential properties. It must be secure and	facing a world disaster.	
		all long term parking must be protected from the elements too.		
		Routes for cycling need to be well signposted, direct and easy to use. The motorised		
		traveller needs to be taken from place to place by a less direct route when possible to		
		deter them. (BTW I am writing this as a driver). Once we get more drivers using active		
		travel the issues of space on the roads will become less since there will be less cars.		
		The routes need to be well maintained (not over grown with vegetation, pot holed,		
		adverse camber, loose surfaces) well lit and easy to find (Access from local roads all		
		need to be signed).		
		Our parks have many routes through them that are (footpaths) regularly used by		
		cyclists already. If these routes were widened and made officially Shared use then		
		cyclists would have many more useful, direct, traffic free routes to use legally. I have		
		been discussing these ideas with Councillor Simon Speller who is portfolio holder on		
		this area. In addition I am proposing an additional route around south field FVP to		
		mimic the originally planned but abandoned Road 9 route. This would be an amenity		
		route for use by leisure cyclists and walkers but the addition of a hard surface (not		
		necessarily tarmac) that would add a suitable leisure route for all users (disability		
		vehicles too). This would be an appropriate 80th Birthday celebration for Stevenage		
		New Town.		
		Wildlife - the cycleway network could be an excellent start to building wildlife corridors		
		to link up the amazing woodlands and open spaces within Stevenage. They need		
		careful though and planning but the potential is huge and could easily increase the		
		biodiversity of Stevenage. Planting a (carefully chosen) range of native and cultivated		
		(dwarfing rootstock) trees and shrubbery along these routes on the currently barren		
		grasslands (a bit like on the motorway verges) could open the routes to wildlife too. It		
		will be important to use cycle friendly planting next to cycleways so that they don't get		
		overgrown nor that the clippings MUST not be thorny!		
		3.000.000.000.000.000.000.000.000.000.0		
		Encouraging locals to add Bat boxes, bird boxes and wildlife friendly gardens could		
		only help with this plan too. My house backs onto a Park - I garden for wildlife - but I		
		can name 20 species of birds that visit, we have frogs and dragonflies, Damselflies etc,		
		I hear deer, foxes and owls.		
		Stevenage is in probably the best situation regarding biodiversity since it has so much		
		Stevenage is in probably the best situation regarding biodiversity since it has so much existing woodland and open space this can only be enhanced by these ideas.		

26	Climate Change	SP1, CC1, CC2, CC3, CC4, CC5, CC6, CC7, CC8	Should green / zero carbon transportation and connectivity be considered as part of this policy? Developments that enhance cycle / walking infrastructure or enhance public transport schemes should be strongly supported.	-	
27	Climate Change	SP1	Climate Change: We need a quick plan to kick start a change in attitude from all members of the town and also visitors. I suggest: Traffic warden be empowered to fine motorists who sit with their vehicle engines running to keep warm? col. Improve the drainage in the town centre, particularly the Forum, where drains are often clogged and ineffective, and in the High Street where ancient downpipes are not connected to the main surface water drains. To clear the guitters on roadways on a regular maintenance schedule, perhaps linking with HCC, to ensure torrential downpours can be safely and quickly dealt with. All new commercial building planning applications must, as of 1st January 2025, contain solar panels, and grey water management as well as shaded parking -either through solar panels, trees or green roof shaded structures. Schools, educational establishments and community buildings to add native hedging to their boundaries. This will improve the air quality, reduce noise, add shade and wildlife habitats and improve mental health. These areas will also be ideal for planting small groups of native trees, both deciduous and coniferous for diversity. It is better than planting more trees on the streets where there is a possibility of tree roots damaging drains, leaves clogging the gutters and foundations of houses being at risk. Solar panels on schools generate most electricity in the summer when their need is least. Empowering the schools to sell the excess electricity to the national grid would generate income for the school to use to improve the children's opportunities as well as giving a very important message on non fossil fuels to the town. This may just need an administrative change for a large effect. Stevenage seems the ideal place to lead the country in creating green roofs. There are so many bus stops, covered walkways, shopping areas that could be transformed by the addition of a sedum or wildflower roof, provided the feral pigeons could be prevented from destroying them. Greening the bridge		The council cannot revisit development that has already been implemented through the local plan, nor can it tackle issues other than development (e.g. the powers afforded to parking wardens). However, the plan does propose policies to require appropriate SuDS, green roofs and low/zero-carbon technologies.

	situation needs to be tackled by the council now as many in the town are unaware of the very low rainfall, the abstraction of water from the rare chalk streams and the serious levels of waste of this precious resource. i am pleased that there has been a further consultation on the local plan. I hope that my comments can be of use and that swift action is taken, making sure the people of the town know what is happening and why, so we can work in harmony with your vision. The heart of the town is its people and they need to know what is happening. The future of our town is our children and they need to be part of the plan	

104	Climate Change	SP1, CC1, CC2, CC3, CC5, CC7	I feel that given that the council has declared a climate emergency the language choices in this document are too wooly and not forceful enough.	-	Comments acknowledged and noted.
			For example "encourage the sustainable use of all other resources throughout the development life-cycle;" this should read "enforce the sustainable"		
			This is really truly an emergency and SBC must be seen to be taking it seriously.		
			All new properties (both industrial and residential) should have good quality cycle parking, solar panels fitted and E-car charging points included as standard. not simply be suggested as a nice thing.		
			Any new road construction must include associated segregated cycleway by default - I know that this is not within SBC remit but you can call for it in your planning meetings.		

107	Climate	SP1	POLICY SP1: CLIMATE CHANGE -
	Change		
			While we welcome the proposed new Policy SP1, we believe it should be expanded to
			include sections that address energy efficiency and the retrofitting of existing (including
			historic) buildings. Approximately one guarter of the UK's building stock is at least
			100 years old, and these buildings can and must adapt, not only to support the
			transition to a Net Zero society, but also to improve energy/cost-efficiency and thermal
			comfort for occupants, and to ensure they remain safe, desirable and viable assets for
			future generations to enjoy.
			latare generations to onjoy.
			Mitigating climate change and conserving historic buildings are compatible goals.
			Keeping historic buildings in use through sensitive repair, maintenance, and adaptation
			can help lower carbon emissions, reduce reliance on fossil fuels, and decrease energy
			costs. Additionally, the most sustainable building is one that already exists. The ongoing
			repair, maintenance, use, and re-use of historic structures prevent the unnecessary
			release of embodied carbon associated with the materials, transport, and processes
			involved in demolition and new construction.
			involved in demonition and new construction.
			Further quidages can be found in our pay. Advice Note on adapting historic huildings
			Further guidance can be found in our new Advice Note on adapting historic buildings
			for energy and carbon efficiency, published in July 2024. This document provides
			clarity and supports consistent decision-making for proposals aimed at reducing
			carbon emissions and improving the energy efficiency of historic buildings. It reflects
			current national planning policy and includes clear advice on insulation, boilers and
			heating systems, heat pumps, draft-proofing, replacing or adapting windows, and
			installing solar panels.
			You can access the Advice Note via the following link:
			Tou can access the Advice Note via the following link.
			https://historicengland.org.uk/images-books/publications/adapting-historic-buildings-
			energy-carbon-efficiency-advice-note-18/heag321-adapting-historic-buildings-energy-
			carbon-efficiency/
			Our recommendation:
			Expand Policy SP1 to include energy efficiency and retrofitting or include a new
			separate policy that addresses these issues.
			separate point, that data occording to

170	Climate Change		On page 72 mention is made of dealing with Climate Change. In 2009 Professor Ken Pease published a paper on â€The Carbon Cost of Crime and Its Implications' (Research, Case Studies & Guidance (securedbydesign.com)). In this paper Professor Pease showed that crime has a carbon cost, he calculated that, in 2029, a dwelling burglary generated two and a half tonnes of carbon. This included the Police investigation, replacement of missing goods and even the fact that most victims n move home as they no longer feel safe in the property. By achieving accreditation to SBD, the risk of becoming a victim of dwelling burglary can be reduced by over eighty percent. This is a dramatic reduction in the potential carbon footprint of a building over its lifetime. And demonstrates the benefit of SBD in dealing with Climate concerns.	-	Comments acknowledged and noted. Consideration has been given. Policy SP8 updated to include reference to reducing crime and the fear of crime in new developments.
175	Climate Change	SP1	What is there is good, but it is lacking anything about sustainable travel modes. Walkable access to ameanities like retail and healthcare, and good public transport provision are necessary to tackle climate change.	looks good	Comments acknowledged and noted.
177	Climate Change		We generally support the changes to the vision and objectives. The main spatial planning topics are suitably reviewed with comprehensive detail, and we welcome the direction of travel in relation to climate change. Further changes to policy relating to trees and woodland, and flooding and drainage are also supported and are considered in line with climate change policy.		Comments acknowledged and noted.
180	Climate Change				Comments acknowledged and noted.
183	Climate Change			I object to the climate change policy in its current form and have the following criticisms and proposals. General comments: 1. The language regarding that future developments will likely have solar panels should be stronger. They should be required in most circumstances. 2. Included information should be that domestic transport accounts for over 29% of emissions in the UK. Also, that cars and taxis are responsible for 55% of these transport emissions, the largest emitters within the transport sector. (https://assets.publishing.service.gov.u k/media/6604460f91a320001a82b0fd/ uk-greenhouse-gas-emissions-provisional-figures-statistical-release-2023.pdf and https://www.theccc.org.uk/publication/ understanding-the-requirements-and-barriers-for-modal-shift-wsp/). 3. Relative to its share of total emissions, the attention for the impact of planning on modal shift is disproportionally small. It should	Comments acknowledged and noted.

184	Climate	Specific proposals:	Comments acknowledged and noted.
	Change	New developments should make cycling more attractive than driving, through	
		strategically situated cycle parking and a safe convenient way to access this when	
		arriving and leaving. The access path should be inclusive meaning that everyone from	
		8 to 80 should be able to navigate it.	
		In a residential development, cycle parking should be conveniently accessible from	
		inside the building and have its own exit to outside.	
		3. Cycle parking in all developments should have national or international certifications,	
		or other convincing documentation that demonstrates that it is inclusive and can be	
		used by everyone from 8 to 80 (8 to 80 is used in LTN 1/20) with different types of	
		bikes, including cargo bikes and adapted cycles for mobility purposes.	
		Residential and employment cycle parking should have sufficient power sockets to	
		charge e-bikes.	
		5. New neighbourhoods or developments that border existing developments or border	
		land where future developments might take place should include convenient cycle	
		routes through them and ensure that a connection to a future neighbourhood is	
		spacious enough.	
		6. Cycle paths should adhere to the newest government standards, be well lit, be	
		pleasant to use for different types of cyclists.	
		7. Cycle parking must be made to be required when any changes/improvements made	
		to existing properties are made.	
		8. Cycle routes onto (or through) developments should be as clear and direct as those	
		for other vehicles, which might mean that cycles will require to be given priority.	
		Destinations should be conveniently reachable by bicycle with parking close to the	
		entrance of a destination. This is essential to encourage modal shift, which requires	
		cycle convenience to be high.	
		10. Measures need to be taken to guarantee that active travel routes do not become	
		overgrown by planting.	
		11. Parked cars on cycle ways or directly in front of cycle parking renders them	
		useless. Measures must be taken to make this impossible.	
		12. New developments that are adjacent to important cycle routes should have links to	
		these, on multiple sides if it touches the cycle network on multiple sides. Large	
		developments should have multiple links to the cycle network.	
		13. Large sections of infrastructure that include destinations should be made	
		accessible by bicycle. Not doing so would make them an obstacle that cyclists would	
		need to walk through or cycle around, which must be deemed unacceptable.	
		14. The assumption should be made that every development will be visited by people	
		who cycle. For example: Nursing homes might well have residents who cycle (perhaps	
		as a mobility aid) and will certainly have visitors who cycle. Specialist shops will also	
		still have visitors who cycle. Stereotypes of customers must not be a guide for the expected need for cycle facilities.	
		15. Engagement with community groups by developers regarding cycle provisions	
		should be encouraged. 16. The engagement that a developer has had with community cycling groups should	
		be weighted in determining whether their cycle facilities are sufficient and meet the	
		needs of residents.	
		17. Cycle way on council owned land should not be sold to become private land	
		18. While climate related in this case, the health link should be made too: "Homes,	
		workplaces, parks and green spaces, community facilities such as health care	
		provision, shops and schools should be connected to each other by a range of routes	
		provision, shops and schools should be confidence to each other by a range of routes	

that prioritise walking and cycling for people of all abilities and ages. This will make walking and cycling easy and attractive for all residents (see Principle 5), creating lively streets that support social interactions and footfall for local businesses." (https://www.england.nhs.uk/wp-content/uploads/2019/09/phip-2-design-deliver-manage.pdf) 19. Pedestrians and cyclists should be prioritised at side road crossing points (see LTN 1/20 Figure 10.13)	

185	Climate Change	Non-transport related comments: 1. Traditional grass lawns are widely recognised to be ecological dead zones and should not be included in designs without proper justification. 2. Hard standings should be justified and previously present hard standings that will no longer be used should be rewilded. 3. Combined Heating and Power (CHPs) are praised in the climate change section and mentioned several times. This should be removed because they cannot be used to achieve net zero emissions. While more efficient than gas heating, they are less efficient than using a heat pump and using electricity from the grid. 4. While the grid has the potential to achieve net zero, CHPs do not. They burn natural gas or biofuels. The first must be phased out for net-zero, the latter is controversial in nature and its supplies are uncertain. CHPs will realistically not run on green hydrogen within their lifetime as this is not readily available. While it is expected to play an important role in the energy transition, this role is expected to be at the grid level and would not be of concern to the local plan. 5. The energy that CHPs inject power back into the grid might have a higher footprint than the grid has. This should not be simply encouraged. 6. Heat pumps are a very important instrument for reducing the energy demand of buildings. They should be made a requirement and be given more attention.		Comments acknowledged and noted.
188	Climate Change		Climate Change: Policies CC1-8 (pp72-81) We are pleased to see revisions to the Local Plan which significantly strengthen its approach to climate change and the environment. We believe this is a proportionate response to the climate and ecological crisis facing the world. It is essential that these proposals are not diluted through the consultation process. We particularly welcome: The placing of climate change at the forefront of the plan (5.1D). The net zero requirements on major and large-scale major developments (CC1). The emphasis on demand-side efficiency in new building (CC1). The emphasis on avoiding the need for air conditioning (CC2). The presumption in favour of rainwater and grey water harvesting (CC3). The cap on daily per capita water consumption (CC3).	Comments acknowledged and noted.

		• The n	presumption in favour of green	
		roofs.		
			need to address issues of water	
			y (4.27).	
		• The r	need to protect existing green	
		snares	es and include new ones on new	
			opments (4.29).	
		dovere	opinionio (n.20).	
189	Climate			Comments acknowledged and noted.
	Change			
190	Climate		r policy SP3: A strong,	Policy SP1 sets out the council's
	Change		etitive economy there is no	intention to promote a green
			on of exploiting opportunities in	economy.
		the gree	een economy. We think this is	
		disappo	pointing, and perhaps the Plan is	
		missing	ng an opportunity given the	
			asis the new Labour Government	
101	0" (is placif	cing on this sector.	
191	Climate		ote that the Local Plan monitoring	
	Change		work described in Section 15	
			ot been updated to include	
			itors for the new climate change	
		policies that this	es. We think it is very important nis is remedied, especially since	
			are new, and there are potential	
		trade o	offs and conflicts with other	
			es. It is critical to ensure we	
			er the strong climate change	
		commit	nitments made in the Plan (e.g. in	
			and 5.1H).	
		3.1D all	and o. m.j.	

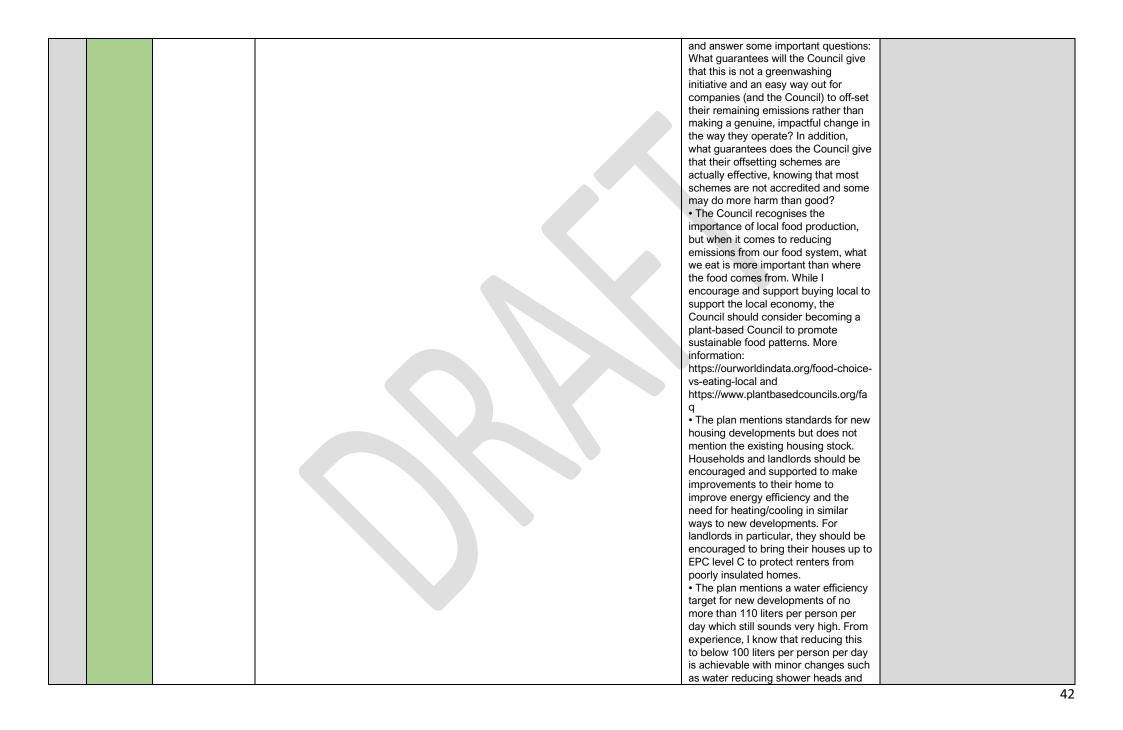
195	Climate	Part ((j) of the policy sets out the Council's commitment to reduce the need to travel to	Comments acknowledged and noted.
	Change	help contribute towards mitigating and adapting to climate change. However, it is	
		surprising that the policy has no specific commitment to encouraging active travel and	
		the infrastructure required to support active travel in order to help contribute towards	
		meeting climate change objectives. Encouraging active travel such as walking and	
		cycling has a key role to play alongside reducing the need to travel in addressing	
		climate change and the infrastructure in Stevenage has been designed to support	
		active travel. It is therefore requested that an additional commitment is added to the	
		policy which covers the Council's commitment to encouraging active travel and the	
		infrastructure required to support active travel. As well as helping address climate	
		change this will also support the delivery of Local Plan's health and wellbeing	
		objectives.	
198	Climate		Comments acknowledged and noted.
	Change		

200	Climate Change	Policy SP1: Climate Change The policy ambition of SP1 seeks to ensure development proposals contribute to both mitigating and adapting to climate change and is supported. It is noted that the issues listed a. to 1. provide a comprehensive list of considerations that will need to be addressed by applicants when submitting planning applications. New paragraphs 5.1A to 5.1H In the context that more than 2,500 people were killed by heatwaves across the UK in 2020 and nine out of the ten hottest years on record have occurred in the last decade, it is suggested that additional text is inserted that recognises climate change risks increase the foundations of good health, with direct and immediate consequences to local communities, patients, and the NHS. Further, that climate change risks increase the prevalence of certain health conditions. The NHS estate accounts for 15% of the NHS's total carbon footprint. Further, the NHS accounts for around 40% of public sector emissions. As such the NHS as a public body has a critical role to play in delivering net zero from NHS operational activities and strategic decision making. In response to the UK government's call to become a low carbon economy, the NHS published the 'Delivering a Net Zero NHS' report (2020) that sets out the ambitions to achieve a net zero target by 2050. The two main goals of the report are: Net zero by 2040 for emissions that the NHS directly controls (the NHS footprint), with an 80% decrease by 2028 to 2032. For emissions, the NHS can influence (NHS Carbon Footprint plus) net zero by 2045, with an 80% decrease by 2036 to 2039. NHS commissioners and providers of NHS services are specifically addressing these net zero emissions targets, with the HWE ICB and provider trusts working together to progressively remove carbon emissions from all operational activities and strategic decision making, with a focus on direct intervention opportunities within estates and facilities, travel and transport and the supply chain. More recently the NHS Net Zero Buil	Add subtext - health & being
201	Climate Change		Comments acknowledged and noted.
202	Climate Change		Comments acknowledged and noted.

205	Climate	As explained, Muse support the principle of this policy and share the Council's goal to	Careful consideration of the	Comments acknowledged and noted.
	Change	deliver development with high sustainability standards. Muse has a fully developed,	deliverability of development with new	The Local Plan Partial Review and
		industry leading Sustainable Development Strategy would welcome the opportunity to	policies in place. This includes the	Update has been viability tested. The
		work with the Council to refine the policy to ensure that it is aspirational and deliverable	Climate Change Policies (SP1 and the	results will be published ahead of
		(see comments above).	'CC' policies in the new plan).	Regulation 19.
		Currently the implications of criterion a and b in particular are unclear at this stage:	The NPPF continues to require policies	· ·
			on development contributions not to	
		a. apply emission reduction targets to developments according to their scale,	undermine the deliverability of a local	
		supporting developments that achieve these targets by reducing overall energy	plan (current NPPF paragraph 34, new	
		demand, supplying energy efficiently, and generating ultra-low and zero carbon energy		
		b. ensure that any on-site shortfall against emission reduction targets is offset by an	development requirements, e.g.	
		alternative off-site proposal or through the operation of the Council's Carbon Offset	relating to high ambition carbon	
		Fund:"	reduction goals (See comments) do	
			not undermine the deliverability of the	
		We fully support reducing carbon emissions at all stages of the development process,	plan. Muse would welcome the	
		but it is not clear what emission reduction targets could be and it is important that this	opportunity to work with the Council to	
		is investigated further to ensure that requirements are feasible whilst not significantly	ensure that an appropriate balance is	
		undermining the deliverability of development in the town centre, in accordance with	struck and explore whether the	
		the NPPF. As the Council will be aware, construction cost inflation and other challenge	·	
		such as high interest rates have made the delivery of development challenging and	implications of these policies in	
		have contributed to challenges for Local Authorities, which partly explain why housing	viability terms in the updated evidence	
		targets over recent years have been difficult to achieve.	base to support the new policies in the	
			plan.	
		Such requirements also need to balance other policy requirements. It is noted that		
		Policy HO7 (Affordable Housing) is largely unchanged from the current local plan in		
		targeting 25% of new homes on previously developed sites to be affordable. In		
		practice, this has been difficult on town centre sites given viability challenges with man	,	
		recent permissions in and around the town committing to 10% affordable housing or		
		lower. It is therefore important for any new policies requiring improved standards		
		and/or further S106 requirements to be tested in the round to ensure that they do not		
		have unintended consequences. Accordingly, we recommend that the Council		
		commission viability evidence to underpin the justification for that revised and existing		
		policies.		
			· ·	

00-	Ol: 1			0
207	Climate		I object to the Climate	
	Change		in its current form on	
			it is incomplete. While	
			Council's commitmer	
			action, the proposed	
			lacking some well-est	tablished, high
			impact actions to miti	igate and adapt to
			climate change, and i	
			around offsetting that	
			fine line between gree	enwashing and
			effective action.	onwaoning and
			Chodive action.	
			The following points v	will need to be
			addressed for the Loc	
			more robust approach	
			climate action.	in to checuve
				transport as a
			Include sustainable priority; either as a state of the state of t	uanspurt as a
			under infrastructure.	
			no mention of sustain	
			being encouraged an	
			across Stevenage. As	
			emissions make up th	
			emissions across the	
			car usage contributes	
			these emissions, Stev	
			realistically achieve n	
			without addressing tra	
			emissions across the	
			effectively address tra	
			emissions, we need to	
			shift from private car	
			travel (cycle, wheel, v	
			transport. Active trave	
			should be made more	
			travelling by car, and	
			inclusive and accessi	
			anyone age 8 to 80. A	Active travel, and
			cycling in particular, r	must be made
			more convenient than	n private car use
			when travelling through	
			can be facilitated thro	
			cycling routes into ne	
			and the existing cycle	e networks and to
			introduce strategic cy	ycle parking near
			entrances of destinati	
			Combined heat and	I power (CHP)
			units should NOT be	
			Council. The UK Clim	
			Committee is clear th	
		I	Committee to clear th	······································



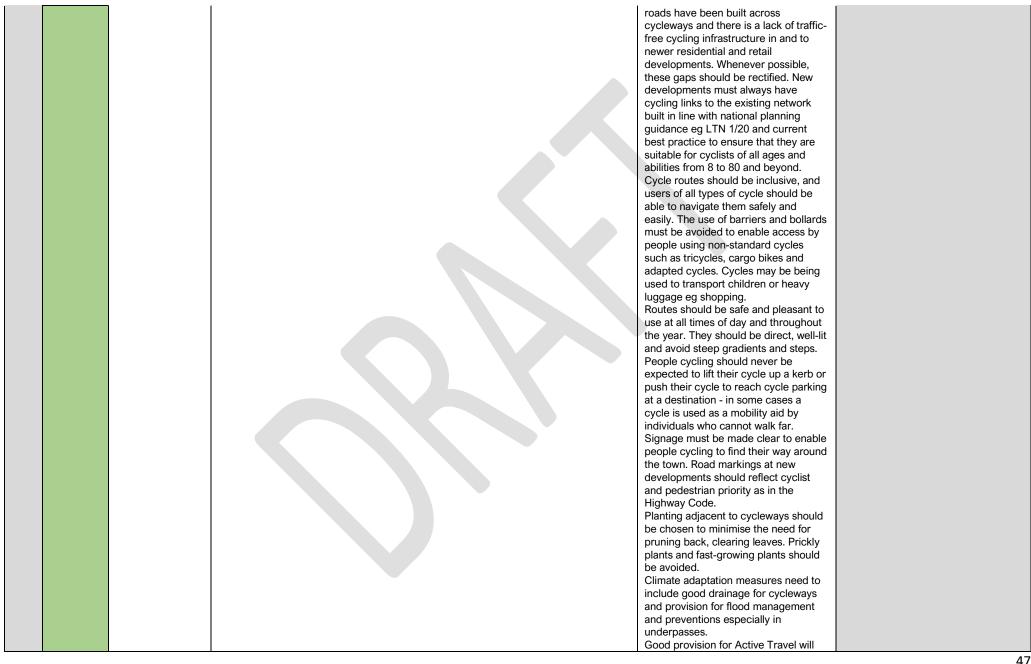


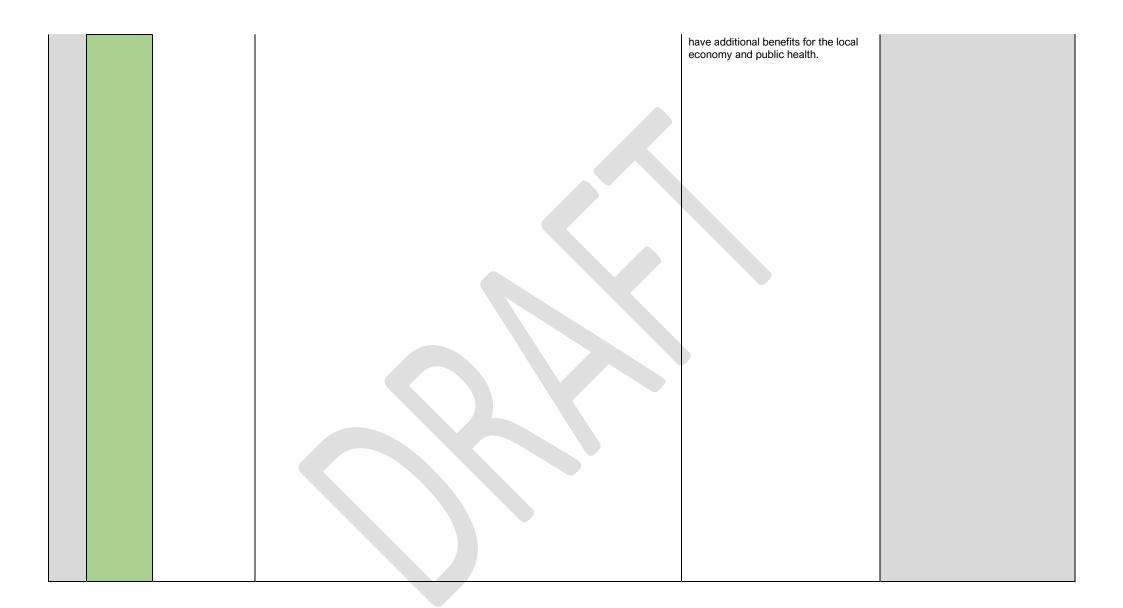
			tabs, using a dishwasher, and being careful with the length of showers. These are actions that should be encouraged and supported by the Council. Again, this should be encouraged for all households - not only new developments. • The document mentions that the UK has already warmed with 1 degrees Celsius. This is incorrect, according to Berkeley Earth, the UK has warmed 1.3 degrees since pre-industrial times. More information: https://berkeleyearth.org/policy-insights/	
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212	Climate Change	SP1	POLICY SP1: CLIMATE CHANGE While we welcome the proposed new Policy SP1, we believe it should be expanded to include sections that address energy efficiency and the retrofitting of existing (including historic) buildings. Approximately one quarter of the UK's building stock is at least 100 years old, and these buildings can and must adapt, not only to support the transition to a Net Zero society, but also to improve energy/cost-efficiency and thermal comfort for occupants, and to ensure they remain safe, desirable and viable assets for future generations to enjoy. Mitigating climate change and conserving historic buildings are compatible goals. Keeping historic buildings in use through sensitive repair, maintenance, and adaptation can help lower carbon emissions, reduce reliance on fossil fuels, and decrease energy costs. Additionally, the most sustainable building is one that already exists. The ongoing repair, maintenance, use, and re-use of historic structures prevent the unnecessary release of embodied carbon associated with the materials, transport, and processes involved in demolition and new construction. Further guidance can be found in our new Advice Note on adapting historic buildings for energy and carbon efficiency, published in July 2024. This document provides clarity and supports consistent decision-making for proposals aimed at reducing carbon emissions and improving the energy efficiency of historic buildings. It reflects current national planning policy and includes clear advice on insulation, boilers and heating systems, heat pumps, draft-proofing, replacing or adapting windows, and installing solar panels. You can access the Advice Note via the following link: https://historicengland.org.uk/images-books/publications/adapting-historic-buildings-energy-carbon-efficiency/	The council cannot mandate retrofitting through the local plan and can only set policies for development. Where retrofitting does require planning permission, it will be supported by virtue of the proposed new climate change policies. Appropriate protection will also be afforded to heritage assets by the existing heritage policies, which largely reflect the policies set out in the NPPF. However, consideration will be given to updating the subtext of the policy to recognise the benefits of re-using existing buildings and emphasise that low and zero-carbon technologies are compatible with historic buildings. Actions: 1. Consider amending the subtext to Policy SP1 to recognise the benefits of re-using existing buildings and emphasise that low and zero-carbon technologies are compatible with historic buildings.
213	Climate Change	CC6		Comments acknowledged and noted.
219	Climate Change	CC1		Comments acknowledged and noted.
220	Climate Change	CC1		Comments acknowledged and noted.
221	Climate Change	CC5		Comments acknowledged and noted.
222	Climate Change	CC6		Comments acknowledged and noted.
223	Climate Change	CC7		Comments acknowledged and noted.

225	Climate Change	SP1, SP11	Policy SP1 Climate Change Its good to see mention of contributions towards mitigation and adaptation to climate change, as well as prevention of flooding and efficient use of water resources. Policy SP11 Flooding and Pollution Its good to see mention of the sequential approach and reference to National Flood Risk Planning Policies. We would propose the following lines are amended to: x 'Direct development to areas at the lowest risk of flooding through the application of a sequential approach, including climate change and the impact of climate change'	Comments acknowledged and noted.
226	Climate Change	CC6		Comments acknowledged and noted.
229	Climate Change	CC3 - Residential Buildings		Comments acknowledged and noted.
230	Climate Change	CC3		Comments acknowledged and noted.
231	Climate Change	CC3		Comments acknowledged and noted.
232	Climate Change	CC3		Comments acknowledged and noted.

233	Climate Change		There is no reference to transport so the following should be added. The domestic transport sector remains the largest entiting sector in the UK, accounting for 29.1% of all greenhouse gas emissions in 2023. uk-greenhouse-gas emissions in 2023. uk-greenhouse-gas emissions in 2023. uk-greenhouse-gas emissions in 2023. uk-greenhouse-gas emissions in the UK, accounting for 29.1% of all greenhouse-gas emissions in the UK, and	build be added. ansport sector remains ing sector in the UK, 19.1% of all emissions in 2023. uksemissions- ees-statistical-release- thing.service.gov.uk) must include how a ards more sustainable to be achieved. In all up to date national at be adhered to tive Travel England evelopment ate- le-development ate- le-development.pdf fice.gov.uk) at least as convenient short journeys. This on of direct routes and a parking. Multi-modal and gycling and use of must be facilitated to ttractive alternative to tractive alternative to transport hubs and all as and destinations for Cycle parking should ever possible to leas and prioritised ment of any council blace. Long stay cycle ing at residential users. It should be press of cycle including adapted cycles. ctric bikes should a facilities. Users spected to lift cycles or narrow gaps or paths. 45km of cycleways but cant gaps in the
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23	4 Climate Change	SP1, CC1 - CC8	All the above new and updated policies will have significant cost implications on development of new housing given that they go beyond the building regulations and /or the Future Homes Standards. Therefore, until such time as the council prepare, consult and engage on a plan wide viability assessment which demonstrates that these requirements are viable and deliverable. It would be inappropriate for the council to advance with these policies beyond the regulation 13 stage. Recommendation For the policy to be justified, effective and consistent with national policy the Council should update the plan wide viability assessment study to test the implications of the proposed policies on firmarcial viability. If the policies are not vable or deliverable they must be a more consultation stage as a sometiment of the regulation 18 consultation stage as a sometiment of the regulation 18 consultation stage as a twould not be justified to advance with these proposed swithout first ensuring a robust evidence base is established. As a more general point on sustainability standards, whilst the Council is going to achieve this through having mandatory carbon and climate standards from adoption of the plan that may go beyond government targets. It is our view that any requirement should be stepped in line with Government targets and the proposed change to the building regulations. We would welcome the opportunity to engage on these matters further once the required viability widence base has been produced for consultation with stakeholders.
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238	Climate Change	SP1	Revised Local Plan 2024 and Justification Anglian Water (AWS) notes the contents of the Justifications table accompanying the consultation. In view of the proposed changes to Policy SP1, AWS supports the Partial Review given the ongoing water scarcity issue and related climate and environmental constraints. AWS considers that the new development supported by the Plan has the ability to be designed to reduce water use (supplied by Affinity Water). For example, rainwater harvesting, and grey water recycling have the potential to reduce the volume of wastewater requiring transport and treatment in the north part of the town. This could then more sustainably utilise the AWS sewer network and potentially limit or remove the need to utilise AWS Water Recycling Centre capacity. This would have carbon benefits through reduced operational emissions and could free up headroom to support growth thereby minimising or putting back the date when new capacity is required and so saving capital carbon. AWS strongly supports part c. of proposed Policy SP1 and endorses the other parts of the draft policy as these align with our company Purpose and Strategic Direction Statement. AWS strongly supports new paragraphs 5.1A to 5.1H and specifically that the updated Local Plan 'promotes the sustainable use of water resources'.	Comments noted and acknowledged.
239	Climate Change	SP8, CC3	AWS notes the clarification on Policy SP8 (e) regarding Building Regulations and water efficiency. Whilst noting that we are not the water supplier for the Borough we would advocate that the Local Plan is more aspirational in its water efficiency position in line with draft Policy SP1. AWS's new joint Water Efficiency Protocol produced with the Environment Agency and Natural England looks to support a 100litres PCC position. We therefore suggest that New Policy CC3 is redrafted to apply the 100litres PCC approach. We suggest that the table after 15.10 is updated to include the 100 PCC target. The final draft of the Protocol and the supporting evidence will be provided the Council when this agreed later this year with partners. On new paragraphs 6A.21 to 6A.27. AWS is finalising evidence on the cost of moving to a 100PCC as part of the new joint Protocol policy so that this can support Councils in making the case that water efficiency does not materially impact viability. We note the intention of Government to consult on Building Regulations and the previous Government's move to 100PCC in the Environmental Improvement Plan and the removal of the 2012 Ministerial Statement as policy.	Comments acknowledged and noted.
242	Climate Change	SP1	Policy SP1 – Climate change. We are pleased to see reference to rainwater harvesting and urban greening. The provision of SuDS is well placed to support these policies. This is supplemented in paragraphs 5.1G and 5.1H. We acknowledge flooding is covered by a separate policy.	Comments noted and acknowledged.

243	Climate Change	SP11	Policy SP11 – Flooding and pollution Part A - We welcome and encourage the application of the sequential approach, which is that development should be steered away from areas at risk from all sources. We are pleased the application of the sequential and exception tests are referred to in Policy FP2. In order to ensure the policy is achieved, we recommend that the Local Planning Authority ensure their Strategic Flood Risk Assessment (SFRA) is updated regularly, as they are intended to be "living documents". Part C – Could this include reference to source control – the principle of managing runoff as close to where it is generated as possible? Well considered source control designs allow for the multiple benefits of SuDS to be better appreciated through distributing the benefits throughout a site. It also distributes the risk around the site if something were to go wrong (lack of maintenance, unexpected faults etc) instead of relying on large basins or attenuation tanks at the end of the network, which concentrates the risk. Provision of source control features throughout a site will allow for more attenuation to be provided upslope, reducing the necessary size of the final attenuation features (such as basins), which may allow for provision of more space for public open space, landscaping, development, etc. Source control SuDS such as small basins, SuDS planters, rain gardens and tree pits etc. also contribute to other aims of the LP (CC2 – Heating and Cooling) – such as reducing overheating. Open SuDS can help to manage the urban heat island effect. Part D – Multiple benefits should include ecology, landscaping and general amenity/placemaking.	Comments acknowledged and noted.
244	Climate Change	CC3		Comments noted and acknowledged.
245	Climate Change	CC6		Comments acknowledged and noted.

247	Climate Change	SP1, CC1		The Sustainable Hertfordshire unit is very pleased to see the suggested revisions and supports the Borough Council in its approach to incorporating specific policies relating to climate change into the Local Plan. The following may be useful to provide additional support and add to the evidence base for such updates: From the TCPA: New resources page on net zero buildings policies for local plans Following the recent judgement on the legal challenge to the 13 December WMS, the TCPA have updated our statement on this policy topic. We have also created a new webpage which brings together resources and information on this issue. We hope this is a useful resource for local authorities and we will endeavour to keep this up to date. If you have resources or information that would be useful to add to this page, please contact us. Our updated statement can be accessed here. The resources page is available here. RCA have published an update on the high court case here. Resources from Essex CC may also be of interest: Essex Net Zero Evidence Essex Design Guide Essex Net Zero Policy Essex Design Guide	Comments noted and acknowledged.
254	Climate Change	SP1	The County Council welcomes the commitment within criterion L of Policy SP1, which states that the Borough Council will ensure that site waste is disposed of as sustainably as possible. However, the County Council would recommend that the criterion is expanded further and amended to include wording around the maximisation of on-site reuse and recycling of waste. In addition, the criterion could add specifically that where waste cannot be avoided, that waste should be managed as sustainably as possible, avoiding disposal at landfill wherever possible.		Comments noted and acknowledged.
255	Climate Change	CC8	The second secon		comment noted

259	Climate Change	SP1	New Policy SP1 – Climate Change The wording of the new Policy is intended to align with the SBC Climate Change Strategy and support detailed climate change policies under chapter 6A. We agree with the update of Policy SP1 – Sustainable Development and its replacement with the new Climate Change Policy. We support the introduction of emission reduction targets seeking the reduction of overall energy demand and promoting ultra-low and zero carbon energy. North Herts Council is in the process of adopting a Sustainability Supplementary Planning Document which encourages developers to achieve higher standards of sustainability including on carbon reduction, low carbon energy, whole life carbon and water conservation. There are potential crossboundary collaborations in achieving these targets, particularly where there are adjacent strategic development sites where economies of scale facilitate decentralised energy networks/district heat networks. We would like to see this Policy seek to identify cross- boundary opportunities to work with North Herts and East Herts to exploit such opportunities in the future. We support the addition of new paragraphs 5.1A to 5.1H to support new Policy SP1.		Comments acknowledged and noted.
261	Climate Change	SP11	New Policy SP11 – Flooding and pollution This Policy should be worded more strongly, particularly in respect of criterion a); the area of lowest risk of flooding within a development site may still not be appropriate to develop having regard to the development vulnerability categories. In the first instance, the sequential test should be passed, and only then should the sequential approach be applied to the development site. Stevenage has areas of less significant fluvial flood risk compared to surface water flood risk. It is unlikely that Stevenage will be able to achieve the provision of new Flood Storage Reservoirs within its boundary due to the high-density development that is ongoing and site constraints. Policy SP11 should be reworded in order to reflect these priorities. Supporting text for Policy SP11 should include reference to the multiple functions of SuDS. In addition, Schedule 3 of the of the Flood and Water Management Act 2010 is expected to come into force in 2024 and is likely to impact this policy (e.g. SuDS must be approved by the SuDS Approving Body or SAB). The Strategic Flood Risk Assessment (SFRA) for the Borough should be updated to evidence the areas within Stevenage that suffer from increased risk of both fluvial and surface water flood risk. Given the recent extremes of weather that the region has experienced over the time even since the last SFRA was updated, it would be useful to have this evidence updated for future development within Stevenage. In addition, the supporting text for Policy SP11 refers to the 2012 NPPF, these references should be updated to the most recent version (or forthcoming version) to ensure that the Policy is up to date. References to pollution that is not water related should be removed and be dealt with elsewhere in the Plan rather than combine the two elements. Alternatively, deal with pollution, in all its forms, as a separate issue aside from flooding.		Criterion (a) of SP11 applies to both the site selection stage and site layout stage. The council is mindful of the need to undertake a more comprehensive review of its flood risk and pollution policies and update its SFRA. This will be considered as part of the full review of the plan, which commences next year. The council is also mindful of changes to the SuDS approval process and references to past versions of the NPPF. The council is content that these do not necessitate any changes to policy or subtext.
262	Climate Change			New Chapter - Climate Change We support the addition of a new Climate Change chapter in the Local Plan.	Comments noted. No change.

263	Climate Change	CC1		Comments acknowledged and noted.
264	Climate Change	CC2		In practice, the fact that householder developments will have to comply with the policy will mean that householder applications which involve energy-dependent cooling systems are likely to be refused. No further monitoring will be required.
265	Climate Change	CC3		The ability of local authorities to set water usage targets beyond the Building Regulations optional standard is questionable. In any event, the council has no evidence to support a more stringent standard. No change.
266	Climate Change	CC4		Comments noted. No change.
267	Climate Change	CC5		Comments noted. No change.
268	Climate Change	CC6		The difficulties in installing and maintaining green walls are well documented. In any case, the title of the policy is of little consequence. No change.
269	Climate Change	CC7		Comments acknowledged and noted.
270	Climate Change	CC8		Comments acknowledged and noted.

SBC_Comment _ID	Theme Loca of Plan Comme Police No.	an from text blicy b.	your thoughts on Policy	Let us know your thoughts on Policy CC2? - Climate Change	Let us know your thoughts on Policy CC3? - Climate Change	Let us know your thoughts on Policy CC4? - Climate Change	Let us know your thoughts on Policy CC5? - Climate Change	Let us know your thoughts on Policy CC6? - Climate Change	Let us know your thoughts on Policy CC7? - Climate Change	Let us know your thoughts on CC8? - Climate Change	SBC_Respon se
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4		CC1	Emissions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Noted.
	Change											Actions: 1. Consider new/amende d policies to make clear that sustainable transport should be prioritised. 2. Consider new/amende d policies for the protection of existing cycleways and provision of new cycleways in development proposals.

44	Olimanta	CD4	0		This maliancia	OK with	Diagram			O		C
11	Climate	SP1,		ery the	This policy is		Disagree	-	-	Query need for a	-	Comments
	Change	CC1,		sumptions	based on a	water targets.	strongly:			policy, as		acknowledge
		CC2,		re ie the	rather too	0 "	ultra-low			ultrafast		d and noted.
		CC3,		nventional	simple	Query the	and zero			broadband is		
		CC4,		bric First	hierarchy.	definition of	carbon			now available		
		CC7		ergy	There are so	water	CHP is			virtually		
				erarchy.	many counter	neutrality,	surely a			everywhere in		
				ectrification	examples:	â€~not	contradictio			Stevenage for		
				st is now a	1. Passive	increasing	n in terms,			new build, and		
				arter route	ventilation is	demand for	as CHP			developers need		
			to z	zero carbon,	not	water	relies on			no compulsion to		
			sino	ce further	necessarily, or	abstraction	burning			install fibreoptic		
			der	mand	indeed not at	above	fossil fuels;			cable. The issue		
			red	duction via	all, preferable	existing	by contrast			is surely with		
			insı	ulation now	to mechanical;	levels'	renewable			existing homes.		
			suf	ffers	for example	(support text,	power			Ū		
			dim	ninishing	the core of the	not glossary),	generation					
				urns; and	ultra-green	as this seems	(wind, sun)					
				yway one	Passive House	to imply, for a	has no					
				nnot	philosophy is	green field	waste heat.					
			insi	ulate/reduc	mechanical	site with zero	Encouragin					
				demand all	heat recovery	existing	g CHP is a					
				way to net	combined with	abstraction,	backward					
				ro, esp not	extreme	absolutely no	step					
				hot water.	airtightness.	mains water	otop					
				reover,	MVHR can	use. Roof						
				site	then be used	harvesting						
				newable	for active	and grey						
				wer (PV),	cooling too.	water						
				ich has a	2. Passive	recycling are						
				ite high cost	measures lack	fine for						
				r kW, now	control and	saving						
				places less	can be	potable						
				d less	draughty	water, but not						
				nissions.	(trickle vents,	without						
			eiii	113310113.	passive	downsides						
			The		stacks)	(respectively,						
				e vernmentâ€	3. Mechanical	reduced						
				vernmenta€ s proposed	ventilation is	groundwater						
				ec for Part L e Future	often essential	recharge,						
			,		to combat	and						
				mes	mould and	increased						
				andard)	condensation.	concentration						
				cognises	New	of pollutants),						
				s, by	Approved	and potable						
				andating an	Documents L	water						
				d to gas,	and F will fully	reduction has						
				d only	accept	limits: 100%						
				quiring a few	mechanical	reduction						
			valı	ue-for-	ventilation,	would imply						

			1	 1		ı	
	money	proposing	that people				
	upgrades for	ways to make	should drink,				
	heat loss (eg	it more	cook or wash				
	closing the	efficient (duct	in rainwater,				
	performance	design, power	and that each				
	l •						
	gap, better	consumption,	home has its				
	airtightness)	better	own water				
		commissionin	and sewage				
	By the time the	g).	works.				
	Partial Review	4. Mechanical					
	is approved,	ventilation can	There are				
	this revised	â€~unlock'	other				
	Part L of the	high density	practical				
	Building	flats in	issues (space				
	Regulations	sustainable	for plant,				
	will apply to all	locations near	ongoing and				
	new homes. It	busy roads,	decentralised				
	assumes very	by giving	hygiene				
	low Target	residents	maintenance)				
	Emission	satisfactory	. Green roofs				
	Rates that can	internal noise	can also				
	only be	levels.	frustrate roof				
	achieved by an	5. Aircon if	water				
	all-electric	powered by	harvesting.				
	homes with a	onsite PV (eg	nai vesting.				
	heat pump.	the carpark					
	The new figure	shades you					
	for Part L 2025	see outside					
	is only 86 g	Californian					
	CO2 per kWh,	offices) is					
	which is based	actually quite					
	on the forecast	green.					
	carbon content	J					
	of grid						
	electricity in	Moreover, this					
	the 5 year	policy does					
	period ending	not seem to					
	2029.	be aware of					
		Part O,					
	At some time	Overheating,					
	after 2029, the	introduced in					
	electricity grid	2021 which is					
	will approach,	currently					
	and then	under review					
	achieve, zero	and likely to					
	carbon: the	be					
	last	strengthened.					
	governmentâ€	sa engalenea.					
	governmenta€ ™s Future						
		D					
	Energy	Proposals					

	_		ı	1	1		1	
	Strategy had a	• Query						
	target of 2035,	need for a						
	and the	planning						
	current	policy that						
	government	duplicated B						
	has an	Regs. Suggest						
	ambition to do	hierarchy is						
	it by 2030.	deleted, and						
	Whatever the	that policy						
	exact date of	focuses on the						
	the	site layout and						
	decommissioni	orientation						
	ng of the last	stage						
	fossil fuel	• Query						
	power station,	need for a						
	new homes	cooling						
	built under the	statement for						
	2025 Part L	minor						
	will generate	development,						
	zero CO2 on	eg for a single						
	site,	house.						
	immediately,							
	Off site, the							
	residual CO2							
	emissions							
	associated							
	with power							
	stations would							
	be quite small							
	for Future							
	Homes, and							
	would reduce							
	very soon by							
	35 % naturally)				
	- albeit this is							
	beyond the							
	influence of							
	home owners							
	or landlords.							
	The extra cost							
	to bring							
	forward 35%							
	of this natural							
	reduction is a							
	heavy price.							
	Future new							
	homes are not							
	the problem;							
	it's the							
	stock.							
	Stock.							

Compliance with Part L 2025 should be sufficient.		

12	Climate	SP1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	This is worthy
	Change										of
											consideration. Reducing
											transport-
											related
											carbon
											emissions by
											facilitating a
											modal shift
											away from
											private cars to more
											sustainable
											modes of
											transport,
											especially
											walking and
											cycling, is a
											key objective
											of the plan. The view of
											officers thus
											far is that this
											is adequately
											expressed in
											Policy SP6.
											However, it
											could perhaps be
											strengthened
											and also set
											out under
											Policy SP1 to
											reflect the
											significant link between
											transport and
											climate
											change.
											Actions:
											1. Consider
											strengthening Policy SP6.
											2. Consider
											amending
											amending Policy SP1 to
											reflect the
										1	strategic aim

												of facilitating a shift to sustainable modes of transport.
21	Climate Change		Transport, Wildlife	-	-			-	-	-	-	Comments acknowledge d and noted.
26	Climate Change	SP1, CC1, CC2, CC3, CC4, CC5, CC6, CC7, CC8		We should be challenging schemes stronger to demonstrate why they cannot fully reduce carbon emissions. The carbon offsetting could be seen as a get out for developers.	Could energy dependent cooling systems utilise green energy? The proposals included will avoid the need, but over time cooling systems could avoid any carbon emissions by using green energy.	May need to demonstrate what sort of reasons would be clear and convincing for not including water harvesting.	This may be covered elsewhere, but need to ensure there is reference to providing energy infrastructur e for green EVs as part of all new schemes - this should be the default.	Important to be stronger on retaining these or replacing any that are impacted.	Support of solar roofs should be stronger - it should be the default for any scheme to include solar.	Should go beyond just ducting space and include the fibre required for full fibre broadband. Could even include a requirement to work with the telco to ensure end to end fibre connectivity for new developments.	Important to be stronger on retaining these or replacing any that are impacted.	
27	Climate Change	SP1		-		-	-	-	-	-	-	The council cannot revisit development that has already been implemented through the local plan, nor can it tackle issues other than development

									(e.g. the powers afforded to parking wardens). However, the plan does propose policies to require appropriate SuDS, green roofs and low/zero-carbon technologies.
104	Climate Change	SP1, CC1, CC2, CC3, CC5, CC7	This looks to be good.	This reads well but how will you decide that a project has no alternative to powered cooling?	This is good. How will you help existing buildings to reduce their water usage?	Should not? Surely this should be must not unless an exceptional case can be made and suitable replacement is installed.	Agree	-	Comments acknowledge d and noted.

			I	I	1		1				
107	Climate	SP1	-	-	-	-	-	We welcome	-	-	
	Change							supporting text			
	, and the second							which requires			
								proposals to			
								proposals to			
								consider the			
								affects on nearby			
								heritage assets.			
								This is consistent			
								ille the Nethered			
								with the National			
								Planning Policy			
								Framework			
								(NPPF),			
								specifically			
								specifically			
								paragraph 201,			
								which states that			
								local planning			
								authorities should			
								require applicants			
								require applicants			
								to describe the			
								significance of any			
								affected heritage			
								assets, including			
								assets, including			
								those impacted by			
								changes to their			
								setting. The			
								inclusion of this			
								text should ensure			
								that have the sea			
								that heritage			
								issues are not			
								overlooked during			
								the planning			
								process, and			
								process, and			
								promote a holistic			
						,		approach to			
								development,			
								where			
								environmental			
								sustainability (in			
								the form of green			
								roofs) is balanced			
								with the			
								conservation and			
								enhancement of			
								the historic			
								environment.			
								Our			
								Our			
								recommendation:			
								None.			
			l	l	I		ı	. 10110.		l	

170	Climate Change		-	-	-			There are issues around Green Walls, these now tend not to be recommended because unless they are constantly maintained the plants die and the wall becomes a fire risk.	-	-	Comments acknowledge d and noted. Consideration has been given. Policy SP8 updated to include reference to reducing crime and the fear of crime in new developments
175	Climate Change	SP1	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	Comments acknowledge and noted.
177	Climate Change										Comments acknowledge d and noted.
180	Climate Change				Thames Water support the inclusion of Policy CC3 on water efficiency. The inclusion of water efficiency measures also provides benefits for sewerage infrastructure by reducing the volume of foul flows from new development. In relation to sewerage infrastructure , new development may result in requirements						Comments acknowledge d and noted.

				to upgrades			
				the existing sewerage			
				network to			
				provide			
				capacity to			
				support			
				growth. Thames			
				Water cannot			
				prevent			
				connection of			
				development			
				on grounds of lack of			
				capacity and			
				as such			
				planning			
				conditions			
				may be necessary to			
				phase			
				development			
				to ensure that			
				the relevant			
				phase of development			
				is not			
				occupied			
				until any			
				necessary			
				infrastructure			
				upgrades have been			
				completed. In			
				this context			
				we support			
				the retention			
				of text in Policy SP5			
				and			
				paragraph 5.53.			
				5.53.			_
183	Climate						Comments
	Change						acknowledge d and noted.
184	Climate						Comments
	Change						acknowledge
							d and noted.

185	Climate						Comments
	Change						acknowledge
							d and noted.
188	Climate						Comments
100							
	Change						acknowledge
							d and noted.
189	Climate	Regarding					Comments
	Change	policy CC1					acknowledge
		and energy					d and noted.
		efficiency;					a ana notoa.
		efficiency,					
		where carbon					
		offsets are					
		paid into the					
		Council's					
		Carbon Offset					
		Fund the					
		carbon pricing					
		needs to be					
		set at a level					
		that gives					
		developers a					
		real incentive					
		to meet the					
		high standards					
		the Plan sets,					
		and makes a					
		realistic					
		assessment of					
		the true cost of					
		carbon. It					
		would be very					
		concerning to					
		see the					
		Carbon Offset		7			
		Fund become					
		a facility					
		commonly					
		used by					
		days land					
		developers.					
		We see that					
		there will be a					
		separate					
		document on					
		pricing (6A.8)					
		and we look					
		forward to					
		seeing this.					

191 CI CH	Climate Change Climate Change Climate Change			Policy SP1 sets out the council's intention to promote a green economy. Comments
198 CI	Change Climate Change	Our detailed comments set out below are focused on ensuring that the needs of the health service are embedded into the Local Plan in a way that supports sustainable growth. When developing any additional guidance to support implementatio n of Local Plan policies relevant to health, for example in relation to developer contributions or health impact assessments, we would request the Council engage the NHS in the		acknowledge d and noted. Comments acknowledge d and noted.

early as possible. One of the key strategic areas of the control plans is trategic areas of the control plans is the local plans is response to Climate Change. The new and adapted of the control plans is to better mitigate as well as adapt Stevenage from the effects of climate Change. Stevenage from the effects of climate of cli	of the key strategic areas of the consultation is				
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carbon mitigation requirements cannot be met. In considering the implementatio n of policies related to net zero, we would	contributions				
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2010) 110 110010	zero, we would				
highlight that	ZOI O, WO WOULD	1	ı	1	
Tigringia triat	highlight that				
NHS property	highlight that				
could benefit	highlight that				
from carbon	highlight that NHS property could benefit				

		offset funds. This would support the NHS to reach the goal of becoming the world's first net zero healthcare provider.				
200	Climate Change					Add subtext - health & being
201	Climate Change	Stevenage Net Zero emissions target The suggested new text says, 'Locally-driven action will be crucial to meeting this [Paris Agreement] target. Accordingly, the council has committed to ensuring that Stevenage has net-zero emissions by 2030 and has developed a climate change strategy and action plan'. This locally set net zero emissions target is at odds with the UK's				Comments acknowledge d and noted.

				1		
	commitment,					
	under the					
	Paris					
	Agreement					
	where a target					
	has been set					
	to reduce					
	emissions by					
	45% by 2030,					
	and to reach					
	net zero by					
	2050. Also,					
	2050. AISO,					
	this locally set					
	target does not					
	align with the					
	NHS' own					
	targets, as					
	explained					
	above.		7			
	With regards					
	to new policy					
	CC1: Energy					
	efficiency,					
	where major					
	development					
	proposals					
	must achieve					
	net zero					
	regulated					
	operational					
	emissions, the					
	NHS is					
	working to a					
	later timeline					
	that are					
	consistent with					
	national					
	targets to					
	ensure that					
	NHS delivers a					
	net zero health					
	net zero nealth					
	service by					
	2045. As such					
	the HWE ICB					
	and system					
	partners do					
	not support					
	Stevenage's					
	locally set and					
	earlier target,					

	nor can fully				
	support new				
	policy CC1.				
	, , , , , ,				
	With regards				
	to policy CC1:				
	Energy				
	Energy				
	efficiency,				
	please note				
	earlier				
	comments. In				
	addition, it is				
	suggested that				
	the				
	accompanying				
	text should be				
	inserted to				
	make it more				
	explicit what				
	evidence an				
	applicant is				
	required to				
	submit to				
	Submit to				
	demonstrate				
	how proposals				
	comply with				
	Policy CC1				
	and clearer on				
	the level of				
	detail required				
	to meet the				
	requirement				
	that the detail				
	required 'will				
	be				
	proportionate				
	to the scale				
	and complexity				
	of the				
	proposal'.				

		l	T			1	_
202	Climate		With regards				Comments
	Change		to policy CC2:				acknowledge
			Heating and				d and noted.
			Cooling, it is				
			noted the				
			policy				
			recognises				
			that in some				
			instances, the				
			use of active				
			cooling				
			oveteme mov				
			systems may be				
			unavoidable,				
			with the				
			accompanying				
			text saying.				
			'this may				
			include				
			healthcare				
			and laboratory				
			settings,				
			where precise				
			temperature				
			control is				
			essential to				
			the use. In				
			these				
			circumstances				
			, the cooling				
			systems				
			should ideally				
			be designed				
			to reuse the				
			waste heat	7			
			waste near				
			that they				
			produce'. This				
			acknowledgm				
			ent that the				
			use of active				
			cooling				
			systems may				
			be				
			unavoidable in				
			a healthcare				
			setting is				
			welcomed.				

205	Climate Change						Comments acknowledge d and noted. The Local Plan Partial Review and Update has been viability tested. The results will be published ahead of Regulation
207	Climate Change						19. Comments acknowledge d and noted.
212	Climate Change	SP1					The council cannot mandate retrofitting through the local plan and can only set policies for development. Where retrofitting does require planning permission, it will be supported by virtue of the proposed new climate change policies. Appropriate protection will also be afforded to heritage assets by the existing heritage policies, which largely reflect the

				policies set out in the NPPF. However, consideration will be given to updating the subtext of the policy to recognise the benefits of reusing existing buildings and emphasise that low and zero-carbon technologies are compatible with historic buildings. Actions: 1. Consider amending the subtext to Policy SP1 to recognise the benefits of re-using existing buildings and emphasise that low and zero-carbon technologies are compatible
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Change GREEN ROOFS SUPPORTING TEXT PART AND CALL STATES ASS TO 64.42 We welcome supporting text which requires proposate to consider the opposite to consider the proposate to to describe the significance or any affected heratage assets, notucing to describe the significance or any affected heratage assets, notucing to describe the significance or any affected heratage assets, notucing to describe the significance or any affected heratage assets, notucing to describe the significance or any affected heratage assets, notucing to describe the significance or any affected heratage assets, notucing to describe the significance or any affected heratage assets, notucing to describe the significance or any affected heratage assets, notucing to describe the significance or any affected heratage assets, notucing to describe the significance or any affected heratage assets, notucing to describe the significance or any affected heratage assets, notucing to describe the significance or any affected heratage assets, notucing to describe the significance or any affected heratage assets, notucing to describe the significance or any affected heratage assets, notucing to describe the significance or any affected heratage assets, notucing to describe the significance or any affected heratage assets, notucing to describe the significance or any affected heratage assets, notucing to describe the significance or any affected heratage assets, notucing to describe the significance or any affected heratage assets, notucing to describe the significance or any affected heratage assets, notucing to describe the significance or any affected heratage assets, notucing to describe the significance or any affected heratage assets, notucing to describe the signif	213	Climate	CC6			POLICY CC6:		Comments
SUPPORTING TEXT PARAGRAPHS A 35 TO 6 A/2 WAS A 3	210	Change	000			GREEN ROOFS		acknowledge
TEXT PARAGRAPHS 6.A.35 TO 6.A.42 We welcome supporting lens or proposals to consider the affects on nearby hortage assets. This is consistent with the National Planning Policy Fig. Fig. Specifically paragraph 201, which states that local planning authorities acuted to describe the significance of any affected heritage assets, including those impacted by changes to their setting. This setting their setting the setting their setting the setting their setting the setting		Change				SUPPORTING		d and noted
PRACEARPHS 6A.35 TO GA 42 We welcome supporting text which requires proposals to affects on neartry horitage assets. This is consistent with the National Planning Policy Finanework (NPPF), Speep, Sp								a ana notoa.
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paragraph 201, which states that local planning authorities should require applicants to describe the significance of any affected heritage assets, including those impacted by changes to their setting. The inclusion of this text should ensure that heritage issues are not overlooked during the planning process, and promote a holistic approach to development, where environmental sustainability (in the form of green roofs) is balanced with the conservation and enhancement of						specifically		
which states that local planning authorities should require applicants to describe the significance of any affected heritage assets, including those impacted by changes to their setting. The inclusion of this text should ensure that heritage issues are not overlooked during the planning process, and promote a holistic approach to development, where environmental sustainability (in the form of green roofs) is balanced with the conservation and enhancement of						naragraph 201		
local planning authorities should require applicants to describe the significance of any affected heritage assets, including those impacted by changes to their setting. The inclusion of this text should ensure that heritage issues are not overlooked during the planning process, and promote a holistic approach to development, where environmental sustainability (in the form of green roofs) is balanced with the conservation and enhancement of						which states that		
authorities should require applicants to describe the significance of any affected heritage assets, including those impacted by changes to their setting. The inclusion of this text should ensure that heritage issues are not overlooked during the planning process, and promote a holistic approach to development, where environmental sustainability (in the form of green roofs) is balanced with the conservation and enhancement of								
require applicants to describe the significance of any affected heritage assets, including those impacted by changes to their setting. The inclusion of this text should ensure that heritage issues are not overlooked during the planning process, and promote a holistic approach to development, where environmental sustainability (in the form of green roofs) is balanced with the conservation and enhancement of						authorities should		
to describe the significance of any affected heritage assets, including those impacted by changes to their setting. The inclusion of this text should ensure that heritage issues are not overlooked during the planning process, and promote a holistic approach to development, where environmental sustainability (in the form of green roofs) is balanced with the conservation and enhancement of						require applicants		
significance of any affected heritage assets, including those impacted by changes to their setting. The inclusion of this text should ensure that heritage issues are not overlooked during the planning process, and promote a holistic approach to development, where environmental sustainability (in the form of green roofs) is balanced with the conservation and enhancement of						to describe the		
affected heritage assets, including those impacted by changes to their setting. The inclusion of this text should ensure that heritage issues are not overlooked during the planning process, and promote a holistic approach to development, where environmental sustainability (in the form of green roofs) is balanced with the conservation and enhancement of						significance of any		
assets, including those impacted by changes to their setting. The inclusion of this text should ensure that heritage issues are not overlooked during the planning process, and promote a holistic approach to development, where environmental sustainability (in the form of green rorfs) is balanced with the conservation and enhancement of						affected heritage		
those impacted by changes to their setting. The inclusion of this text should ensure that heritage issues are not overlooked during the planning process, and promote a holistic approach to development, where environmental sustainability (in the form of green roofs) is balanced with the conservation and enhancement of								
changes to their setting. The inclusion of this text should ensure that heritage issues are not overlooked during the planning process, and promote a holistic approach to development, where environmental sustainability (in the form of green roofs) is balanced with the conservation and enhancement of						those impacted by		
setting. The inclusion of this text should ensure that heritage issues are not overlooked during the planning process, and promote a holistic approach to development, where environmental sustainability (in the form of green roofs) is balanced with the conservation and enhancement of						changes to their		
inclusion of this text should ensure that heritage issues are not overlooked during the planning process, and promote a holistic approach to development, where environmental sustainability (in the form of green roofs) is balanced with the conservation and enhancement of						setting The		
text should ensure that heritage issues are not overlooked during the planning process, and promote a holistic approach to development, where environmental sustainability (in the form of green roofs) is balanced with the conservation and enhancement of								
that heritage issues are not overlooked during the planning process, and promote a holistic approach to development, where environmental sustainability (in the form of green roofs) is balanced with the conservation and enhancement of								
issues are not overlooked during the planning process, and promote a holistic approach to development, where environmental sustainability (in the form of green roofs) is balanced with the conservation and enhancement of								
overlooked during the planning process, and promote a holistic approach to development, where environmental sustainability (in the form of green roofs) is balanced with the conservation and enhancement of						issues are not		
the planning process, and promote a holistic appromote to development, where environmental sustainability (in the form of green roofs) is balanced with the conservation and enhancement of								
process, and promote a holistic approach to development, where environmental sustainability (in the form of green roofs) is balanced with the conservation and enhancement of						the planning		
promote a holistic approach to development, where environmental sustainability (in the form of green roofs) is balanced with the conservation and enhancement of						process, and		
approach to development, where environmental sustainability (in the form of green roofs) is balanced with the conservation and enhancement of						promote a holistic		
development, where environmental sustainability (in the form of green roofs) is balanced with the conservation and enhancement of								
where environmental sustainability (in the form of green roofs) is balanced with the conservation and enhancement of						development.		
environmental sustainability (in the form of green roofs) is balanced with the conservation and enhancement of								
sustainability (in the form of green roofs) is balanced with the conservation and enhancement of								
the form of green roofs) is balanced with the conservation and enhancement of								
roofs) is balanced with the conservation and enhancement of						the form of green		
with the conservation and enhancement of						roofs) is balanced		
conservation and enhancement of								
enhancement of								
						enhancement of		
the historic						the historic		

				environment. Our recommendation None.		

2.12					1	1	1		ı	
219	Climate	CC1	Carbon	Reducing						Comments
	Change		Emissions	carbon						acknowledge
				emissions						d and noted.
				The proposed						
				policy requires						
				minor						
				development						
				to deliver a						
				35%						
				improvement						
				upon relevant						
				emission rates						
				required by						
				part L of the						
				Building						
				Regulations						
				and for major						
				development						
				to achieve net						
				zero required						
				operational						
				emissions.						
				With regard to						
				the first part						
				the Council will						
				need to be						
				clear as to						
				whether the						
				requirements						
				the 2021						
				version of part						
				L or whether						
				the council						
				intend it to be						
				an uplift on						
				future version						
				of Part L.						
				Clearly the						
				impact on						
				small sites of						
				delivering a						
				35%						
				improvement						
				on the Future						
				Homes						
				Standard						
				would be						
				significant and						
				would need to						
				be properly						

tested. The
Council must
prove clarity prove clarity
on this.
With regard to
second
standard for
major
development,
the Council will
be aware the
Written
Ministerial
Statement
from
December
2023 sets out
current
expectations
with regard
setting energy
efficiency effective the first section of the first
standards in
local plans.
Before Before
considering
the content of
the WMS itself
it is important
to note the
High Court
independent indepe
judgement from the 2nd
of July 2024
([2024]EWHC
1693 Admin).
This
judgement was
on the
challenge to
the WMS
made by
Rights
Community
Action on
Action on the second of the se
three grounds,
including that the WMS
restricted
restricted

	exercise by local				
	authorities of				
	powers				
	conferred on				
	them.				
	Moving to the				
	WMS, it is notes that it is				
	not expecting				
	plan makers to				
	set local				
	energy				
	efficiency				
	standards for				
	buildings that				
	go beyond				
	current or				
	planned				
	buildings				
	regulations and states that				
	"Compared to				
	varied local				
	standards				
	nationally				
	applied standards				
	standards				
	provide much-				
	needed clarity				
	and				
	consistency for businesses,				
	large and				
	small, to invest				
	and prepare to				
	build net-zero				
	ready homes".				
	In addition, the				
	WMS notes				
	that local standards can				
	"add further				
	costs to				
	building new				
	homes by				
	adding				
	complexity and				
	undermining				

	accompanies of	1	Т	T	ı	
	economies of					
	scale".					
	Therefore, the					
	starting point					
	is that					
	differential					
	standards to					
	those set out					
	in building					
	regulation are					
	discouraged					
	due to the					
	potential					
	negative					
	impact on the					
	delivery of new					
	homes. The					
	HBF would					
	agree with this					
	and suggest					
	that the most					
	effective					
	approach to					
	delivering zero					
	carbon homes					
	in line with					
	national					
	commitments					
	to achieving					
	net zero and					
	meeting					
	housing needs					
	in full is					
	through the					
	building					
	regulations					
	and the Future					
	Homes					
	Standard.					
	Staridard.					
	However, after					
	noting these					
	concerns, the					
	2023 WMS					
	goes on to					
	state that any					
	standard that					
	goes beyond					
	current or					
	planned					
	F.3	1				

building regulations should be rejected at examination if the LPA does not have a well-reasoned and robustly costed rationale that ensures: That development remains viable, and the impact on housing supply and affordability is considered in accordance with the National Planning Policy Framework. The additional requirement is expressed as a percentage uplift of a dwelling's Target Emissions Rate (TER)		
expressed as a percentage uplift of a dwelling's Target		

					1	1		1	
220	Climate	CC1	Carbon	The approach					Comments
	Change		Emissions	taken by the					acknowledge
				Council is					d and noted.
				broadly					
				consistent with					
				the second					
				bullet in the					
				WMS in that it					
				expresses the					
				standard in					
				relation to					
				carbon					
				emissions.					
				However, it is					
				noted that the					
				footnote in the					
				policy refers to					
				Dwelling					
				Emissions					
				Rate (DER) or					
				Building					
				Emissions					
				Rate (BER)					
				rather than the					
				Target					
				Emissions					
				Rate and this					
				should be					
				amended for					
				the sake of					
				consistency					
				and clarity.					
				and olding.					
				With regard to					
				the first bullet					
				noint in the					
				point in the					
				WMS given					
				the Council					
				has not					
				provided any					
				evidence as					
				part f this					
				consultation it					
				is impossible					
				to say whether					
				the policy will					
				impact on the					
				viability,					
				affordability or					
				deliverability of					
				deliverability of	1				

	development	
	in Stevenage.	
	In examining	
	the potential the potential	
	impact, we	
	would advise	
	the council to	
	examine work	
	undertaken by	
	the Future	
	Homes Hub	
	who are	
	working with	
	the land the	
	Government	
	and the full	
	range of	
	stakeholders	
	on delivering on delivering	
	low and zero	
	carbon homes	
	and have	
	produced	
	documents	
	such as	
	"Ready for	
	Zero" which	
	provides some	
	indication as to	
	the cost of	
	delivering zero	
	carbon homes.	
	However, the	
	Council will Council will	
	need to look	
	not just at	
	viability but	
	also at	
	deli carebilita	
	deliverability	
	and	
	affordability.	
	HBF are '	
	concerned as	
	to the impact	
	standards that	
	go beyond	
	future current	
	and future	
	una ratara	

		1	1		1	
	building					
	regulations	will				
	have on the					
	rates at wh	ch				
	sites can					
	deliver nev					
	homes on a	II				
	types of sit	es.				
	Given that	he				
	standards					
	proposed a	ro				
	proposed a	6				
	higher than					
	those					
	proposed b	У				
	Governme	t in				
	the Future					
	Homes					
	Standard a	nd				
	will require					
	higher leve					
	nigner leve	S				
	of fabric					
	efficiency,					
	which in tu	n				
	will require					
	new skills a	nd				
	materials ti	at				
	may not be					
	readily					
	available, H	BF				
	are concer	ned				
	this could s	low				
	delivery in	he				
	short to					
	medium te	m				
	as supply					
	chains are					
	developed	lt T				
	has been					
	recognised	by				
	the FHH th	it to				
	deliver high	er				
	standards	dill				
	Standards	, and				
	require pha	seu				
	transitional					
	arrangeme	nts				
	to enable a					
	steady buil	I -				
	up of skills	and				
	ensure qua	itv.				
	The FHH a	20				
	i ne FHH a	50				

	notes in its					
	report Ready					
	for Zero that					
	even if a short					
	transition					
	transition					
	period					
	between					
	current					
	standards and					
	those similar to					
	the Council					
	the Council					
	are proposing that this would					
	that this would					
	" create a					
	high risk of					
	quality					
	problems,					
	inflated costs					
	initiated Costs					
	and,					
	potentially,					
	stalled build					
	programmes."					
	p. eg. a					
	In order to					
	monition the					
	delivery of the					
	policy the					
	council are					
	proposing to					
	place planning					
	conditions or					
	Conditions of					
	legal					
	agreements on					
	development		7			
	to ensure that					
	the net zero					
	target is met in					
	practice and					
	that building					
	that building	1				
	fabric has	1				
	been					
	optimised.	1				
	With regard	1				
	optimising	1				
	fabric					
	efficiency, the	1				
	council should	1				
	not be	1				
	dictating how					
	the net zero					
	LITE TIEL ZEIU					

target is
achieved. It
appears from
the supporting the supporting
text that the
council would
require
specific
energy use
targets to be
established
and achieved.
However, such
an approach
would be
inconsistent
with the WMS
which requires
policies to use
TER. If this is
the case HBF
would
recommend
that this
requirement is
deleted. The
development
industry must
have the
flexibility to
achieve
policies
around net
zero which can
be achieved in
variety of
ways, and this
should be
recognised in
local plans
local plans

221	Climate Change	CC5	Carbon sinks and BNG			Policy CC5: Carbon Sinks 16. The Council will need to clear as to how this policy operate alongside the legal requirement s for developmen t to deliver a 10% net gain in biodiversity. This requirement already requires developmen t to minimise losses of habitats on site prior to ensuring any losses that do happen are mitigated elsewhere on site or where this is not possible offsite. It is important		Comments acknowledge d and noted.
						mitigated elsewhere on site or where this is not possible offsite. It is		

			which will in turn deliver net gains in carbon sequestratio n as is being required by policy CC5. Given this similarity the policy would appear to be unnecessary and should be deleted.		
--	--	--	--	--	--

	0" 1	000				B :: 000.0		
222	Climate	CC6	green roofs			Policy CC6 Green		Comments
	Change		and			Roofs		acknowledge
			building			17.		d and noted.
			regs			HBF object		
			1.55			strongly to this		
						policy which will		
						policy writeri will		
						require green		
						roofs across all		
						development		
						unless there are		
						strong reason for		
						not providing		
						them. HBF are		
						concerned that		
						this will place		
						significant		
						additional costs		
						on the delivery of		
						new homes but		
						also allow down		
						the delivery of		
				· ·		new homes as the		
						industry is not		
						geared up to		
						delivering green		
						roofs at the scale		
						being suggested		
						by the council.		
						HBF are also		
						cautious as to the		
						public acceptance		
						of green roofs on		
						all new homes.		
						While the council		
						state that they are		
						willing to see a		
						degree of		
						divergence		
						from the		
						established		
						character of the		
						area our		
						experience is that		
						many		
						communities are		
						less willing to see		
						such divergence.		
						If the council are		
						to include this		
						policy in the local		

		plan it will need to provide evidence not only with regard to viability but also that there are the skills and resources to effectively deliver green roofs on the majority of buildings in Stevenage.
--	--	--

225	Climate	SP1, SP11	and buildings regs				development to ensure sufficient ducting space for full fibre connectivity. The Council are no doubt aware that Part R of the Building Regulations: Physical Infrastructure and network connections to new dwellings (2022 edition) require all new build dwellings to be installed with the gigabit-ready physical infrastructure connections subject to a cost cap of £2,000 per dwelling. These requirements mean that it is unnecessary for the Council to include policies in the local plan relating to new broadband or telecommunicati ons infrastructure. HBF therefore recommend the policy is not included in the local plan.		Comments acknowledge
	Change	0711	and adaption					_	d and noted.

226	Climate Change	CC6	Green roofs				Policy CC6 Green Roofs We appreciate that the policy now acknowledges the impact of green roofs to reduce surface water runoff.		Comments acknowledge d and noted.
229	Climate Change	CC3 - Residenti al Buildings	Water efficiency in residential buildings		Policy CC3 Water Efficiency Residential buildings We appreciate the water efficiency targets detailed within policy CC3 including the requirement to keep personal potable water consumption to under 110 litres per person, per day. We would further encourage you to seek even higher levels of water efficiency. We note that Uttlesford District Council aims for water neutrality in their section 9.107 (page				Comments acknowledge d and noted.

	ı	407) - (() - '	Г	ı	1		
		137) of their					
		Draft Local					
		Plan. Such					
		commitments					
		are highly					
		valued in an					
		area where					
		there is					
		serious water					
		stress. We					
		would					
		support you					
		to make					
		proactive and					
		forward-					
		minded water					
		efficiency					
		policies.					
		Paragraph					
		158 of the					
		National					
		Planning					
		Palining					
		Policy					
		Framework					
		states that:					
		'Plans should					
		take a					
		proactive					
		approach to					
		mitigating					
		and adapting					
		to climate					
		change,					
		taking into					
		account the					
		lang torre					
		long-term					
		implications					
		for flood risk,					
		coastal					
		change,					
		water supply,					
		biodiversity					
		and					
		landscapes,					
		and the risk					
		of					
		overheating					
		from rising					
		temperatures					
		.'1					

	There are		
	significant		
	water		
	resources		
	challenges		
	facing		
	Stevenage		
	Borough.		
	Multiple		
	organisations		
	have roles		
	and		
	responsibilitie		
	s to respond		
	to these		
	challenges.		
	The		
	Stevenage		
	Borough		
	Council has		
	responsibilitie		
	s to conserve		
	water		
	detailed in		
	Section 83 of		
	the Water Act 2003.2 These		
	2003.2 These		
	can be satisfied by		
	supporting		
	the efficient		
	use of water		
	and		
	maintaining		
	the profile of		
	this key issue		
	through its		
	powers in the		
	regulatory		
	planning		
	framework.		

	0" 1	000					I	
230	Climate	CC3	Water		Commercial			Comments
	Change		efficiency		buildings			acknowledge
			in		In addition to			d and noted.
			commercia		setting water			
			I buildings		efficiency			
			i buildings		efficiency			
					targets for			
					residential			
					development			
					s, you should			
					be setting			
					be setting			
					targets for			
					commercial			
					development			
					s. While we			
					appreciate			
					mention and			
					mention and			
					encourageme			
					nt of			
					BREEAM			
					standards,			
					we are			
					diagram sintad			
					disappointed			
					that section			
					10.5E (page			
					157) only			
					incentivised			
					BREEAM			
					compliance			
					compliance			
					rather than			
					insisting upon			
					it.			
					We strongly			
					recommend			
					that you			
					include a			
					policy			
					insisting that			
					commercial			
					and/or major			
					development			
					s achieve a			
					BREEAM			
					rating of			
					'excellent' (or			
				_	equivalent).			
					However, this			
					can be			
					achieved			
					without			
					necessarily			

	T	
		delivering
		high water
		efficiency (an
		'excellent'
		excellent
		rating is
		given to an
		overall
		building
		Dunion 1g
		sustainability
		score of 70-
		84%). We
		would
		therefore
		therefore
		recommend
		that any such
		development
		he required
		be required to achieve a
		to actineve a
		BREEAM
		'excellent'
	· ·	rating
		specifically in
		specifically in
		the water
		efficiency
		category
		(WAT 01).
		This would
		Tris would
		bring this
		policy in line
		with other
		neighbouring
		local
		local
		authority
		local plans,
		like the
		Welwyn
		Hatfield
		Tatileiu
		Borough Council Local
		Council Local
		Plan 2016-
		2036
		(Section
		(Section
		11.31 and
		11.32, page
		93)
		By mandating
		by manualing
		that both
		residential
		and non-
		residential
		Touronium

		I					
			development				
			s meet these				
			water				
			efficiency				
			targets,				
			Stevenage				
			Borough				
			Dorough				
			Council will				
			ensure that				
			the				
			Stevenage				
			Stevenage				
			Borough				
			Local Plan				
			2011-2031				
			keeps all new				
			keeps all flew				
			development				
			s focused on				
			improving the				
			resilience of				
			the water		_		
			resource				
			situation in				
			Stevenage.				
			Sieverlage.				

231 Climate CC3 Water efficiency Improving water	Comments
	acknowledge
in all new efficiency	acknowledge d and noted.
constructio We are very	a ana notoa.
n supportive of	
the specific	
mention of	
rain and	
greywater greywater	
recycling in	
the policy	
(Policy	
6A.24) along	
with the	
specific	
mention of	
not accepting	
financial	
costs as a	
reason to not	
install such	
infrastructure	
. We are	
however	
disappointed	
that the	
required	
installation of	
grey water	
recycling is	
limited to	
only non-	
residential	
structures.	
Instead, we	
suggest that	
the	
requirement	
be applied to	
all new	
constructions	
, since we do	
not find such	
a goal	
untenable.	
These These	
interventions	
will have the	
potential to	
significantly	

		ı				1	
			increase				
			water				
			efficiency.				
			•				
			High water				
			nigri water				
			efficiency				
			targets can				
			be achieved				
			by pursuing a				
			fittings-				
			illings-				
			based'				
			approach. This involves				
			This involves				
			the				
			installation of				
			motarianion of				
			water				
			efficient				
			fittings, such				
			as aerating				
			showerheads				
			snray tans				
			, spray taps and low flush				
			and low mush				
			toilets.				
			•				
			More				
			complex				
			interventions,				
			such as the				
			installation of				
			installation of				
			greywater				
			recycling				
			systems				
			and/or				
			rainwater				
			harvesting,				
			allow for				
			allow for				
			further				
			efficiency				
			gains.				
			Rainwater				
			harvesting				
			systems have				
			been				
			calculated as				
			being able to				
			provide 18-				
			87% of a				
			building's				
			non-potable				
			water				

			1				1	
				demand (as				
				well as				
				decreasing				
				the volume of				
				surface run-				
				off by 75%) 3				
				off by 75%).3 A 2010 study				
				A 2010 study				
				by the				
				Environment				
				Agency				
				demonstrated				
				that				
				greywater				
				recycling in a				
				two stores				
	1			two-storey				
	1			house can				
	1			offset mains				
				water by up				
				to 76m3				
	1			water per				
				year, and up				
				to 1270m3				
				water per				
				year in a				
				year III a				
				10,000m				
				2 office				
				block.4 Such				
				interventions				
				can therefore				
				deliver				
				significant				
				water				
				efficiency				
				eniciency				
	1			gains in				
	1			urban				
	1			environments				
	1							
	1			-				
	1			Pursuing				
				efficient and				
	1			responsible				
	1			use of water				
				resources				
				can deliver				
				can deliver				
				additional				
	1			environmenta				
	1			I and				
	1			sustainability				
	1			benefits. For				
				example,				
			1				1	100

		efficient
		water use
		can
		contribute to
		reductions in
		greenhouse
		greenlouse
		gas
		emissions. In
		2008, the
		2000, the
		Environment
		Agency
		conducted a
		conducted a
		study
		regarding the
		greenhouse
		gas
		implications
		of a number
		of water
		Of water
		resource
	· ·	options.
		Relevant
		Relevant
		outcomes of
		the study
		were:
		were.
		i.
		89% of
		emissions in
		the water
		the water
		system can
		be attributed
		to 'water in
		the home'.
		This includes
		energy for
		Circi gy i Oi
		heating
		water, but
		excludes
		CAUTAGE CONTRACTOR
		space/central space/central
		heating.
		The limit the li
		remaining
		11% of
		amining
		emissions
		originate
		from
		sheterating
		abstracting,
		treating and
		supplying
		T = T

	water, and the subsequent waste water treatment. • Demand management measures, particularly those that reduce hot water use, have significant potential to save water and energy, and reduce the carbon footprint throughout the water system. This could result in a reduction of greenhouse gas emissions, and household utility bills.5
--	---

232	Climate	CC3	Retrofitting		Retrofitting of				Comments
	Change		J		existing				acknowledge
					building stock				d and noted.
					We are				
					disappointed				
					to find no				
					specific				
					reference to				
					retrofitting				
					current				
					structures to				
					improve				
					water				
					efficiency				
					beyond a				
					mention of				
					how BREEAM				
					standards request it. We				
					would highly				
					encourage				
					you to				
					include				
					specific				
					reference to				
					the				
					requirement				
					of retrofitting				
					for water				
					efficiency.				
					Current				
					regional				
					levels of high				
					water use are	7			
					driven in part				
					by inefficient				
					water use in				
					existing				
					building				
					stock. If				
					existing water				
					usage is to be reduced,				
					then				
					improving the				
					efficiency of				
					points-of-use				
					in current				
					buildings is				
					just as				

						important as				
						those in new				
						development				
						s. We				
						therefore				
						encourage				
						Stevenage				
						Borough				
						Council to				
						include policy				
						lines that				
						obligate any				
						refurbishmen				
						ts and/or				
						changes of				
						use of				
						existing				
						building stock				
						to include				
						retrofitting to				
						improve				
						water				
						efficiency.				
						There are				
						BREEAM				
						Technical				
						Standards				
						documents to				
						support the				
						retrofitting of				
						commercial				
						and				
						residential				
						buildings.				
233	Climate		Climate							Comments
	Change		Change							acknowledge
			and							d and noted.
			Transport							
234	Climate	SP1,	Climate							Comments
	Change	CC1 -	Change							acknowledge
		CC8	and							d and noted.
			Viability							
			(see							
			response							
			in full)							
238	Climate	SP1	Water							Comments
	Change	-	scarcity,							noted and
			water							acknowledge
										d.
				l	1	l	l		l	ų.

			euetainahili					
			'y					
239	Climate Change	SP8, CC3	sustainabili		AWS supports new paragraphs 10.5A to 10.5F and the application of BREEAM standards. Our updated joint Protocol supports the approach that a BREEAM assessment of a commercial building should deliver on all the assessed aspects of the Water category. Noting that BREEAM won't be mandatory in the Borough, AWS suggests a three stage progressive level of			Comments acknowledge d and noted.
					three stage progressive level of support in these paragraphs ranging from neutral for applications which explain why BREEAM			
					hasn't been used, to support for BREEAM 'Excellent' and			

				ı	1	I	 Ι	1	T	
						'Outstanding' and which				
						assess all				
						water criteria				
						to strong				
						support for				
						development				
						s which				
						maximise				
						water				
						efficiency.				
						Reduced				
						water use				
						can also				
						reduce				
						wastewater				
						demands and	· ·			
						so assist in				
						sustainably				
						managing sewer				
						capacity and				
						treatment.				
242	Climate	SP1	SuDS			ti Catificit.				Comments
	Change	• •	020							noted and
	onange									acknowledge
										d.
243	Climate	SP11	Source							Comments
	Change		control							acknowledge
			SuDS							d and noted.
244	Climate	CC3	Water			CC3 – Water				Comments
	Change		efficiency			efficiency				noted and
						The LLFA				acknowledge
						welcomes				d.
						and				
						encourages the proposals				
						around				
						rainwater				
						harvesting. If				
						considered				
						early on and				
						designed with				
						SuDS, this				
						policy is				
						achievable				
						alongside the				
						SuDS/flood				
						risk priorities.				

Features such as SLDS planters have minimal land take and are appropriate for residential and non-residential sites. They provide surface water attenuation for roof runoff, amenity (via planting regime) and habitat (for insects and mammals, depending on the product chosen). We would encourage the LPA to research these		1			1	1			
SuDS planters have minimal land take and are appropriate for residential and non- residential sites. They provide surface water attenuation for roof runoff, amenity (via planting regime) and habitat (for insects and mammals, depending on the product chosen). We would encourage the LPA to research these					Features				
SuDS planters have minimal land take and are appropriate for residential and non- residential sites. They provide surface water attenuation for roof runoff, amenity (via planting regime) and habitat (for insects and mammals, depending on the product chosen). We would encourage the LPA to research these					such as				
planters have minimal land take and are appropriate for residential and non-residential sites. They provide surface water attenuation for roof runoff, amenity (via planting regime) and habitat (for insects and mammals. depending on the product chosen). We would encourage the LPA to research these					SuDS				
minimal land take and are appropriate for residential and non-residential sites. They provide surface water attenuation for roof runoff, amenity (via planting regime) and habitat (for insects and mammals, depending on the product chosen). We would encourage the LPA to research these					planters have				
take and are appropriate for residential and non-residential sites. They provide surface water attenuation for roof runoff, amenity (via planting regime) and habitat (for insects and mammals, depending on the product chosen). We would encourage the LPA to research these					minimal land				
appropriate for residential and non-residential sites. They provide surface water attenuation for roof runoff, amenity (via planting regime) and habitat (for insects and mammals, depending on the product chosen). We would encourage the LPA to research these					take and are				
for residential and non-residential sites. They provide surface water attenuation for roof runoff, amenity (via planting regime) and habitat (for insects and mammals, depending on the product chosen). We would encourage the LPA to research these									
and non- residential sites. They provide surface water attenuation for roof runoff, amenity (via planting regime) and habitat (for insects and mammals, depending on the product chosen). We would encourage the LPA to research these					appropriate				
residential sites. They provide surface water attenuation for roof runoff, amenity (via planting regime) and habitat (for insects and mammals, depending on the product chosen). We would encourage the LPA to research these					for residential				
sites. They provide surface water attenuation for roof runoff, amenity (via planting regime) and habitat (for insects and mammals, depending on the product chosen). We would encourage the LPA to research these					and non-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
provide surface water attenuation for roof runoff, amenity (via planting regime) and habitat (for insects and mammals, depending on the product chosen). We would encourage the LPA to research these									
surface water attenuation for roof runoff, amenity (via planting regime) and habitat (for insects and mammals, depending on the product chosen). We would encourage the LPA to research these					sites. They				
surface water attenuation for roof runoff, amenity (via planting regime) and habitat (for insects and mammals, depending on the product chosen). We would encourage the LPA to research these					provide				
attenuation for roof runoff, amenity (via planting regime) and habitat (for insects and mammals, depending on the product chosen). We would encourage the LPA to research these					surface water				
for roof runoff, amenity (via planting regime) and habitat (for insects and mammals, depending on the product chosen). We would encourage the LPA to research these									
runoff, amenity (via planting regime) and habitat (for insects and mammals, depending on the product chosen). We would encourage the LPA to research these					for roof				
amenity (via planting regime) and habitat (for insects and mammals, depending on the product chosen). We would encourage the LPA to research these					runoff.				
planting regime) and habitat (for insects and mammals, depending on the product chosen). We would encourage the LPA to research these					amenity (via				
regime) and habitat (for insects and mammals, depending on the product chosen). We would encourage the LPA to research these					nlanting				
habitat (for insects and mammals, depending on the product chosen). We would encourage the LPA to research these					rogima) and				
insects and mammals, depending on the product chosen). We would encourage the LPA to research these					habitat /far				
mammals, depending on the product chosen). We would encourage the LPA to research these					nabitat (ioi				
depending on the product chosen). We would encourage the LPA to research these					insects and				
the product chosen). We would encourage the LPA to research these				`	mammals,				
chosen). We would encourage the LPA to research these					depending on				
would encourage the LPA to research these					the product				
would encourage the LPA to research these					chosen). We				
the LPA to research these					would				
the LPA to research these					encourage				
research these					the LPA to				
these									
teatures and					features and				
would be					would be				
all would be					alad to				
glad to					giau to				
provide						V			
further									
context and					context and				
explanation					explanation				
around these					around these				
features if					features if				
desired.					desired.				

245	Climate Change	CC6	Green roofs			CC6 – Green roofs The LLFA support the use of green roofs. We would encourage that blue-green roofs are used, which will allow for surface water runoff to be stored at source on the roofs of new buildings. Blue-green or blue roofs can be distinguished from green roofs by having a formal element of storage on the roof, restricted by a flow control.		Comments acknowledge d and noted.
247	Climate Change	SP1, CC1	Net zero buildings					Comments noted and acknowledge d.
254	Climate Change	SP1	Sustainabili ty					Comments noted and acknowledge d.

255	Climate	CC8	Green				Policy CC8:
	Change		Economy				The Green
							Economy,
							will support
							developme
							nt
							proposals
							which
							demonstrat
							е
							consistency
							with the
							principles
							of a circular
							economy.
							The County
							Council
							welcomes
							the
							inclusion of
							new Policy CC8: The
							CC8: The
							Green
							Economy,
							which gives
							key
							considerati
							on to the
							manageme
							nt of
							demolition
							and
							constructio
					<i>y</i>		n waste,
							with the
							expectation
							that
							applications
							for major
							developme
							nt will be
							accompani
							ed by a Site Waste
							Manageme
							nt Plan
							(SWMD)
							(SWMP). The County
							Council
							suggest
				 	i		suyyesi

				that additional wording be incorporate d into Policy CC8 encouragin g an increased use of secondary and recycled aggregates. Encouragin g an increased use of secondary and recycled aggregates helps to reduce the need for virgin sand and gravel and other virgin aggregates such as crushed rock. The County Council, as the Minerals Planning Authority, wishes to reduce the reliance on virgin sand and gravel wherever possible and increase the use of secondary
--	--	--	--	---

			and recycled aggregate as an alternative. This aligns with the core principles of Policy CC8. It is suggested that the following wording or similar is inserted into Policy CC8: The Green Economy, on page 81 after section 6A.57, which details how circular economy principles in developme nt can be adopted, and how materials can be salvaged and recycled in order to extend the life of buildings. 'The principles of a circular economy can be
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259	Climate	SP1	Support				demonstrat ed in developme nt projects through using secondary and or recycled materials in the constructio n of the project. For example, secondary and or recycled aggregates could be used as a substitute material in the production of concrete. This would increase resource efficiency, promote a circular economy for waste materials, and also reduce the need for virgin sand and gravel.'	Comments
	Change		SP1					acknowledge d and noted.

261	Climate	SP11	Flood Risk			<u> </u>		Criterion (a)
201	Climate	5911	Flood Risk					of SP11
	Onlange							applies to
								both the site
								selection
								stage and site
								layout stage.
								The council is
								mindful of the
								need to
								undertake a
								more comprehensi
								ve review of
								its flood risk
								and pollution
								policies and
								update its SFRA. This
								will be
								considered as
								part of the full
								review of the
								plan, which commences
								next year.
								The council is
								also mindful
								of changes to the SuDS
								approval
								process and
								references to
								past versions of the NPPF.
								The council is
								content that
								these do not
								necessitate
								any changes to policy or
								subtext.
262	Climate							Comments
	Change							noted. No
								change.

Comments acknowledge d and noted.
acknowledge d and noted.
d and noted.
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221	01: 1	000	1	1	N 5 "		1		ı	
264	Climate	CC2	Heating		New Policy					In practice,
	Change		and cooling		CC2 – Heating					the fact that
					and cooling					householder
					We agree with					developments
					the addition of					will have to
					this policy to					comply with
					help control					the policy will
					extremes of					mean that
					temperature					householder
					within					applications
					buildings in					which involve
					the					energy-
					Borough. The					dependent
					policy may					cooling
					benefit from					systems are
					discussing					likely to be
					other factors					refused. No
					that can help					further
					achieve this	· ·				monitoring
					balance					will be
					including					required.
					more efficient					
					dwelling form					
					factors and					
					optimising					
					fenestration					
					and shading.					
					We also					
					support					
					the promotion					
					of passive					
					ventilation but					
					the inclusion					
					of mechanical					
					Of fileCrianical					
					ventilation					
					with heat					
		1			recovery					
					(MVHR) which					
					is likely to be					
					required for					
					highly					
					insulated/					
					energy					
		1			efficient					
					buildings.					
					In the					
		1			supporting					
					text for this					
		1								
		1			policy, it					
					states that					

householder proposals will not need to submit energy statements but will still be expected to comply with the policy, how will this be enforced and monitored?		

Change Efficiency Whilst we support the addition of this new policy, the target of 110lpppd for water efficiency water efficiency should be more	norities to water ge targets ond the lding julations onal ndard is
efficiency Whilst we support the addition of this new policy, the target of 110lpppd for water efficiency should be more autho set wa usage beyor Buildi Regul option stand quest	norities to water ge targets ond the lding julations onal ndard is
efficiency Whilst we support the addition of this new policy, the target of 110lpppd for water efficiency should be more efficiency Whilst we support the usage beyon Buildi Regul option stand quest	norities to water ge targets ond the lding julations onal ndard is
Whilst we support the addition of this new policy, the target of 110lpppd for water efficiency should be more	water ge targets cond the lding gulations onal ndard is
support the addition of this new policy, the target of 110lpppd for water efficiency should be more support the addition of this new policy, the target of 110lpppd for water efficiency should be more	ge targets rond the lding gulations onal ndard is
addition of this new policy, the target of 110lpppd for water efficiency should be more	ond the ding gulations onal ndard is
this new policy, the target of 110lpppd for water efficiency should be more	ding gulations onal ndard is
policy, the target of 110lpppd for water efficiency should be more Regul	julations onal ndard is
policy, the target of 110lpppd for water efficiency should be more Regul	julations onal ndard is
target of 110lpppd for water efficiency should be more target of 110lpppd for stand quest ln any the co	onal ndard is
110lpppd for water efficiency should be more stand the control of	ndard is
water efficiency should be more water efficiency should be more water efficiency should be more	
efficiency should be more	otionoblo
should be more the co	
should be more the co	ny event,
has n	council
	dence to
ariibiilious.	
support suppor	port a
the Building more	
Regs string	ngent
alternative	ndard. No
standard, but	
	ige.
it is not	
sufficient to	
respond to	
the water	
pressure on	
water	
resources in	
the area.	
South	
Cambridgesh	
ire and Tower	
He all tower	
Hamlets have	
consulted on	
a target of	
80lpppd in	
their recent	
Dog 19	
Reg 18	
consultations;	
we would	
urge urge	
Stevenage to	
aim to	
achieve these	
more more	
ambitious	
w	

266	Climate Change	CC4	Energy Infrastructu re		New Policy CC4 – Energy infrastructur e We welcome the promotion of district heat networks particularly in areas where there are strategic developme nt sites across our boundaries where the scale of joint developme nts proposed would facilitate such schemes.			Comments noted. No change.
267	Climate Change	CC5	Carbon Sinks			New Policy CC5 – Carbon sinks We support the inclusion of this new policy; however, we recognise that given the underbound ed nature of the Borough, any gain in carbon sinks		Comments noted. No change.

						is likely to be limited on a large scale. We recognise the cumulative effect of small gains within Stevenage and support this within this policy.			
268	Climate Change	CC6	Green roofs				New Policy CC6 – Green roofs The policy title should include Green walls in addition to Green roofs. Both provide a substantial contribution towards reducing surface water runoff as well as climate change adaptation/mitigati on. Whilst the policy currently notes that Green walls are harder to install and maintain, this is not considered to be the case if they are designed into the construction and architecture of the building from the outset. This should not be a reason in itself to reduce the importance of		The difficulties in installing and maintaining green walls are well documented. In any case, the title of the policy is of little consequence. No change.

		such features in the policy.	

269	Climate Change	CC7	digital connectivty and buildings regs				New Policy CC7 – Digital connectivity We support the inclusion of this policy, but we are not sure that the Climate Change chapter is the best place for it. Supporting high quality communications is a separate topic in the NPPF and perhaps it would be best placed to place this policy in a separate section to reflect its importance.		Comments acknowledge d and noted.
270	Climate Change	CC8	The Green Economy					New Policy CC8 – The green economy We welcome the promotion of the green economy and circular economy principles; the Policy may benefit from the requiremen t for developers to submit a circular economy statement	Comments acknowledge d and noted.

			and/or specific targets for recycling / diverting site waste from landfill.	

SBC_Comment_ID	Agreements	Theme of Comment	Local	Key	Do you have	Do you have any	Any other	SBC_Response
	(other		Plan	words	any comments	comments on the new	comments	
	consultees		Policy	from text	on new Policy	Policy FP2: Flood risk	can be placed	
	agreeing		No.		FP1:	management? - Flooding	here? -	
	with				Sustainable	and drainage	Flooding and	
	comment)				Drainage?-		drainage	
					Flooding and			
					drainage			

	E	l es. I			
22	Flooding and drainage	FP1	Does more -	-	This is not an unreasonable suggestion.
			need to be done		However, it's unlikely that the costs of such
			to recommend		a policy would justify the benefits. Design
			searches and		teams are generally very good at
			investigation of		anticipating site conditions and the
			sites before		additional investigations/surveys carried out
			proposals for		after permission has been granted are for
			approriate		the most part to determine whether a
			drainage are		drainage system can rely more heavily on
			submitted?		infiltration or, where relevant, to determine
			Recent		which parts of an existing drainage system
			examples		require maintenance or replacement. It is
			include		therefore rare for these tests to necessitate
			developments		comprehensive redesign.
			around North		
			Road that have		It's also the case that changes to SuDS can
			had to introduce		be required for all manner of reasons, not
			substantial		necessarily directly related to flood risk and
			drainage		drainage. SuDS design is influenced heavily
			enhancements,		by site layout, so if changes are required to
			which I believe		the size or position of a building, for
			are after		example, it is highly likely that the drainage
			commencement		layout will also need to be amended. These
			of the schemes.		sorts of changes post-permission are
			Perhaps there		entirely normal and expected, particularly
			could have		for large and complex developments. It's
			been greener		also worth highlighting that the changes
			and visually		around North Road were not the result of
			pleasing options		SuDS-related site investigations.
			if investigation		Ü
			had been done		Actions: None.
			earlier.		

23	Flooding and drainage	General Flooding		My comments are on changes to existing properties - we must not allow people to pave gardens for car parking unless the paving is water permeable. If it was possible it would be good to remove the right to use plastic grass too.	Broadly agreed. Permeable paving isn't always appropriate because it serves little purpose if the underlying ground conditions are such that the water cannot then infiltrate. However, if permeable paving isn't appropriate, it's important that surface water run-off is directed somewhere other than straight out onto the public highway. These principles are already reflected in the council's supplementary planning documents. They are also reflected in the relevant class of permitted development rights. The council cannot influence the use of plastic grass as this does not constitute development. Actions: None.
181	Flooding and drainage			In relation to Policy SP11 it is considered that the policy and supporting text could be more effective in relation to pollution may clarifying that pollution includes noise, light and odour pollution. The policy could also seek to protect the amenity of future occupiers of new development by ensuring that sensitive development is not located in areas where it would be adversely	The proposed wording of Policy SP11 is considered to be appropriate for a strategic policy. It is important to note that it is supported by a set of detailed policies, among these are: Policy FP7, which clarifies that pollution includes air, light and noise pollution; and Policy FP8, which seeks to prevent pollution-sensitive uses from being introduced to areas where they would be affected by existing or planned sources of pollution.

				affected by existing sources of pollution unless any necessary mitigation measures are secured.	
193	Flooding and drainage	Policy FP1: Sustainable drainage (p172) We support the changes to this policy aimed at ensuring utilisation of sustainable drainage systems wherever possible, including the incorporation of green infrastructure such as ponds and green roofs/walls where appropriate.	We welcome the emphasis in Policy FP2: Flood risk management on the renaturalisation of watercourses, which can benefit local biodiversity as well as enhancing flood defences.		Comments acknowledged and noted.

227	Flooding and drainage	FP1	SuDs hierarchy	Policy FP1: Sustainable Drainage Good to see that all development must incorporate SuDS, aim for greenfield run		Comments acknowledged and noted.

228	Flooding and drainage	FP2	new schemes, nature	Policy FP2 Flood Risk Management Its very positive to see that	
			based solutions	that Flood Zone 3b and buffer zones will be kept free	
				from development, and that	
				culverts will be opened up. Good strong wording that all	
				development proposals	
				'must'- however a few	
				proposed wording changes: (a) Flood risk must not	
				increase and must be	
				reduced where applicable,	
				taking future impacts of	
				climate change into account over the lifetime of the	
				development.	
				(c) Pass the sequential	
				and exception tests, as required, and apply the	
				sequential approach to	
				specific site layouts.	
				(d) Protect the integrity	
				of adjacent flood defences	
				and allow sufficient space for access, maintenance,	
				future upgrades <u>and new</u>	
				schemes where applicable.	
				For bullet point (j) it would	
				be useful to have a	
				accompanying guidance paragraph that explains the	
				definition of what resistant	
				and resilient means.	
				We would also propose to	
				add an extra point: (k) <u>Use nature-based</u>	
				solutions to manage flood	
				risk in the first instance	
				where appropriate due to	
				their multi-functional benefits.	

240	Flooding and drainage	FP1, FP2		AWS supports Policies FP1: Sustainable drainage and	Comments noted and acknowledged.
				FP2: Flood risk management. We particularly support new Table 4 (page 172) as the capacity of existing sewers	
				will be increasingly tested by infiltration and more intense and frequent rainfall events. AWS would	
				welcome consideration of the attached position statement on drainage and flooding and	
				the progression of the four points through the Local Plan and implementation work including the approach taken by the	
241	Flooding and drainage	SP1, Stronger approach to climate change and sustainable drainainge and flood risk		LLFA.	Comments Noted.

070	Flooding and during	ED4	New Delieu FD4	The most shale as a few of a set of the
276	Flooding and drainage	FP1	New Policy FP1	The most obvious reason for not providing
			- Sustainable	SuDS is that a development has no effect
			drainage	on the ability of land to absorb rainwater.
			The only clear	This may include changes of use of land,
			and convincing	conversion of existing buildings, certain
			reason for not	types of engineering operations, etc.
			providing SuDS	
			on development	The aim to achieve greenfield run-off rates
			proposals is in	is taken directly from HCC LFRMS2 Policy
			relation to the	15. There is no evidence to suggest that a
			previous land	more stringent policy is required.
			use being	
			contaminated,	Discharge to surface water sewers or
			and it is not	combined sewers are not the most
			possible to	preferable options and this is reflected in
			remediate the	the disposal hierarchy shown in table 4.
			site. Or the	They nonetheless remain part of the
			development	hierarchy, which is taken from the practice
			site is too close	guidance on the non-statutory technical
			to a potable	standards for SuDS, in turn referred to by
			water extraction	LFRMS2 Policy 13.
			site, which there	
			are a number of	No change.
			in	
			Stevenage.	
			Criterion c) is	
			vague;	
			developers	
			should be	
			required to fully	
			demonstrate	
			why they cannot	
			achieve	
			greenfield run-	
			off rates rather	
			than merely aim	
			to achieve	
			greenfield run-	
			off rates.	
			We support the	
			requirement to	
			not discharge	
			surface water to	
			the foul	
			network.	
			However, we	
			understand	
			that there are	
			areas within the	
			Borough where	

	there is a dual	
	there is a dual network system, even in these	
	even in these	
	areas, surface	
	water should	
	not be	
	discharged to the surface	
	the surface	
	water network	
	and should be	
	managed through the use of SuDS.	
	through the use	
	of Suds.	

SBC_Comment_ID	Agreements (other consultees agreeing with comment)	Theme of Comment	Local Plan Policy No.	Key words from text	What are your comments on the revised Policy NH5: Trees and woodland? - Tree Policies	What are your comments on the new Policy NH5b: Tree-lined streets? - Tree Policies	SBC_Response
8		Tree Policies	NH5a		Policy NH5(a) - No mention of impact of light pollution on trees woodland or need to consider impact of light pollution on biodiversity linked to woodland/trees		Policy FP7 requires development proposals to demonstrate that pollution, including light pollution, would have an acceptable impact on the natural environment. Duplicating these provisions in Policy NH5a is unnecessary.
9		Tree Policies	NH5a, NH5b		Should new developments that include the planting of additional woodland be stated as being strongly supported?	Fully agree that the default should be that all new streets created should be tree-lined.	The planting of new woodland is likely to be a rare occurrence unless already mandated by another policy (e.g. to compensate for biodiversity loss). An unintended consequence could therefore be that the council would have to attribute positive weight for the planting of woodland, even though that planting is only proposed to mitigate some other form of harm. This would be highly undesirable. The comments regarding Policy NH5b are noted. Actions: 1. Consider amending Policy NH5a to express support for the planting of new woodland.

20	Tree Policies	NH5a,	Generally this policy	Residential street	Comments asknowledged and noted
20	Tree Policies	NH5a, NH5b	seems sound - we	trees must be	Comments acknowledged and noted.
		ИПОВ			
			must increase our	added - replacing	
			trees and ideally	car parking spaces	
			climate change safe	would be a good	
			native trees should	thing. When I	
			be preferred.	arrived in	
				Stevenage (1987)	
				there were many	
				more street trees.	
				We must reverse	
				this trend.	
				However when	
				trees are added	
				they must be	
				suitable varieties. I	
				have a tree next to	
				my property that	
				has already caused	
				major damage to	
				the drain system	
				because it is a	
				woodland tree and	
				too large for its	
				location.	
				I have commented	
				on trees along	
				cycleways on	
				another question.	
				But this is another	
				way to add both	
				more trees and	
				incorporate more	
				biodiversity.	

101	Tree Policies	NH5a,	The natural seeding		Comments acknowledged and noted.
101	Tree Folicies	NH5b	of trees and shrubs	High Street Old	Comments acknowledged and noted.
		141130	should be	Town	
			encouraged. Much of	The re-planting of	
			the concrete	trees along The	
			underpasses and	Avenue after the	
			cycle ways have	storm, has brought	
			been greatly	life back to this	
			improved by the	historic area. A	
			natural	program of this	
			encroachment of	nature would	
			greenery. it is also	benefit many other	
			the solution to	areas where	
			unsightly defacing of	concrete prevailed	
			walls targeted by	in the past. The	
			graffiti. The artistry,	cost of this	
			recently created in	program is justified	
			the cycle and	expense, long term	
			walkways, is an	and of benefit for	
			excellent example of	all together with	
			how areas, where	the legacy for	
			greenery will not	future generation.	
			naturally grow, can		
			be presented.		
			Stevenage New		
			Town was a concept		
			created fifty years too		
			early. A time when		
			everybody was		
		4	becoming drivers.		
			The 'clean cut' image		
			of the fifties was		
			austere and now has		
			become financially		
			unsustainable. The		
			rebirth of the town,		
			with mature trees and		
			natural foliage has '		
			softened' the original		
			image to one in line		
			with current feelings		
			about the		
			environment and is		
			much more human		
			friendly. Further		
			investment in the		
			cycle lane network is		
			to be encouraged,		
			the recent up grading		
			north of the Old		

	Town shows what can be achieved with good planning.		

				1	
105	Tree Policies	NH5b	-	This is a huge improvement - It	Comments acknowledged and noted.
				will be really good	
				if street trees could	
				be added to	
				existing streets. I	
				remember when I	
				arrived in	
				Stevenage (30	
				years ago) many of	
				the roads had	
				street trees that	
				have been	
				removed over	
				time. I would really	
				encourage their	
				replacement.	
113	Tree Policies	NH5a,	We need to protect	This is great plan	Comments acknowledged and noted.
113	Tree Folicies	NH5b	all our woods	and will help with	Confinents acknowledged and noted.
		TTIOD	un our woods	the air pollution	
163	Tree Policies		Living in a property	Too few resources	Noted but trees that the council has responsibility for
103	Tree Folioles		backing onto	to care for the	will only make up a very small proportion of the trees
			fairlands woods it is a	trees they already	the policy will apply to. In any case, the policy does
			constant struggle to	have responsibility	make provision for management.
			get the council to	for.	make provision for management.
			tend to the trees they	101.	
			already have		
			responsibility for. I		
			understand the need		
			to plant trees but sort		
			the the current		
			woodland areas and		
			replant within these		
			first		
174	Tree Policies	NH5a,	Regulations which	I am greatly for this	The intention is that a financial contribution would be a
174	Tree religios	NH5b	may be sidestepped	proposal.	last resort, available only when it would not be possible
		I VI IOD	under unspecified	proposal.	to provide all replacement planting on-site and priced
			circumstances with		at a level that would discourage use. Ultimately the
			the appliction of		objective is to prevent healthy trees from being felled at
			money is at best a tax		all but where a financial contribution is made, it would
			and at worst *****.		be used solely to fund off-site tree planting. Additional
			The circumstances		subtext to clarify the circumstances under which a
			under which payment		contribution might be acceptable is worthy of
			can be made in lieu		consideration.
			of tree-planting		consideration.
			should be specified.		
			siloula de specifiea.		

187	Tree Policies			I support the proposal for tree	
				lined streets, but	
				object when the following	
				considerations are	
				not included: 1. Tree lined	
				streets that are	
				designed without cycle path make	
				retrofitting one	
				significantly more	
				difficult, or even impossible. This	
				must be prevented.	
				2. Active travel, including cycling,	
				must come first in	
				the design of tree	
				lined streets and be included by	
				default. This will	
				prevent situations in which there is	
				no space for a	
				cycle path while	
				one is required. 3. Cycle paths on	
				the other side of	
				the tree line alongside tree	
				lined streets	
				require separate	
194	Tree Policies		We welcome the	lighting. We also welcome	Comments acknowledged and noted.
			updated Policy NH5a	new Policy NH5b	· ·
			which strengthens protection for existing	which states that new streets should	
			trees and woodland,	be tree-lined by	
			and incorporates	default.	
			revised replacement ratios that depend on		
			the size of trees lost,		
			as we have previously advocated.		
			r. 55as., aarooatoa.		

224	Tree Policies	NH5	new trees	Thank you for		Comments acknowledged and noted.
224	Tree Policies	ипо	new trees	consulting the		Comments acknowledged and noted.
				consulting the		
				Forestry Commission		
				on your partial local		
				plan review.		
				We welcome the new		
				tree policies.		
				The Forestry		
				Commission		
				encourages local		
				authorities to		
				consider the role of		
				trees in delivering		
				planning objectives		
				as part of a wider		
				integrated landscape		
				approach.		
				For instance through:		
				The inclusion of		
				green infrastructure		
				(including trees and		
		· ·		woodland) as a		
				requirement in and		
				around all new		
				development. As		
				stated in the		
				Environmental		
				Improvement Plan		
				2023 it is a strategic		
				government objective		
				to increase the net		
				area of tree canopy		
				and woodland cover		
				to 16.5% of total land		
				area in England by		
				2050. It goes on to		
				state that that		
				increasing tree cover		
				is key to achieving		
				the Net Zero Strategy		
				and species		
				abundance targets.		
				The Forestry		
				Commission is		
				seeking to ensure		
				that tree planting is a		
				consideration in		
				every development		
				not just as		
				compensation for]	

		loss. • Promoting the use of home grown timber used in construction as a sustainable building material, therefore reducing the embodied carbon emissions of new builds. In line with the Government's 25 Environment Plan (Page 47), the "Timber in construction" roadmap and the Net Zero Strategy. We would expect to see careful consideration of any impacts and any weightings which might be applied to any assessment of potential sites, especially those affecting Ancient Semi Natural Woodland and Priority Habitat Woodland.	
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278	Tree Policies	NH5a	Support NH5a	New Policy NH5a – Trees and woodland We support the amendment and inclusion of a more thorough policy as set out in Policy NH5a.		Comments noted. No change.
279	Tree Policies	NH5b	Support NH5b		New Policy NH5b – Tree-lined streets We support the addition of this policy; however, it should be noted that tree-lined streets can act as a pollution trap along roads. Such streets should be planted in such a way to provide shade and habitat, whilst also allowing for pollutants from road traffic to disperse through the tree canopy.	Comments noted.
SRC Comment ID Agreements	Thomas of Command	ocal Ke	wwords W	hat are your comments o	on the maries of malies 2	SRC Response

SBC_Comment_ID	Agreements (other consultees agreeing with comment)	Theme of Comment	Local Plan Policy No.	Key words from text	What are your comments on the revised policy? - Station Gateway Opportunity Area	SBC_Response

6	Station Gateway Opportunity Area	TC4	Station Gateway	Fully support the demolition of the leisure centre and the move of the facilities to a more appropriate location. There is a huge opportunity to create a much better train station, linking it to the town, bus station and other facilities. This will draw more people into the town rather than filtering into the leisure park or immediately getting into a car and travelling away. Careful consideration needs to be given to the traffic implications of closing the road and there may need to be junction improvements to other roads around the Stevenage town centre.	Comments acknowledged and noted.
19	Station Gateway Opportunity Area	TC4		I am basically in favour of the policy - It is essential that the existing fast north south Route 12 cycleway is retained since this is effectively a cycle highway. the addition of a route further to the east. Il like the last radical proposal for the restructuring of Lytton way. This will make the village feel more human scale.	Noted.
161	Station Gateway Opportunity Area	TC4		Lytton Way proposed reconfiguration Options 0 and 1 are incompatable with the aims of having an attractive pedestrian gateway and incorporating sustainable travel. As such, they do not comply with the local plan, so should be explicitly ruled out as possibilities. Another stated aim is 'celebrating the heritage of the town'. I consider the current railway station to be of great cultural and architectural value. I do not believe that demolition is the only solution to the problems the station faces. The gateline should be widened into where the ticket office is, and the ticket office should be moved to where the convenience store is. With redevelopment of Lytton Way, additional room for nearby retail may be provided, along with the supposedly needed larger drop off and taxi rank facilities. The capacity of the shallow stairs may be increased by reinstating the travelator that used to be there.	Policy TC4 has been designed to ensure there is flexibility for options 1 – 3. Sustainable travel has been built into the policy wording to ensure all forms of transport, especially cycling and walking, are factored in to any potential future development. The policy wording for TC4 includes the design principle for any future applications and is shown below: vii. Improved cycle connectivity and parking plus drop-off space to specifically serve train customers; The train station has recently celebrated 50 years since it was opened, and it's heritage has been recorded for future generations. Any development which affects the station will be considered appropriately by all.
164	Station Gateway Opportunity Area	TC4		I believe option 3 the way to go as bus interchange is close to station and be even closer if proposal to build new stevenage station where car park adjacent to police station is	Comments acknowledged and noted.

172	Station Gateway Opportunity Area	TC4	At present access from street level to the ticket/boarding area for the station is very limited for disabled, pushchairs and people with luggage. Please could your plans include better provision that is not limited by disabled keys or night-time closures, bearing in mind that we are now on a train line with direct links to Gatwick airport.	This has been noted. During the Station Gateway Area Action Plan consultation (AAP) accessibility was highlighted as an issue and this has been recognised within the subtext of the policy in paragraph 7.39. A high quality major mixed-use redevelopment around the train station that addresses these concerns is necessary to meet the growing expectations of a rising population and the international business community located in the Borough. Such schemes will enable the station to have an improved concourse and booking facilities, easy and improved accessibility for all pedestrians.
178	Station Gateway Opportunity Area	TC4	We broadly support the changes to the overarching spatial strategy for the Local Plan which shows an update to the use classes and development focussed within the Station Gateway Opportunity Area. This is once again in line with the updated climate change policy.	Comments acknowledged and noted.

	Station Gateway Opportunity Area		Policy TC4: Station Gateway Major Opportunity Area (pp98-101) We welcome: • acknowledgement that tackling climate change is one of the most important objectives requiring a response from the Station Gateway AAP; • the aspiration to create an exemplar low-carbon development and active public realm in the redeveloped Station Gateway area; • the emphasis on mixed-use development to meet the needs of local communities. The following comments assume the adoption of Option 2 of the AAP: We welcome the statement at 7.39C that Potential Layout 1 is the preferred cycle layout. To protect air quality in the re-developed Station realm, we encourage SBC to limit permitted waiting times for passenger drop-off/pick-up, and to implement a no-idling policy in drop-off areas, to reduce vehicle emissions. Provision for people with mobility issues could emulate designs such as at Cambridge railway station where a segregated single lane for setting down and picking up is in place. Designs should prioritise provision for active travel modes (walking/cycling/public transport) and the needs of those with reduced mobility and should be developed through ongoing consultation with users. We would advocate the adoption of a 20mph speed limit on Lytton Way once redeveloped, to support the objective of creating a welcoming public realm in this area.	Comments noted. Policy TC4 has been designed to ensure sustainability is considered. Sustainable travel has been built into the policy wording to ensure all forms of transport, especially cycling and walking, are factored in to any potential future development. The policy wording for TC4 includes the design principle for any future applications vii. Improved cycle connectivity and parking plus drop-off space to specifically serve train customers;
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196	Station Gateway Opportunity Area	The policy is supported as the design and land use principles encourage active travel (principles i, viii and x) and the creation of spaces that would support physical activity (principle vi). The principles in the policy would align with Sport England's Active Design guidance https://www.sportengland.org/guidance-and-support/facilities-and-planning/design-and-cost-guidance/active-design and be consistent with	
		specifically supported as this recognises that the strategically important sports facilities in the Arts & Leisure Centre need to be replaced within the town centre to facilitate the demolition of the existing centre	

206	Station Gateway Opportunity Area		SP4 A Vital Town Centre Muse strongly support the promotion of the comprehensive and co-ordinated regeneration of Stevenage Town Centre. It is noted that the policy includes very specific land uses and floorspace targets for different land uses and the number of homes. As Muse works up its proposals for the Station Gateway it would be useful to review the detail of the policy. For instance, there is potential for Build to Rent housing, co-living and a wide range of employment and research opportunities and it is important that these are supported alongside those uses currently listed in the draft policy. TC4 Station Gateway Major Opportunity Area Muse support the changes to the policy which seek to update the specific requirements, consistent with the AAP process and climate change imperatives. As it works up its masterplan for the Station Gateway area it would welcome the opportunity to work with the Council to: Refine the specific requirements of the policy to ensure it is deliverable and provides an appropriate amount of flexibility with, for instance, encouragement for Build to Rent homes, co-living and a wide range of employment opportunities (see comments on SP4 above). 1. Help define what is meant by 'an exemplar low carbon urban village' (criteria ii). Muse support the principle of such aspiration and, as set out in the comments on draft policy SP1, it is important that this is carefully defined to ensure that it delivers development which meets a shared objective to address climate change whilst also being able to deliver new jobs, homes and necessary new infrastructure which the policy also seeks to deliver.	The comments have been noted and the policy will be amended to reflect flexibility in approach to TC4. Use Class E(g)(ii) (Research and development), is another use class which will be added to the policy definition as stated in the Reg 18 comments. The council supports the flexibility of employment uses. We will also recognise the support for a range of C3 types. SP4 already contains the wording: b. Promote the comprehensive and coordinated regeneration of Stevenage Central (Town Centre plus adjoining sites). This will provide for in the order of 4,700m2 of additional comparison retail floorspace, 3,000 new homes and an improved range of shopping, bars, restaurants, leisure, community, civic and cultural facilities. An extended and regenerated train station will be the focus of an enlarged Stevenage Central area, within which six Major Opportunity Areas will be designated to promote distinct mixed-use redevelopment schemes. Stevenage Borough Council are flexible to priorities in the Opportunity Areas, including a range of C3 uses. Any potential development will also be in accordance with other policies in the plan, in particular SP1 and CC1 - CC7.
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214	Station Gateway Opportunity Area	TC4	The Station Gateway Major Opportunity Area is focussed around the station in Stevenage and is outside the immediate setting of the Town Square Conservation Area and its associated heritage assets. Therefore, it is not considered a highly sensitive location. However, the wider town centre area is an intrinsic part of the setting of the central area, and the masterplanning itself is of historical interest. This should be taken into account as proposals are developed. We therefore welcome criteria ix and supporting text paragraphs 7.38A to 7.38F, which require that applications "celebrate the heritage of the town in the fabric, layout, and design of the Station Gateway." We hope that this will lead to thoughtful designs that reflect the local character and history, ensuring that development enhances rather than diminishes the historical context of the area. Our recommendation None.	Comments acknowledged and noted.
246	Station Gateway Opportunity Area	TC4 Green infrastru	TC4 Could "green infrastructure in the public realm" be updated to "blue-green infrastructure"? SuDS features should be considered as part of any landscape proposals and if well designed can provide multiple benefits while still being attractive and contributing to high quality public open space/public realm. For further advice on what we expect to be contained within the FRA to support an outline planning application, please refer to our Developers Guide and Checklist on our surface water drainage webpage https://www.hertfordshire.gov.uk/services/recyclingwaste-and-environment/water/surface-water-drainage/surface-water-drainage.aspx this link also includes HCC's policies on SuDS in Hertfordshire	Agree with comments and will incorporate into text.

Amended Policy TC4 – Station Gateway Major Opportunity Area TC4 Amended Policy TC4 – Station Gateway Major Opportunity Area To confirm, the removal of 'an extended' train station, 'new bus station' and 'new multi storey car parking' relates to the delivery of Platform 5, the relocated bus station on Lytton Way and the multi storey car park on the north car park site, and so their inclusion is not appropriate in the revision of Policy TC4. The delivery of the multi storey car park on the north car park has resulted in an apparently inaccessible parcel of land further north, bounded by Lytton Way, Fairlands Way and the East Coast Mainline. We understand that the parcel of land is in the ownership of Stevenage Borough Council and has the potential to create a landmark development which could be predominantly residential led, between 6 and

SBC_Comment_ID	Agreements	Theme of Comment	Local	Key words	What are your comments on the new policy GD2:	SBC_Response
	(other		Plan	from text	Design certification? - Design	
	consultees		Policy			
	agreeing		No.			
	with					
	comment)					

	which case the policy should be worded to the effect that the highest rating proposals will be chosen over other weaker ones. I think that is what the last sentence is trying to say but this must be clear.	The council must balance the standards set in policy with what can actually be delivered by developers. In this case, the policy encourages developments to achieve high BREEAM/HQM ratings but does not require it. This means that if a development is designed to achieve these standards, that can be given positive weight when deciding whether or not to grant permission. However, if the standards are not achieved, then there will be no policy conflict. This is considered to be a balanced and appropriate approach.
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169	Design	As you are aware the current National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) states that local planning policy and decisions are to Promote healthy and safe communities. In paragraph 96 (b) it states that "96. Planning policies and decisions should aim to achieve healthy, inclusive and safe places and beautiful buildings which: (b) are safe and accessible, so that crime and disorder, and the fear of crime, do not undermine the quality of life or community cohesion â€" for example through the use of beautiful, well-designed, clear and legible pedestrian and cycle routes, and high quality public space, which encourage the active and continual use of public areas;†However on page 56 of the current local plan Policy SP;8 Good Design makes no mention of the need to address issues around crime, disorder, and the fear of crime â€" Yet it is one of the policies cited as the replacement for the old policy TW10 †Crime Prevention'. This needs to be reassessed and should include reference to the Police preferred minimum security standard that is Secured by Design (SBD). In addition, the National Modal Design Code (NMDC) states in part 2 chapter 8 â€" †Public Space' s.P3.i Secured by Design â€" states "Neighbourhoods need to be designed to make all people feel safe and to reduce the incidence of crime in accordance with the recommendations of Secured by Design which includes guidance for housing, commercial space, schools, hospitals and sheltered accommodation. Support and advice is available from the police through a network of Designing Out Crime Officers (DOCOs) across the UK. Secured by Design advice incorporates proven crime prevention techniques and measures into the layout and design of places and spaces.†Again, this advice appears to have been omitted.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Consideration has been given. Policy SP8 updated to include reference to reducing crime and the fear of crime in new developments.
203	Design	Therefore, to ensure that Policy SP8 'Good Design' is consistent with national policy we would request the inclusion of a policy strand such as: "take a comprehensive and co-ordinated approach to development including respecting existing site constraints including utilities situated within sites."	Comments noted and wording checked.

274	Design	New Policy GD2 – Design certification	BREEAM is considered to be the most appropriate
		We support the introduction of a policy requiring design	standard because it is the most established and
		benchmarks/ certification. The policy mentions BREEAM	wide-ranging. The council is content that
		as a method to measure performance. Is BREEAM the	references to previous SPDs do not need to be
		most appropriate standard or should the policy be	updated as part of the partial review. No change.
		broadened to incorporate other standards such as LETI	
		or Passivhaus.	
		Paragraph 10.5 of the Local Plan refers to the old	
		Design Guide SPD adopted in 2009, this should be	
		updated and refer to the SPD adopted in January 2023.	
		This wording update should then be included in the	
		schedule of changes for Reg 18.	

SBC_Comment_ID	Agreements (other consultees agreeing with comment)	Theme of Comment	Local Plan Policy No.	What are your comments on the new policy HO14 Houses of Multiple Occupation (HMOs)?- Houses of Multiple Occupation (HMOs)	SBC_Response
25		Houses of Multiple Occupation (HMOs)	HO14	I am not against HMO's but since these residents are usually less affluent if MUST be included in requirements that cycle facilities must be available and easy to use by everyone. This means no lifting and easy access to the front of the property.	Agreed. Cycle parking requirements for HMOs are set by the Parking and Sustainable Transport SPD and must be complied with according to Policy IT5.
112		Houses of Multiple Occupation (HMOs)	HO14	I am dead against HMOs as they are taking good family home	The proposed policy only seeks to clarify the existing position, as there is currently no policy specifically for HMOs. There would be no justification for introducing a general presumption against the creation of new HMOs.
167		Houses of Multiple Occupation (HMOs)	HO14	I am not happy with this approach. Landlords profiteering	The proposed policy only seeks to clarify the existing position, as there is currently no policy specifically for HMOs. There would be no justification for introducing a general presumption against the creation of new HMOs.

171	Houses of Multiple Occupation (HMOs)		Page 154 Policy HO14 deals with Houses of Multiple Occupation (HMOs) again it is suggested that reference to SBD and Hertfordshire Constabulary's Crime Prevention Design Service should be made here due to the impact that SBD has on issues regarding crime, disorder, and the fear of crime.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Consideration has been given. Policy SP8 updated to include reference to reducing crime and the fear of crime in new developments.
173	Houses of Multiple Occupation (HMOs)	HO14	HMO's have a significant impact on residential areas. We have seen it first hand. Parking, which is at a premium in many areas is impacted by HMO's which then swamp the close surrounding area into people parking dangerously with no thought for others. In addition, noise issues also impact on the residents close to an HMO as their friends & family visit. At times it can feel like living next to a hotel with noise 24/7 which is not how a residential street/area should be. The voice of all residents where an HMO is being proposed should be heard, importantly included in any proposed change. Their voices should not be ignored.	Developments are required to have an acceptable impact on highway safety by Policy IT4. Compliance with parking standards is required by Policy SP5. Acceptable noise impacts are required by Policy GD1 and Policy FP7. These policies apply to HMOs as they do to other forms of residential accommodation. Since 2017, it has been necessary to apply to the council for planning permission to convert a dwellinghouse into an HMO. Upon receipt of such an application, the council has a statutory duty to consult neighbouring occupiers and take into account any responses when deciding the application.

176	Houses of Multiple Occupation (HMOs)	HO14	I accept that a room in a house of multiple occupation can help with the overall housing shortage but the pressure on car parking in roads with several HMOs can be disadvantageous to all who live in the road. Therefore I think it is only sensible to only allow HMOs, whether large or small, in exceptional circumstances. And, even then, there should be a stipulation that there is only a maximum of one allowed per road/close. People who pay Council Tax in one of the higher bands hope that by paying a bit extra they can park their cars near to their homes.	The proposed policy only seeks to clarify the existing position, as there is currently no policy specifically for HMOs. There would be no justification for introducing a general presumption against the creation of new HMOs.
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186	Houses of Multiple Occupation (HMOs)		I object to HO14 in its current form because of several important omissions: 1. Cycle parking is not referred to, even though it is arguably even more important in the case of HMOs. It also partially addresses any car parking issues that an HMO might otherwise cause. 2. Cycling should be more convenient to use through conveniently located cycle parking that is usable by people from the ages of 8 to 80 and easy to reach when departing or arriving. 3. E-bike charging facilities should be present in the cycle parking facilities of an HMO	Policy IT5 requires developments to comply with the Parking SPD. In turn, the Parking SPD sets cycle parking standards for HMOs and requires compliance with the cycle parking design standards set by the county council.
273	Houses of Multiple Occupation (HMOs)	HO14	New Policy HO14 – Houses in Multiple Occupation Whilst we support the inclusion of this new policy, it would be pertinent to point to policies/policy subjects that you want the HMO's to comply with in particular within the policy of supporting text.	See paragraph 9.98F. No change.

SBC_Comment_ID	Agreements (other consultees agreeing with comment)	Theme of Comment	Local Plan Policy No.	Key words from text	Please let us know your Other / General comments here? - Other Comments	SBC_Response
1		Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	Local Scout groups provide so much for youngsters who have precious little resources for things to do that keep them occupied in constructive ways with good role models and opportunities to really become a part of their community. Horrified that such a local resource, inuding the trees on site would be demolished to build more flats. Do better Stevenage Council. Find a site that's not used already for community cohesion.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
2		Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	I oppose H01/13, the building of 18 homes on the land occupied by the Chells Scout HQ in Drakes Drive. I was disappointed to read that the council have yet again chosen this site for a development of multiple homes. As can be read on the other comments, this is a wholly inappropriate area for such a development, but I wanted to comment on a personal level how the Chells Scouts have been life changing for my son who has special needs. He joined several years ago and has gained so much in the way of confidence, skills, and most importantly, wonderful friendships that he has been unable to find elsewhere, even at school. I am sure this applies to other children as well and that the Council take this into consideration when making their decision.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.

3	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	Ref H01/13 I oppose to the plan for 18 houses to be built on the land where Chells Scout Hut currently sits. The Scout hut is a vital part of the community, giving over 100 young people a safe place to come each week to develop friendships, confidence and skills in a number of different areas. The hut and outside areas allow the group to carry out numerous activities and events within safe confines. The trees and wildlife help the group to connect with nature and have a better understanding of the world. The †Healthy Stevenage Strategy' aims to reduce childhood obesity and increase physical activity. If the houses are to be built, children and adults would have even less spaces as to where they can develop their physical fitness. Mental health issues are on the rise in both children and adults at an alarming rate, if the Scout Hut was to be removed, the loss of opportunities available to both children and adults would be detrimental and add more stress to the	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
5	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	ever-stretched NHS. To loose the hut would be a great shame. Ref H01/13 There is already a shortage of parking in Drakes Drive. 18 houses must be at least 18 cars minimum but most houses will have 2 or 3 cars which will push the lack of parking to unacceptable levels. I already have to sometime park 5 minutes away if I return late in the evening. There are no spare spaces to be had, there is no give. Do your traffic survey at 10pm when people are home!	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
7	Other Comments	HO11	Housing and Older people	Policy HO11 - Paras 9.87A - E M4(1) minimum entrance width very narow. Can we set a wider minimum width, perhaps 850mm, as in M4(2). M4(1) is meant to make a property visible by a disabled person who can walk, but handrails are only specified for 3 or more steps. This is not sufficient, Can we tighten this to 2 or more steps and tighten the language around allowing houses to be built with a step to the front door so it is an absolute exception? Developers are given a getout, if building accessible housing would stop them meeting other goals, such as affordable housing goals. However, accessible housing is likely to be most in demand in the affordable and social sector. Can this be tightened up to ensure more accessible housing in the social and affordable sectors?	The council can only set a policy for which standard must be met and cannot alter the standards themselves. The Council recognises a higher need for M4(2) and M4(3) Amongst affordable tensures and this is refelected in the proposed policy albiet not explicitly.

10	Other Comments	HO1/13		I strongly oppose H01/13, the building of 18 homes on the land occupied by the Chells Scout HQ in Drakes Drive. This will remove a vital community hub and a place for youth development. In addition, drakes drive is already overcrowded and there is no parking on street left in the evening. development of further 18 homes will only make the matters worse and local residents will suffer even more.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
13	Other Comments		Horse routes	I respond on behalf of the Patchetts Green Bridleways Trust (which covers Hertfordshire) and the British Horse Society Hertfordshire Committee. We would like to see the return of the local plan commitment to preserving and completing the Stevenage Horse and Pony Route. There are many horse riders around the edges of the Borough. Paths that are dedicated as bridleways can also be used by walkers and cyclists. We would like to see the restoration of the plan from the last but one local plan. The text was: 8.8.4 The Borough Council designated a Horse and Pony Riding Route in 1983 around the edge of Stevenage linking surrounding bridleways and incorporating a route diagonally across the Town through Fairlands Valley. The linking up of the existing Horse and Pony Route and its extension to the countryside is considered important as it is seen as an essential leisure facility and enables access to the countryside. It is therefore considered vital that the existing and proposed routes are protected. The retention, maintenance and extension of this route will therefore be promoted by the Borough Council. Developments which incorporate an existing Horse and Pony Route such as the development at Stevenage West will be expected to make provision to allow the routes to be extended into the surrounding countryside. POLICY L23: HORSE AND PONY ROUTE Any reduction to the existing and proposed Horse and Pony Route as shown on the Proposals Map will be resisted. Where appropriate, new developments will be expected to include land for the extension of the Horse and Pony Route. Any development which adversely affects the route will not be permitted unless a satisfactory alternative route is provided. The BHS and PGBT have some suggestions for slight changes to	Comments acknowledged and noted. This issue will be considered as part of the Full Local Plan Review which commences next year.

	the original route to accommodate development that has taken place since the original lines were determined, and we would like to liaise with the Council on the route to be shown on the local plan proposals map.	

14	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	I wish to have the following comments considered in respect of H01/13. The proposal to build 18 dwellings on the land currently occupied by the Chells Scout Headquarters needs to be cancelled. Although I recognise the need for additional housing in Stevenage, there is also a considerable need for amenities for young people as is noted in the Local Plan which states that there should be no loss of community facilities. Stevenage Borough Council has closed all its Play Centres and there is not adequate provision for regular activities for young people. Scouting is in a unique position to fill a necessary gap, but this can only be done comprehensively if a Scout Group has a suitable building with land attached. Many of the activities undertaken in Scouting require equipment (such as stoves, tents, pioneering poles) that has to be stored with easy access for weekly meetings. The Chells Scout Group is the largest in Stevenage with around 100 young people attending weekly meetings. Activities include environmental learning, cooking, camping skills and a wide variety of other useful life skills. These cannot be effectively done in a shared rented Hall. Whenever the weather is fine, Chells Scouts are outside using its attached field. Tent pitching cannot take place indoors, nor can the regular archery sessions or firelighting to name just three activities. Young people come to the Chells Scout HQ from all across the town, not just the local area, so adequate parking facilities are also required. I have been involved with the Chells Scout Group as a parent and leader for over forty years and cannot emphasise enough the value it contributes to the community. I object to the suggestion that the parcel of land currently occupied by the Chells Scout Group is considered better used solely for housing. The benefits to the Community provided by Scout far outweigh the need for a few houses. Ruth Jermy 257 Chells Way SG2 0LZ	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
15	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	I strongly oppose the demolition of the scout hut. Yet again it's another resource being taken away from our children and other members of the community that use the building. The parking/flow of traffic can already be very difficult at that end of Drakes Drive during school drop off and pick up t times especially so this will further increase that problem. Also there are a number of trees on the site and it concerns me that these will be cut down and wildlife affected.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated

					elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
16	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	I oppose H01/13, the building of 18 homes on the land occupied by the Chells Scout HQ in Drakes Drive. The Local plan states in SP5 Infrastructure that Permission for new development needs to make reasonable provision for youth facilities. And in SP9 sections G and H both support the provision of community facilities. However, the proposal to replace a vital local community facility (the Chells Scout HQ) with housing, seems to be against both of these objectives. (A similar situation has already occurred where the 5th Scout HQ off Shephall View was sequestered for replacement with housing, but NO suitable alternative accommodation for the Scout Group was found.) The Scouts offer a vital Youth Facility to their locality, and replacement of their HQ with a small number of houses, compared to the overall numbers in the Local Plan, seems to be against all the other principals of good development. At this rate there will be no Scout facilities available to any of the localities, leaving only those on the peripheries of the town.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
17	Other Comments	SP13		Thank you for consulting The Hertfordshire Gardens Trust on this partial review We have the following comments on Policy SP13, The Historic Environment. 1 Although Listed Buildings and Conservation Areas are included, there is no mention of Historic Parks and Landscapes in the Policy. 2. There are no nationally designated parks and gardens in SBC area but there are sites of Local Historic Interest which should be accorded protection (appropriate with their status). 3. HGT has identified and researched some of these and this project is ongoing. There are still significant features at Rooks Nest, Shepalbury and elsewhere. 4. In addition there are some sites in neighbouring LPA for which Stevenage provides the setting, such as Chesfield Park and Knebworth Park. The setting of these heritage assets should also be safeguarded under Policy SP13. 5. SBC does not appear to have a Local List of historic parks and gardens in its area, contrary to NPPF 198 and Historic England Advice, GPA1 and GPA3.2	Maintaining a local list of heritage assets is not a mandatory requirement but the council does recognise that it is recommended. The council already maintains a local list of historic buildings and consideration should be given to affording the same protections to parks, gardens and landscapes of local importance. However, heritage policies currently fall beyond the scope of the partial review and update to the local plan. Accordingly, this issue will be marked for consideration as part of the full review of the local plan, which commences

						next year. Actions: 1. Consider preparation of a local list of historic parks and gardens as part of the full review of the local plan. 2. Consider strengthening heritage policies as part of the full review of the local plan.
18	1 Oth	her Comments		Transport, Cycling	Transport - I want this plan to reflect that the town has a most amazing network of cycleways but that through previous planning mistakes and omissions this has become disjointed in a few areas and the missing links need to be put in to encourage more use of the network. This is your opportunity to right that and make Stevenage famous once more for its amazing Cycling culture rather than (as it is at present) pointed at as the place that failed to make cycling accepted.	The council cannot revisit historic planning permissions through the local plan. However, Policy SP1 and SP6 lastest revision ensures that adequate cycle links are incorporated where sites are redeveloped and where entirely new sites come forward for development. Actions: 1. Review existing policies to ensure that adequate provision is made for the cycle network.
28	Oth	her Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	It is no different to what they did to the 7th stevenage group they gave it to a playgroup and they had to move to another area which would not work the 5th scout group has had to move for flats and house this town is no good anymore for young people no one is safe from having to have a group moved	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not

					be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
29	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	Objection to HO1/13 the development of 18 homes on Chells Scout hut land Drakes Drive. I wish to strongly object to the above housing development. The Chells Scout Group is the largest in Stevenage with over 100 young members of all age groups, social areas and abilities, at its core consisting of Beavers (2 Colonies), Cubs (2 Packs) and Scouts (2 Troops) from a very wide catchment area, the hut is also used by Brownies, community clubs e.g. Dog clubs, Dance Schools and those wishing to hold functions (Funeral Receptions, Local bouncy castle business equipment maintenance, Birthdays and Family Gatherings) it is in use 5 days a week and most weekends. The Group is extremely widely respected for the quality of scouting it provides. The catchment area is growing with the large housing developments on Gresley way. The group therefore will undoubtably expand with the increase in housing and will continue to provide a ready made purpose built facility for young people which will not be available within the new developments. The location is readily served by the SB1 Bus route, is readily accessible off Mobbsbury Way with good walking access. Keeping this facility for the hundreds of homes being built and the current estates far out ways the loss to the expanding community at the cost of the insignificant and tiny percentage gain of an additional 18 houses WITH the local and wider impact that would cause to both local areas and to Scouting as a whole across the Stevenage District. Scouting provides a large and diverse range of activities designed (covering all age and abilities) to develop the character and skills making a significant and large difference to the young people and providing opportunities not readily available elsewhere. The Chells Hut is purpose built with a hall, equipped kitchen, equipment storage facilities, car park and safe secure fenced outside area. This allows the group to be totally flexible in running programmes at any time, allowing rapid change if necessary due to weather, leader availa	Actions: None.

30	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site	other and outside activities including instruction, training, demonstration, practice in outside and camping skills, outside first aid, fires, nature and green education, fetes to name just a few, the list is endless. As previously stated, these are all within a secure and safe fenced area. These are in addition to the large range of indoor activities offered by and enabled with the provision of accessible equipment. The provision of these types of facilities and resources must be considered and provided for with any plan. Bob Wright 6 Burns Close Stevenage SG2 0JN	
			allocation	same thing happen in oakscross	

31	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	Thi scout hut provides so much for the local community. Many enjoyed their recent summer fair, showing how well supported it is. It would be terrible to remove this provision for our young people.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
32	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	We object the proposed plans to demolish the scout hut. It's an invaluable resource for children to access and seems to have a real communal feel to it. This was particularly evident at their recent fundraising event, which brought the wider community together.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
33	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	This is shocking development - surely rather than cut provision for young people the Council should be increasing provisions. However no matter how much people protest ,decisions have already been taken. Currently the new Labour Government have decided that homes will be built wherever despite local objections - one can only hope that if houses must be built on the land in question will be for social housing for local people.	

34	1	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	I oppose H01/13, the building of 18 homes on the land occupied by the Chells Scout HQ in Drakes Drive. Chells Scout Group is an asset to the local community. Both my children have been through scouts there and it has been a tremendous benefit to them. It develops character, confidence, skills and a social environment outside of school. It serves over 100 youth every week with a range of scouting groups. It is a fantastic facility that has its own parking (thus not creating more crowded parking on Drake's Drive) and the land at the back allows for camp fires, archery and other scouting activities. This is a real benefit to the young people attending. It is the second largest scout group in Stevenage; in terms of a community group serving the young people in Stevenage, Chells Scouts is a shining example. The hut and land are such an asset to local youth that fair outweighs any benefit of building some extra homes. Drakes Drive is already crammed with parked parks. It doesn't make sense to build more homes and have more parked cars on a piece of land that is serving so many young people so well. The Scout hut is in a very accessible location being in Chells and within easy distance of Pin green and other nearby districts. It is very accessible to families. In terms of the council encouraging youth work in the town, I really commend Chells Scouts and oppose any plans to build homes on this site.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
35		Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	No to demolishing the Scouts Hut. Do you want Stevenage to become a ghost town with young people roaming the streets with nothing to do but cause trouble?	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
36		Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	Why does stevenage borough council have such an obsession with 'stealing' away small pockets of land that are vital to the community. I understand houses are needed, but not at the expense of small, easily accesible areas where people play, walk dogs, or just generally enjoy the space, not to mention wildlife, flowers and insects etc!! But sadly I know, no matter how much opposition there is, it is just a formality to ask and the planning will be granted regardless. It's a really sad state of affairs. Aren't the big	

					developments in North Road, Symmonds Green and Gresley Way enough? And when are you going to think about all the infrastructure? Stevenage will be gridlocked in 10 years.	
37		Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	Reference H01/13: I strongly oppose the proposed development of residential homes on Drakes Drive, particularly the demolition of the Scout Hut, which serves as a vital community resource and supports the activities of local youth. The area already faces significant challenges with parking availability, and the construction of a new residential complex would exacerbate this issue, making parking virtually unattainable.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
38		Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	Leave the Scot hut alone kids and family use this all the time we don't need anymore homes our gp surgery can't cope as it istheir are plenty of flats being built in the town centre the community needs this hut	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
39	0	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	As a resident in drakes done for over 40 years, I object to this. The roads simply cannot cope with more parking and traffic. And you would be taking away a valuable community building.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not

						be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
40		Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	I very strongly object to this proposal!! Loose yet another community space - like they took away the Sea Cadet site a couple of years ago?? (This site is derelict & totally vandalised now) What will happen to Chells Scout hut - the same no doubt. This council cares nothing for the youth of this town - only interested in making money - nothing else. Apart from which - what about the infrastructure to support these new houses etc? Current infrastructure can't cope as it is. Who are they building these houses for? Illegal ***** no doubt - certainly not our own people! This scout hut must not be lost - want the kids roaming the streets taking drink & ***** etc, getting involved with gangs - knives, fire arms & similar violence? This will be the result of destroying yet another community space.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
41	1	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	I strongly object to the proposal. As a local resident we already have issues with parking particularly at that end of the road where it narrows, building 18 new dwellings will only exacerbate this. Also where will the local children go to attend scouts etc? Having affordable opportunities for children to attend clubs are so important. This is an ill thought out proposal with little or no consideration given to the local residents.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
42		Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	I object to the proposal, yet another community building away. Bradbury End looses community centre with a promise of a new one, now that is being completely ignored. Stevenage's history is built around community hubs for local people, this is being destroyed, with no thought for Stevenage youth.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility

					is protected under this and other local plan policies.
43	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	Drakes drive and the infrastructure supporting this plot do not allow for any more houses or vehicles!!	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies. TOM ADD IN COMMENT ABOUT PARKING
44	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	I object to the proposal of demolishing the Checks Scout Hut and replacing it with residential housing. Myself and my partner attended the Chells fete recently, led by Scouts themselves, and the children's ingenuity brought a resounding sense of community that is hard to come by nowadays.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
45	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	Our growing children need this!	
46	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	This is getting ridiculous in Stevenage every tiny bit of space is getting taken over by †hones†mainly flats. This has been part of the community for years and is just not in keeping with the area. I whole heartedly oppose this	

47	0	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	I do not agree with the proposal for 18 houses as there is insufficient activities for young people and removing the scout hut and facilities will be a detrimental step backwards. Also parking in the area is a major concern with additional traffic mean the development is totally unsuitable and the application rejected and	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
48	1	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	Stevenage new town was specifically designed to include open and social spaces, to enhance "quality of life†for residents. While there is pressure to build housing, it should not and must not be to the detriment of local social facilities and local social spaces. If "The heart of a town lies in its peopleâ€, has any substantive meaning, and not just a byline, then this development and others which chip away at the founding fabric of Stevenage, should be refused.	
49		Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	I am objecting to the proposal to demolish the Scout Hut in Drakes Drive for the erection of 18 houses. Since a child myself back in the 1970s, the Scout Hut has been used not only by the Scouting association but also as a Sunday School and Dancing Academy as well as many other clubs and parties. All of these not only provide children the opportunity to learn new physical and life skills which can help them in the future, they provide a safe place away from the stresses and troubles of life and help them to have good mental health, something which is desperately needed in this post COVID age. To remove such an important facility for the sake of a mere 18 houses (new abodes for approx 36 children if the 2.4 rule is followed) to the detriment of 100s is nonsensical. Our children need safe places to learn to grow into happy healthy adults, taking away these facilities will only add to miserable childhoods and poor mental health. I urge you to reconsider and think of the impact the loss of this building would have on the community.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
50		Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	I strongly oppose the proposed development to replace the scout hut on Drakes drive with residential properties. The scout hut is an important resource for the scouting community and the hut allows for camps and groups throughout the week.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut

						is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
51		Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	Reference H01/13. I strongly oppose the demolition of the scouts hut especially with the replacement of 18 new homes. Firstly, the traffic and congestion in Drakes Drive makes driving very difficult and is not safe during school time. The construction of 18 homes would only negatively contribute to this further. Secondly, taking away a local resource for children that helps build core life skills, offers an escape from a difficult world and provide a healthy social environment for the betterment of their mental health just to make a few extra quid for either the council or private landlords is appalling. There are lots of other areas to build on that would not be such a detriment to a local community. Please reconsider the demolition of the scouts hut.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
52	1	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	Strongly object- taking away yet another part of a community amenity	
53		Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	Where would people that live in these 18 residential homes park, yet again taking away something that our children use and somewhere they've been able to gather! Bad idea	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
54		Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	I would object to the loss of an important community facility without an alternative suitable site being offered.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut

						is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
55	0	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	Regarding (HO1/13) for 18 homes to be built on this land. I strongly oppose this plan which will deny the community of a longstanding resource that has contributed to the lives of local young people and familes for over 40 years. Yes people need homes but this is more about profit over purpose. In order to tackle our social issues of anti social behaviour, unemployment, people living in poverty, to name but a few, a community hall such as this is essential and invaluable. Scouting is a voluntary and inclusive organisation which have supported children and young people to develop and grow into wonderfully functioning humans that contribute greatly to our society, taking part in activities that get them out to appreciate our wonderful outdoors. In addition, The Scout HQ is in use 5 evenings a week and most weekends, so a popular and used facility Over 100 youngsters use Scout HQ every week, giving them constructive and supervised activities The field is used for a number of activities, including camping, games, fire lighting & cooking, archery, night sky observation, in a safe, secure space. The Scout HQ is easy to access, only just off Mobbsbury Way The Scout HQ is close to a bus route (SB1) The Scout HQ has storage space for camping and activity equipment The Chells Scout Group is the largest Scout Group in Stevenage with 2 Beaver Scout Colonies, 2 Cub Scout Packs and 2 Scout Troops, which is a product of the facilities there. 18 homes out of the thousands being built is an insignificant number. The facilities at the Chells Scout HQ make a significant positive difference to the children who use it week by week. Drying tents post camp! Collecting/preparing equipment ready for sleep overs and camps Weekend activities & camps, sleepovers Has an equipped kitchen, used by hall users and supervised children It has its own car park.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
56		Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	to promote the use of electric bicycles, SBC could (maybe in partnership with commercial entity) provide secure, card/ phone access storage for expensive electric bicycles at strategic locations. This could be a paid for service.	
57		Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	Pls don't do this	

58		Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	I strongly oppose the development on the scout but land. The parking is already terrible and the road is very congested	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
59	O	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	I strongly oppose HO1/13 the proposal to replace Chells Scout Hut with 18 residential homes. The Scout Hut is an invaluable resource which is used on most nights and also week-ends providing a safe environment for all who use it. My son is one of the hundreds who have enjoyed and benefited from the numerous skills taught at the Scout hut when he was a Cub Scout and a Scout and the good work is still going on thanks to the dedicated volunteers. Where are the young people of Chells supposed to go if this half baked plan goes through? Please Stevenage Council think long and hard about the consequences of this plan and REJECT it.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
60		Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	This should not go ahead taking away from the youth and families in the area/community	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.

61	Other Comn		Housing site allocation	There is not enough things for children to do, let alone to take away another facility, what is going on! The area you are proposing to build 18 residential homes would cause trouble no end with the amount of traffic and the small rd it would be a total nightmare!!	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
62	Other Comn	ents HO1/13	Housing site allocation	18 homes can't replace valuable skills hundreds of children learn at scouts. Please build them somewhere else and leave our scouts hut and personal to what they doing best. Thank you	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
63	Other Comn	ents HO1/13	Housing site allocation	I strongly oppose the planned development on Drakes Drive H01/13. The space is not suitable for 18 houses and the infrastructure on Drakes Drive cannot support it. There is no parking available currently, and large vehicles struggle to get around blind bends due to the number of cars that have to park on the road. Additionally, the Scout Hut provides a much loved and needed service to the local community, helping children learn valuable life skills. The proposal will be removing opportunities for growth and development, surely we should be prioritising community spirit and the future of the next generation? There are many available and unused spaces in and around Stevenage which would be more suitable for new housing, but Drakes Drive is NOT it!	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.

64	0	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	With regards to Ref H01/13 - I oppose the building of new homes and the demolition of the scout hut. There is not eneough room for 4 houses never mind 18, the area is already high traffic and parking is non existant. The environmental disruption alone will heavilythere are local wildlife, foxes and other animals that reside in the area and the destruction of their habit will be detrimental. We are constantly told there is nothing for kids to do and you want to remove this, this is an appalling proposition and one that I am suprised that a labour council are trying to push through as it reeks of conservative values of the rich getting richer! Support the community and stop building on areas we need. If there is a desperate need to build houses, build elsewhere, local housing built already in the area at the site of the former MG Garage has still not been completed and lie vacant. This is a waste of time, money and just will reduce Stevenage into a deprived area.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
65		Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	Against As a town we state that we are about giving chances to the next generation. By removing places like this scout hut, we are only limiting our children's and Stevenages future generations in experiencing different activities and socialising in a positive way. Keep the Scout, invest in more clubs and groups and classes for all.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
66		Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	Save the hut!	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.

67	C	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	Please don't take away the scout hut. It's a vital part of the community.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
68	C	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	With reference to the councils local plan, entry H01/13, I object to the building of these 18 homes that would replace the current facilities. The Scout HQ is in use 5 evenings a week and most weekends, so a popular and used facility. Over 100 youngsters use Scout HQ every week, giving them constructive and supervised activities. 18 homes out of the thousands being built is an insignificant number. The facilities at the Chells Scout HQ make a significant positive difference to the children who use it week by week. We cannot afford to lose another important youth facility for the sake of a few houses.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
69	C	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	I am fully opposed on demolishing the scout hut. It is an essential part to scouting and young children development in many skills to help them later in life. By replacing the scout hut, you will be taking away vital resources for these children and leaving them with nothing. Scouting is a charity, there is no excuse for demolishing the hut.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.

70	Other Comm		Housing site allocation	I would prefer for the scout but not to be removed and replaced with 18 homes! The impact with just the sheer number of additional cars on what is already a busy road, will make things tougher than they already are. The scout hut provides something for the area beyond quickly erected, cheap homes.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
71	Other Comm	ents HO1/13	Housing site allocation	Happy to build homes but not childhoodsðŸ″,	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
72	Other Comm	ents HO1/13	Housing site allocation	You can not take away a scout hut just to make profit from making more homes. The children need somewhere in the community to be able to be safe and enjoy clubs.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.

73	Other Commen		Housing site allocation	Just ruining childrens imagination, communication skills and freedom. Stop taking everything away from the Community and the children.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
74	Other Commen	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	I strongly oppose. Yet again another vital part of the community being taken away.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
75	Other Commen	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	We need the hut, the kids need somewhere to go to be off the streets, this is invaluable place for them to learn and spend time, develop. You can't take it away from our kids and build yet more flats. Leave the age space for the kids to enjoy the childhood and learn.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.

76	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	H014/13 I oppose the building of 18 dwellings on drakes drive. The plot is well utilised by the cubs and scouts and has been the heart of the community there for many years. The parking in drakes drive is absolutely awful as it is: more dwellings will mean even more cars. We've already lost the sea scouts in fairlands- how many more of these important clubs for children and the community do we need to lose? The very clubs that keep young people engaged and pro social, instead of being bored and potentially falling into the antisocial behaviour that the council say they are trying to prevent? Please reconsider this decision.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
77	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	Please please do not close ths acout hut !, we gave already list the play schemes in stevenagecwhich were a vital part of our community and resources for children , The Scout hut and its leaders are a pinacle of the community loisingvthe scout hut gir houses will not achieve anything ? where & what will the children of our communities do without these vital groups and clubs that are held there ?instead find some investment for the children in this town & our communities!, so much infrastructure and no where for the growing families fir these children to go .All the work that the volunteers of the scout & cub leaders is second to none and give the children amazing fun times education and opportunites that are enriching our children's lives.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
78	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	How does closing the scout hut serve our community. Quite simply, it doesn't. This is a truly awful idea. SBC seem determined to take resources and facilities from young people and this is another example. Leave the scout hut alone	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.

79	Other C	Comments HO1/13	Housing site allocation	There are so many other places to build houses. The scouts need their hut to keep their community spirit going.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
80	Other C	Comments HO1/13	Housing site allocation	Leave our scout hut alone the children in Stevenage have very little escape from everyday pressures H01/13	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
81	Other C	Comments HO1/13	Housing site allocation	H014/13 Closing the scout hut is a very bad idea. What will happen to the groups that meet there? There have been thousands of children that have met there within Scouting and Guiding.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.

82	Other C	omments HO1/13	Housing site allocation	I strongly oppose H01/13, the building of 18 homes on the land occupied by the Chells Scout HQ in Drakes Drive. Hundreds of youngsters use the Scout HQ every week, giving them a safe space for learning essential life skills outside of school hours. Our Scout hut, a cornerstone of our community for many years. The outdoor space is just as invaluable as it is used for various activities for all young people. This space recently hosted a Summer Family Fun Day that was open to all members of the public which was even attended by the MP for Stevenage, Kevin Bonavia, so it is clear just how important this community hub is for Stevenage. Demolishing the building for 18 units of housing to be crammed into already developed area will show no benefit to the local area. Drakes drive is a narrow road, and close by we have Nobel School, where on weekdays parents park to drop off and collect their children, causing heavy congestion, this will further impact the safety of traffic and will suffer the pressures of overdevelopment. There are zero plans in place to manage the loss of such an important space. How can a "community facility be reprovided†once you have built on the very land it belongs in or "its loss satisfactorily justified†when it is clear the loss simply cannot be justified. A substandard process has been used to identify this area to be unnecessarily developed with great cost to the local area. This change would not only strip away a vital community resource but also affect the growth and development opportunities for our young Scouts. The council needs to look in a mirror and think about the motto of Stevenage, "The Heart Of A Town Lies In Its People". How can the town have a heart â ¤î, if its people	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
83	Other C	omments HO1/13	Housing site allocation	I object to the plan of 18 dwellings on drakes drive the parking is bad enough and the scout hq is great for our community the young people need these places	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.

84	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	Why on earth would SBC want to take away a building that serves the community so well especially the children in this community and replace it with 18 poky houses? The local children in Chells love attending scouts and all the activities that they provide including essential life skills. Living near to the scout hut I listen to children having an amazing time every week and to take that away would be disastrous for the local community not to mention the impact on wildlife that also live in there - we have beautiful foxes, bats and hedgehogs that all visit and it would all be destroyed. There is no parking on the streets already in drakes drive and cook road so to take away yet more parking would be detrimental to the houses that already struggle every day to park and would cause unrest in these busy roads. I purchased my house many years ago and one of the reasons that I did so was that my house was not overlooked. If SBC build these clearly unnecessary houses then my house and garden would clearly suffer from this negative impact. I 100% strongly oppose the bulding of these houses	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
85	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	We need to keep our scout hall as it's part of our community & somewhere for our young people to learn life skills.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
86	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	I think it's absolutely ridiculous to think there may be 18 more new homes on drakes drive. It is beyond frustrating to drive down that end of the road already, and the parking is awful! Aside from all that, the thought of losing our scout hut which has been there for years and is such an invaluable place for our young children. Instead they will just learn that places that have meaning and where they learn and play, can quickly be demolished to make room for more rabbit hutches! Please stop this from happening.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this

						and other local plan policies.
87		Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	I am AGAINST THIS PROPOSAL! This is a terrible idea to build another block of flats instead of such a valuable scouts hut, which brings so much fun and development to our children. It's such a joy to watch our kids thrive and have so much joy and you want to take it away from local residents by bringing more cars, noise and pollution, as scouts back garden and trees will also be destroyed. Is that in line with Stevenage Go Green by 2030 strategy? Clearly not!!!! We need to raise more awareness with local residents in order to protect our Scouts hut, which is very well looked after and maintained!	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
88		Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	I oppose the demolition of Chells Scout hut on Drakes Drive to make way for residential housing. The Scout Group is not only a resource for the town, it is part of Chells community and an important contribution to the well being of youngster in our area. To take that away would be unforgivable. Please consider available brown field sites before stripping our community of a valued resource.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
89	1	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	Why are you selling our community's amenities? Are our kids not allowed anything? This is how you kill communities not create them. It feels very much like profiteering at the expense of people who live here.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility

					is protected under this and other local plan policies.
90	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	I oppose the building of houses on drakes drive ref H01/13. Another plan to shoe horn houses into an already dense area of housing, also into an area already in use by the community. Do not agree to the plan. It would be different if it was an unused vacant plot. Parking is already a nightmare along the road, it will only make things worse. There are other unused areas that would be best placed to receive housing. We shouldn't be losing another community plot	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
91	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	We don't want 18 housing bad enough having no where to park now, keep the scout hut it's been there years and is used all the time	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
92	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	I oppose the building of 18 houses on drakes drive. The scout hut is invaluable to the community. The new houses will increase issues with parking and traffic congestion.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility

					is protected under this and other local plan policies.
93	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	I don't want no more houses built there, the scouts help lots of children, with learning life skills	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
94	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	No more houses. Greedy developers Been a Kids scout hall for years.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
95	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	I am against more houses in Drakes Drive due to parking and the congestion on school days.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility

						is protected under this and other local plan policies.
96		Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	No! by tearing down the vital assets our town needs your are turning Stevenage into an over crowded getto. You woudnt approve this development if it was next to your houses so why do you think its ok to build next to ours?	
97	1	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	I oppose the proposed development for the replacement of Chells scout hut with housing. This is a vital part of local children's development. My own children attend Brownies at this site as have many hundreds of children in the past. The closure of the remaining play centre means there are minimal options for children to socialise and learn in safe spaces. This is a key development in the Chells area. Hundreds of homes are being built less than a mile away off off Gresley Way. This proposed development would also seem overtly excessive for an area of town designed with integral green spaces for residents of all ages to utilise. As per recent plans to build houses on open green space opposite Mobbsbury shops that walls rejected this surely has grounds for a similar rejection if not more so due to its importance to the youth of the town. A heart of a town lies in it people	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
98		Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	18s new houses is ridiculous. There is no parking down Drakes Drive as it is. Already newish built flats opposite. Not enough space to even fit 18 houses on! Not only is the scout hut vital for our community, so much greener will be demolished! Reference H01/13	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
99		Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	We do not want 18 houses on Drakes Drive leave the scout hut there, we have trouble parking as it is without building loads of houses	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can

100	0	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site	I object to the proposal of H01/13. The plot of land is not big enough	be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies. Comments acknowledged
	U	Other Comments		allocation	for 18 residential houses to be build. The road is already compacted with cars and the road is too narrow to accommodate anymore.	and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
102		Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	I oppose H01/13, the building of 18 homes on the land occupied by the Chells Scout HQ in Drakes Drive. This local facility is vital to our community. My boys have both attended the scouting groups over the years and more recently I have used the hut and grounds for my dog training classes. The hut used five evenings a week and at the weekends. It is ideally situated in the heart of a busy area near schools and conveniently located on the SB1 bus route and also has its own private car park for users. 18 homes on this land will not make a significant impact in housing in the area, the loss of this facility will be much greater to the community! The scouting group is the second largest in Stevenage!	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
103		Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	I strongly oppose these plans. This Council don't seem to care at all about the welfare or mental health of the young members of our community! This cub hut is an incredible asset - so sad to hear you want to sell off yet more land whilst refusing to invest in children's welfare or safety!	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut

						is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
106	0	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	I would like my objection recorded against your proposal to build 18 houses on the land currently occupied by the Chells Scouts on Drakes Drive. Having already provided many generations of young people with activity, drive, purpose and self-confidence, the Chells Scouts are one of the few financially accessible activities for the young people of this deprived area of this town. The building of new homes in Stevenage should not be at the cost of the provision of youth community and motivation. The Scouts belongs to a long standing tradition of which Stevenage should be encouraging and supporting.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
108		Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	I oppose H01/13, the building of 18 homes on the land occupied by the Chells Scout HQ in Drakes Drive. The Scouts Hut has been a long standing pillar to the community providing a superbly accessible community service. With the extensive housing developments already under way in Stevenage, the existing scouts hut has the facilities to provide their continued service to the new community. Moving it to less well equiped buildings would risk diminishing the outstanding quality of service offered.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.

109	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	I oppose H01/13, the building of 18 homes on the land occupied by the Chells Scout HQ in Drakes Drive. It will be a loss of an important recourse for the local youth and wider community because · The Scout HQ is in use 5 evenings a week and most weekends, so a popular and used facility · Over 100 youngsters use Scout HQ every week, giving them constructive and supervised activities It has been/is used by dance schools, dog clubs, other Scout Groups, Stevenage District Scouts, church groups, funeral	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
					•
				To replace with such a small number of homes in a back drop of thousands and loose a well established and loved community resource when youth activities are at an all time low is complete madness.	

110	0 Other Comments	Housing site allocation	I oppose H01/13, the building of 18 homes on the land occupied by the Chells Scout HQ in Drakes Drive.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community
			Chells Scout HQ is in the heart of the local community it serves, conveniently accessed by the many young people who walk safely to and from the location situated just off Mobbsbury Way. We live within a close walk of the location, reducing the need to drive for drop offs and pickups.	facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated
			As a family we have all shared and continue to share great experiences of this valuable locally based community resource. Many of the parents and leaders have contributed towards the maintenance and upkeep of the site. Both of my children continue to attend as Cubs and Scouts on a weekly basis, with the experiences and opportunities enriching their personal social development.	elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
			Chells Scout HQ is in use 5 evenings a week and most weekends, a popular valued well used community facility, allowing the provision of locally based affordable scouting at minimal costs being inclusive to all. The building is additionally used at other times for general administration meetings, AGMs, Parent/Guardian briefings, Leader's meetings, Executive Committee meetings, Scouting planning meetings. Chells Scout HQ has been and continues to be used on occasion by dance schools, dog clubs, other Scout Groups, Stevenage District Scouts, church groups, funeral receptions, Brownies, Guides, Explorer Scouts, the loss of this facility would be detrimental to the local community.	
			Chells Scout Group is the largest locally well attended Scout Group in Stevenage with 2 Beaver Scout Colonies, 2 Cub Scout Packs and 2 Scout Troops, the facilities that the Scout HQ provide positively help achieve this provision for young people from the local community.	
			Well in excess of 100 local community young people use their Scout HQ every week, providing them with the opportunity of constructive and supervised activities, not bound with limited time constraints or demands unlike other venues.	
			Chells Scout HQ is served by the SB1 bus route making it accessible for users travelling by public transport, this route also provides a vital link between the HQ and the Stevenage Railway Station used for excursions into London and surrounding areas.	
			Our Scout HQ has a dedicated car park onsite, which provides safe and secure drop off for users with mobility and access requirements. The main building provides an ideal size space of a vaulted ceiling meeting hall, with dedicated notice boards, permanent display of the Scouting logos, trophy display cabinet for the display of the groups achievements, inside flag pole. A secure	
			and display of the groups admerentiants, mistue may pole. A secure	188

space not limited by time for drying tents and clearing equipment post camping and compretitions. There is a large secure storage room for bulky and valuable camping and activity equipment. There are adequate totel facilities, a secure sist space for the collation of kit and equipment from the users in preparation for sleep overs and camps, weekend activities, efsets. There is an equipped kitchen used by hall users and supervised young people. Chells Scout HQ has a dedicated and maintained fenced outside field area - I have frequently given my time to cut the grass, providing a sell and protected area for young people to learn and develops skills. The field at the Scout HQ is utilised for a vast array of Scouting cultival activities, including camping, outdoor games, fire lighting & cooking, archery, night sky observation, pionegrap in a safe, secure space. Some of the trees on the site are subject to tree preservation orders. A development on the site of 18 homes out of the thousands being but it in the area would remove and loose this vital resource for future generations. The facilities at the Chells Scout HQ make a significant positive difference to the social wellbeing and development of the young community who use it each week. Within the past 18 months another local Scout HQ, 5th Stevenage, located off Shephall View, Stevenage has been lost to a Stevenage Borough Council development site which a year on is still to be developed, displacing the users to find another site approximately 1.5 miles away impacting on the users with minimal consideration or assistance from Stevenage Borough Council. With the current increased housing development also my the narray area, and the provision for Scouting, a situation replicated across Stevenage development.	
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111	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	To Whom It May Concern, I am writing to formally object to the proposed demolition of the Chells Scout Hut and the subsequent construction of new houses. The Chells Scout Hut is an invaluable community asset that plays a crucial role in the development and well-being of our local youth. Here are the key points that underscore the importance of preserving this facility:	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut
				High Utilization Rate: The Scout HQ is used five evenings a week and most weekends, serving as a popular and highly utilized facility within our community. Benefiting Over 100 Youngsters Weekly: More than 100 youngsters engage in constructive and supervised activities at the Scout HQ every week, which helps them grow and develop personally.	is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
				3. Safe and Secure Outdoor Activities: The field associated with the Scout HQ is used for various activities, including camping, games, fire lighting & cooking, archery, and night sky observation. These activities provide a safe and secure environment for children to explore and learn.	
				 4. Convenient Access: The Scout HQ is conveniently located just off Mobbsbury Way, making it easily accessible to the community. 5. Proximity to Public Transport: The HQ is close to a bus route (SB1), making it reachable for those who rely on public transportation. 	
				 6. Storage for Essential Equipment: The facility has ample storage space for camping and activity equipment, which is essential for the Scouts' activities. 7. Largest Scout Group in Stevenage: The Chells Scout Group is the largest in Stevenage, with 2 Beaver Scout Colonies, 2 Cub Scout Packs, and 2 Scout Troops. This extensive participation is a direct result of the excellent facilities available at the HQ. 	
				8. Insignificance of New Housing Contribution: The construction of 18 homes out of the thousands being built in the area is an insignificant contribution. In contrast, the positive impact of the Chells Scout HQ on hundreds of children each week is substantial and irreplaceable.	
				9. Post-Camp Activities: The HQ is essential for activities like drying tents post-camp and preparing equipment for sleepovers and camps, which are integral parts of the scouting experience.	190

		ac ex 11 wl 12 cc In cc de be	O. Weekend Activities: The facility hosts numerous weekend ctivities, including camps and sleepovers, providing valuable xperiences for the youth. 1. Equipped Kitchen: The Scout HQ has an equipped kitchen, which is used by hall users and for supervised children's activities. 2. On-Site Car Park: The HQ has its own car park, providing onvenience and safety for drop-offs and pick-ups. In conclusion, the Chells Scout Hut is not just a building; it is a cornerstone of our community, fostering the growth and evelopment of our young people. The proposed demolition would e a significant loss to our community. I urge you to reconsider this ecision and preserve this vital community resource.	
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114	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site	I oppose H01/13, the building of 18 homes on the land occupied by	Comments acknowledged
			allocation	the Chells Scout HQ in Drakes Drive.	and noted. Community
				The Scout HQ is frequently used for scouting activities and by other	facilities will only be
				community services, Over 100 youngsters use Scout HQ every	allowed to be lost where it
				week, giving them constructive and supervised activities. Being in	can be demonstrated that
				the location, it is easy to access by car and public transport.	they are no longer
				The Chells Scout Group is the largest Scout Group in Stevenage	required, or that they can
				with 2 Beaver Scout Colonies, 2 Cub Scout Packs and 2 Scout	be satisfactorily relocated
				Troops, which is a product of the facilities there, which my children	elsewhere. The scout hut
				have and currently attend.	is clearly used frequently,
				18 homes out of the thousands being built is an insignificant number	therefore its loss will not
				and would impact so many young lives. The facilities at the Chells	be permitted. The facility
				Scout HQ make a significant positive difference to the children who	is protected under this
				use it week by week. The hut and fenced area provides a safe and	and other local plan
				protected area for our children. It has been/is used by dance	policies.
				schools, dog clubs, other Scout Groups, Stevenage District Scouts,	
				church groups, funeral receptions, Brownies, Guides, Explorer	
				Scouts, local bouncy castle business. Also used for weekend	
				activities includingâ€" camping, sleepovers, fetes, camp fires,	
				Scouting activities, equipment maintenance	
				It is used for leader meetings, planning meetings and exec	
		\		committee meetings.	
				It's a great size hall for the activities we do, including games,	
				cooking, pioneering, training.	
				ocolding, pioricolling, training.	
				This will be such a disappointment should you choose to close more	
				services that build strong, (physically and mentally) and confident	
				children.	

115	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site	I oppose H01/13, the building of 18 homes on the land occupied by	Comments acknowledged
			allocation	the Chells Scout HQ in Drakes Drive.	and noted. Community
				The Scout HQ is frequently used for scouting activities and by other	facilities will only be
				community services, Over 100 youngsters use Scout HQ every	allowed to be lost where it
				week, giving them constructive and supervised activities. Being in	can be demonstrated that
				the location, it is easy to access by car and public transport.	they are no longer
				The Chells Scout Group is the largest Scout Group in Stevenage	required, or that they can
				with 2 Beaver Scout Colonies, 2 Cub Scout Packs and 2 Scout	be satisfactorily relocated
				Troops, which is a product of the facilities there, which my children	elsewhere. The scout hut
				have and currently attend.	is clearly used frequently,
				18 homes out of the thousands being built is an insignificant number	therefore its loss will not
				and would impact so many young lives. The facilities at the Chells	be permitted. The facility
				Scout HQ make a significant positive difference to the children who	is protected under this
				use it week by week. The hut and fenced area provides a safe and	and other local plan
				protected area for our children. It has been/is used by dance	policies.
				schools, dog clubs, other Scout Groups, Stevenage District Scouts,	•
				church groups, funeral receptions, Brownies, Guides, Explorer	
				Scouts, local bouncy castle business. Also used for weekend	
				activities including– camping, sleepovers, fetes, camp fires,	
				Scouting activities, equipment maintenance	
				It is used for leader meetings, planning meetings and exec	
				committee meetings.	
				It's a great size hall for the activities we do, including games,	
				cooking, pioneering, training.	
				This will be such a disappointment should you choose to close more	
				services that build strong, (physically and mentally) and confident	
				children.	

116	2	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	I oppose H01/13, the building of 18 homes on the land occupied by the Chells Scout HQ in Drakes Drive. The scout hut is a very well used community facility used 5 nights a week along with most weekends. Having an out door space as well as a hut allows the children to participate in many new activities including games, campfires, cooking and archery in a safe and secure area. The scouting group have lots of equipment there for their activities giving children the opportunity to try so many enjoyable activities at minimal cost to their families. Having their own hut means scouting is one of the most affordable clubs locally (I'd hate to think what would happen if we had to hire somewhere to try meet - this could make costs unachievable to so many families and therefore deprive so many children in gaining new skills and enjoying belonging to a local group). My children have benefited enormously through the scout group following the path from beaver, to cubs and on to scouts. They love the camps held at the hut and have gained confidence to stay away from home at somewhere still familiar and then to go on and join in with longer weekend camps where they have learned many new skills and tried so many new activities. The recent chells group fete was so well attended by not only scouting families but other local families who came and enjoyed the day. It was notable how popular the campfire cooking activities allowing children to come and 'have a go' were. Without the hut and the outdoor space we wouldn't be able to do this. I really hope this facilities are acknowledged for how valuable they are to the wider community and the potential we have to continue to grow and provide these opportunities for local children if the threat of development isn't hanging over the hut and grounds. It should not be lost to housing and we should be celebrating having a community facility and all it provides.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
117	1	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	I oppose H01/13, the building of 18 homes on the land occupied by the Chells Scout HQ in Drakes Drive. It's a great place where I have seen my son learning, socializing and discipline for himself and the community. My friends inspired by my son's love to scouting also send their kids to scouts hub. I have also registered my little one who will be starting soon. Of all the other extra curriculum activities, Scouting teaches being oneself, , discipline and above all love to community and respect humanity and all living beings. Moreover, the hub is centrally located, accessible, safe locality. Area development should not be done at the cost of and risk to the community and local residents who would loose something more in broader view. Please reconsider the plan and keep the Scout hub safe	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.

118	1	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	The proposal to demolish the Chells Scout HQ to build new houses in Stevenage overlooks the significant impact this facility has on the local community, especially for children. The Scout HQ is an indispensable venue used by over 100 young people weekly, offering constructive and supervised activities that deter crime and provide unique opportunities for personal development. My child, like many others, thoroughly enjoys participating in these activities, and we regularly walk there due to its convenient location just off Mobbsbury Way, near the SB1 bus route. This vibrant center operates five evenings a week and most weekends, hosting a range of activities such as camping, games, archery, and astronomy in a safe environment. The HQ, which includes essential amenities like storage for equipment, a kitchen, and a car park, is the heart of the largest Scout group in Stevenage, featuring multiple Beaver, Cub, and Scout units. Given the already limited recreational options for children in this part of Stevenage, the loss of such a facility would be detrimental. Constructing just 18 new homes is an insignificant contribution compared to the immense value the Scout HQ brings by enriching the lives of children and fostering a community spirit.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
119	2	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	Totally object to this proposal. It is dangerous. There is not enough space for these buildings. The road is narrow and as of today dangerous and hard to navigate. The good the scouting community brings to Stevenage youngsters will be lost and then you have to deal with anti social behaviour. Please think about the bigger picture before you build!	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.

120	1	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	I oppose H01/13, the building of 18 homes on the land occupied by the Chells Scout HQ in Drakes Drive. Anti-social behaviour is a problem so it is beyond belief that the council wants develop on yet another Scout premises, the home of a well-established and vibrant Scout group. Chells Scouts is an incredibly popular and well-used Scout group, the largest in Stevenage - it is used every weekday evening and most weekends and has two Beaver Scout Colonies, two Cub Scout Packs and two Scout Troops. They need the hut and outdoor space for the children's activities and to house all the equipment for activities such as camping, cooking, tools, space to dry tents etc it is a wonderful group run by amazing, enthusiastic volunteers who give so much of their time and effort for the community. It is in a great position for families to walk to - we were able to easily walk or cycle from Poplars. The Remembrance Parade and St George's Day Parade are always encouraged and well attended. Chells Scouts provide wonderful opportunities for young people - including making friends, acquiring skills such as fire lighting, cooking, archery, learning discipline, resilience and confidence and at an affordable price too. Both my children went to Chells Scouts and my daughter got so much from Scouting, she volunteers. It was also at Chells that she had the opportunity to try target shooting and was able to join the Stevenage Scouts Shooting Club (which used to be housed at the hut by Fairlands that the council has already taken for development). She would never have had this opportunity outside of Chells Scouts and she has competed at national and international level, this year becoming British Champion in the Sporter Air Rifle category. Her confidence soared. I would also add that the benefits of being in Scouting was very helpful for her University application/personal statement. The council will continue to build more houses and flats but why remove this incredible facility for just 18 houses? Stevenage Council should celebra	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
121		Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	You are spoiling the fun of over a hundred young people. My disabled daughter-in-law is able to walk to the site so obviously finds it very convenient. Where are you arranging to allocate the Scout HQ, all this just for the sake of 18 homes. What is the thinking of Stevenage Borough Council.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can

					be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
122	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	I would like to please object to the planning permission for Chells Scout HQ being changed to build houses. Is it possible you can please confirm the procedure for me to formally reject or object to this change of land use?	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
123	1 Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	I am writing to you to say I oppose for H01/13. Scouting and other youth groups over a space for young people to explore a multitude of activities they may not be able to experience due to situations at home. It also allows people to volunteer in their local communities to give back and support where they can. Whilst new homes are needed, to remove this scout hut will do significant damage to the community and the scouting in the area as a whole. I urge you to reconsider the proposal of houses on this site whole heartedly, seeing the little ones' faces light up during a scouting meeting is amazing. Hearing of all the friendships they have created from the camps and other activities that happen on this site are ones they will cherish for life.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.

124	1 Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	I oppose H01/13, the building of 18 homes on the land occupied by the Chells Scout HQ in Drakes Drive. This is a vital and well used community resource. It's the headquarters of the largest Scout Group in Stevenage and has been at the heart of this community for a very long time. The hut is currently also used by the Brownies, a dog club, private hire for birthday parties and historically has also been used for dance classes. The facilities are amazing and the group fully use the building and it's accompanying outdoor space. The Scout Association promote outdoor activities and expect groups to spend a lot of time outdoors. This site allows the group to do so with space to camp, cook, do archery and enjoy other activities in a safely enclosed space. Having a purpose built building allows storage of equipment and somewhere to dry the tents after a wet camp! The building is well situated in the heart of Chells and is just off the bus route. It is of benefit environmentally that many of the leaders and members are able to walk or use public transport to access the facilities. This building and the groups that meet there provide the young people a safe space to be and encourages their confidence and personal development. A small development of 18 houses will not make much of a dent in the need for housing but it will make a huge dent in the community affecting not just the young people that use the facilities, but their extended families and the local community. It is vital we keep the hut at Drakes Drive - Scouting really does impact and improve people's lives. Please take a moment and reflect on whether you were involved in scouting or know someone who was and ask them to think back to that time. The scout hut is a vital part of the scouting experience and this hut needs to stay where it is!	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
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125	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site	To whom it may concern,	Comments acknowledged
125	Other Comments	HU1/13	Housing site allocation	I o whom it may concern, I am writing to you to say I oppose for H01/13, the building of 18 homes on the land occupied by the Chells Scout HQ in Drakes Drive. The reason for why I oppose is because 18 homes out of the thousands being built is an insignificant number and the Scout HQ is in use 5 evenings a week and most weekends, so a popular and used facility. Not only is this hut in use 5 days a week, over 100 youngsters use the hut every week giving them constructive and supervised activities at the largest Scout Group in Stevenage with 2 Beaver Scout Colonies, 2 Cub Scout Packs and 2 Scout Troops, which is a product of the facilities there. The facilities at the Chells Scout HQ make a significant positive difference to the children who use it week by week. For example The HQ allows us to Collect/prepare equipment ready for sleep overs and camps and has an equipped kitchen, the kitchen is used by hall users and supervised children so they can learn to cook and to learn the health and safety while working around the kitchen. Without this vital part we would not be able to prepare food and run weekend activities - camps, sleepovers etc. The field is used for a number of activities, including camping, games, fire lighting & cooking, archery, night sky observation, in a safe, secure space while having a place in the HQ to store space for camping and activity equipment. Without the car park which we are greatly appreciated to have we would not be able to use this so the youngsters can drop off or pickup their equipment for the camp ahead whether that's a camp at the hut or a camp in Wales, meanwhile the car park is a safe space where they can get dropped off or picked up from after being supervised to learn the skills they need.	comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
126	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	I am writing to strongly object to the building of 18 houses in drakes drive on the land that currently houses the scouts hut. Where I understand the need to build houses this shouldn't be at the detriment of our children and young people in Stevenage. It is an amazing facility for the children which provides great activities for them and builds on their independence resilience skills and discipline. My grandson attends the beevers here and it is amazing that they have a small piece of land that facilitates their activities safely. I recently attended a fate which also invited in the community it was a great success! We must not take away long established facilities for our children we should be building on them and using them as a model for more. Can I also say it is an already busy and crowded street that doesn't need 18 more houses and cars!	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.

127	Other Comments	Housing site allocation	I oppose H01/13, the building of 18 homes on the land occupied by the Chells Scout HQ in Drakes Drive.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community
			The Scout HQ is in use 5 evenings a week and most weekends, so a popular and used facility.	facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that
			Over 100 youngsters use Scout HQ every week, giving them constructive and supervised activities.	they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated
			The Cold bearing to the control of t	elsewhere. The scout hut
			The field is used for a number of activities, including camping, games, fire lighting & cooking, archery, night sky observation, in a safe, secure space.	is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility
			The Scout HQ is easy to access, only just off Mobbsbury Way.	is protected under this and other local plan policies.
			The Scout HQ is close to a bus route (SB1).	
			The Scout HQ has storage space for camping and activity equipment.	
			The Chells Scout Group is the largest Scout Group in Stevenage with 2 Beaver Scout Colonies, 2 Cub Scout Packs and 2 Scout Troops, which is a product of the facilities there.	
			18 homes out of the thousands being built is an insignificant number. The facilities at the Chells Scout HQ make a significant positive difference to the children who use it week by week.	
			Drying tents post camp!	
			Collecting/preparing equipment ready for sleep overs and camps.	
			Weekend activities – camps, sleepovers	
			Has an equipped kitchen, used by hall users and supervised children	
			It has its own car park which in convenient for me as we drive from a different part of Stevenage as Chells was recommended to us as the best group when we moved and they have not been wrong.	
			Both my children (12 and 8) moved to Stevenage last year and both	
			have ADHD, they have never found a safe places in clubs outside of school. They were very quickly accepted into Chells and it has been	
			so beneficial to them and their mental health. They've made friends	
			(something my 12 year old has struggled with) here before they did at school. They've both learnt useful life skills. My 8 8 year old has	
			learnt so much from organised events here such as when he wrote	
			his name in braille and they both know how to light a campfire. The	
			community is fantastic and the community days are really special as	200

		they take place at the hut which is the perfect space for them to do all the activities to cooking on a campfire to archery. You cannot destroy this wonderful service and community that changes lives of many, including vulnerable children just for 18 more homes in a plan where you are building thousands all over Stevenage.	
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128	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	Scouting is Stevenage is one of the most positive and life changing activities for young people. The skills Children gain and the lessons they learn are some of the most important in life. At a time where children are more vulnerable than ever, scouting gives them a place to meet likeminded children they may not see at schools. Chells Scout HQ holds only positive benefits for the local area, to be taken down would not only limit yet another youth club (don't get me started on Play Centres being closed) but would limit Children's Skills for Life. 5th Stevenage Air Scouts had their building taken away so this would make this the second time SBC have done this. You might want to take us down but we aren't going without a good fight	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
129	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	I oppose H01/13, the building of 18 homes on the land occupied by the Chells Scout HQ in Drakes Drive. You can then add a few reasons why you oppose it â€" maybe in your own words/order/selection The Scout HQ is in use 5 evenings a week and most weekends, so a popular and used facility Over 100 youngsters use Scout HQ every week, giving them constructive and supervised activities The field is used for a number of activities, including camping, games, fire lighting & cooking, archery, night sky observation, in a safe, secure space. The Scout HQ is easy to access, only just off Mobbsbury Way The Scout HQ is close to a bus route (SB1) The Scout HQ has storage space for camping and activity equipment The Chells Scout Group is the largest Scout Group in Stevenage with 2 Beaver Scout Colonies, 2 Cub Scout Packs and 2 Scout Troops, which is a product of the facilities there. 18 homes out of the thousands being built is an insignificant number. The facilities at the Chells Scout HQ make a significant positive difference to the children who use it week by week. Drying tents post camp! Collecting/preparing equipment ready for sleep overs and camps Weekend activities â€" camps, sleepovers Has an equipped kitchen, used by hall users and supervised children It has its own car park. My 2 sons are both members of cubs and beavers, location at drakes drive makes it accessible by bike for us too	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.

130	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	I oppose H01/13, the building of 18 homes on the land occupied by the Chells Scout HQ in Drakes Drive. I was surprised when I was first directed to the hut as I was surprised it was so tucked away, however I quickly learnt what an incredible asset it is. The Scout HQ is one of the most- used and best equipped in the area. It is in use 5 evenings a week and most weekends, so a popular and used facility Over 100 youngsters use Scout HQ every week, giving them constructive and supervised activities The field is used for a number of activities, including camping, games, fire lighting & cooking, archery, night sky observation, in a safe, secure space. The Scout HQ is easy to access, only just off Mobbsbury Way The Scout HQ is close to a bus route (SB1) The Scout HQ has storage space for camping and activity equipment The Chells Scout Group is the largest Scout Group in Stevenage with 2 Beaver Scout Colonies, 2 Cub Scout Packs and 2 Scout Troops, which is a product of the facilities there. 18 homes out of the thousands being built is an insignificant number. The facilities at the Chells Scout HQ make a significant positive difference to the children who use it week by week. It is invaluable for drying tents post camp, as this is something which requires space and time. Damp tents rot; being able to clean, dry and store them properly ensures the longevity of equipment, ensuring that scouts of all ages can benefit from them. Collecting/preparing equipment ready for sleep overs and camps Weekend activities â€" camps, sleepovers Has an equipped kitchen, used by hall users and supervised children	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
				immediate vicinity, not just locally but in the wider community. In an era where many people lament the loss of time spent outdoors in favour of screen time, the Scout Hut should absolutely be preserved.	

131	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	I oppose H01/13, the building of 18 homes on the land occupied by the Chells Scout HQ in Drakes Drive. The Scout HQ is in use 5 evenings a week and most weekends, so a popular and used facility Over 100 youngsters use Scout HQ every week, giving them constructive and supervised activities The field is used for a number of activities, including camping, games, fire lighting & cooking, archery, night sky observation, in a safe, secure space. The Chells Scout Group is the largest Scout Group in Stevenage with 2 Beaver Scout Colonies, 2 Cub Scout Packs and 2 Scout Troops, which is a product of the facilities there. 18 homes out of the thousands being built is an insignificant number. The facilities at the Chells Scout HQ make a significant positive difference to the children who use it week by week. Both our children attend there and have done since they were 6. The experiences they have had at the Scout Hut, the friends they have made and the lessons they have learnt are invaluable. These experiences wouldn't be the same without the facilities I Drakes Drive.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
132	0 Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	Stop taking away what's left of Stevenage for our children. You have closed playschemes , you have nothing free for kids anymore . The scout guy is a huge part of the community . You do not need to Lee building house on every bit of ground. They are never council homes for the families of Stevenage and are always for ones who are moved in from other towns and Ciu tries. It is not right and things have to change dramatically	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
133	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	I oppose H01/13, the building of 18 homes on the land occupied by the Chells Scout HQ in Drakes Drive.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this

				and other local plan policies.
Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	I oppose H01/13, the building of 18 homes on the land occupied by the Chells Scout HQ in Drakes Drive. Chells scout group is a valuable resource for children and young people in the local area and is incredibly popular and well used. Chells Scout group is the biggest unit in Stevenage and many families see all their children go through beavers, cubs and scouts because the experiences they get are second to none. The opportunity to explore, take risks, learn, camps, shoot, badge work is something which is not really on offer to local children at an affordable price. It is also inclusive to everyone and the volunteers work hard to give the children and young people amazing experiences. My son joined in beavers aged 6 and is now in the scout section aged 13. He loves Chells scouts and it has given him a chance to make friends, take part of things he wouldn〙t usually do, build on independent skills such as cooking and team work which are invaluable for well rounded individuals. • The Scout HQ is in use 5 evenings a week and most weekends, so a popular and used facility • Over 100 youngsters use Scout HQ every week, giving them constructive and supervised activities • The field is used for a number of activities, including camping, games, fire lighting & cooking, archery, night sky observation, in a safe, secure space. • The Scout HQ is close to a bus route (SB1) • The Scout HQ has storage space for camping and activity equipment • The Scout HQ has storage space for camping and activity equipment • The Chells Scout Group is the largest Scout Group in Stevenage with 2 Beaver Scout Colonies, 2 Cub Scout Packs and 2 Scout Troops, which is a product of the facilities there. • 18 homes out of the thousands being built is an insignificant number. The facilities at the Chells Scout HQ make a significant positive difference to the children who use it week by week.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.

	• Drying tents post camp! • Collecting/preparing equipment ready for sleep overs and camps • Weekend activities â€* camps, sleepovers • Has an equipped kitchen, used by hall users and supervised children • It has its own car park.	
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135 Other Comments HO1/13 Housing site allocation I oppose H01/13, the building of 18 homes on the land occupied by the Chells Scout HQ in Drakes Drive. Comments acknowledged and noted. Community				
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	• Has an equipped kitchen, used by hall users and supervised children	
	• It has its own car park.	
	act it has its own car park.	

136	Other Commen	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	I have spent many years at chells scout hut and believe it should still remain as a communty centre. It would be a great shame to turn this into housing and remove the community that has derived from this location. I have developed into the person i am today from the support of the community created here and it would be a great shame to see this become another block of flats alike most if the Stevenage area. I wish the best for the future community common areas as they are becoming few and far between. Best regards to the future generation as they will surely need it. Kind regards Ben.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
137	Other Commen	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	It is one of the few remaining spaces in Stevenage for youth groups and activities to be held. It has been a huge presence in the community for many years and would be a loss to a large part of children's developmental opportunities in early years. Generations of children have experienced scouting through this hut from 5-18 years, for the sake of 10 houses, (most likely not affordable housing for local people) we would have lost a commodity!	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
138	Other Commen	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	I am constantly hearing the challenge for various industries is to get talent for the future prosperity of the UK. One differentiator is Scouting - the skills obtained that prepare our young people for tomorrow - so why would SBC consider taking away a Scout Hut that has a thriving membership and also other community groups meeting there. Let's make a national plan - what will the UK's position be in the World and then build a capability to deliver the plan - of which Scouting will continue to contribute so much!	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.

139		HO1/13	Housing site allocation	Chells scout headquarters has served many young people for a great number of years and it is all down to voluntary help no paid personnel thus a charity. With very little else provided for the youth of today and another scout hq already requisitioned for housing recently where are they to go and what facilities available.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
	Other Comments F	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	I oppose H01/13, the building of 18 homes on the land occupied by the Chells Scout HQ in Drakes Drive. I appreciate there may be a need for more housing in Stevenage, but there are already larger developments nearby. As the land is owned by the Council, I guess there is a financial benefit to selling the land to a developer for housing, or collecting rent from tenants. However, Drakes Drive is quite a narrow street to deal with the additional traffic from these homes. Development/construction work would have a potentially large negative effect on traffic in the area, including noise and other inconveniences to local homes and The Nobel School. Has any consideration been made to where a replacement Scout Hut would be built, to serve the same local catchment and provide the facilities and experiences that the current Hut provides? Inevitably, it would need to have the same or greater area, be close by, have the same or upgraded facilities and be funded by part of the proceeds of any housing development that caused it. The Scout Hut doesn't just serve the children and young people who attend, but reaches out to the wider community through volunteers, family and friends. Its impact is therefore much greater than a headcount on any weeknight. The recent Campfire and Fete held were examples of how the green space is used by an even larger group of people in the community. Young people are the future of our town, and the skills gained and values instilled by the Scouts/Cubs/Beavers have a positive effect on society. If a cost/benefit analysis is made of this proposal, some consideration must be made of the numerous benefits to our young people of participation in Scouts/Cubs/Beavers. If Stevenage were to lose this facility, the repercussions to society would be negative. Think of activities available to young people in Stevenage-swimming pool, bowling, cinema, arcades. All of these are more costly and concentrated close to the town centre. We want to distribute, not concentrate activity in Stevenage to foster gre	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.

				activity and not exclude those who cannot travel to the centre, or cannot afford to pay for the activities there.	
141	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	HO1/13 Chells Scout Group is an amazing opportunity for children both boys and girls from the age of 6 to 14 to learn many skills through the Scouting community and has always been one of the most popular and well attended groups in Hertfordshire for decades. Its prime location is one of the main reasons centralised in Stevenage with a large catchment area, often referred to as a â€⁻Super Group'. Removing this facility from this location will be detrimental for the youngsters in this area and the surrounding for a social group that gives them confidence and skills often not provide by schools or other groups. With a designated small field attached allows the group to lower costs as they can carry out many activities on site involving scouting type activities that many other Scout groups do not have hence making it so popular and well attended.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.

142		Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	I oppose H01/13, the building of 18 homes on the land occupied by the Chells Scout HQ in Drakes Drive. Over 100 kids use Scout HQ every week, giving them constructive and supervised activities and the field is used for a number of activities, including camping, games, fire lighting & cooking, archery, night skv observation, in a safe, secure space. The Scout HQ is in use 5 evenings a week and most weekends, so a popular and used facility. My son and many other children really enjoys activities organised by the leaders and it's very important for their learning and development.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
143	2	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	Scouts hut is widely used, it's a place for young people to make new friends and engage with each other. They have amazing adventures and learn many new skills like outdoor skills, life skills personal development skills. Both my children absolutely love going to scouts each week and would be a big disappointment and upsetting if this has to stop.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
144		Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	I oppose H01/13, the building of 18 homes on the land occupied by the Chells Scout HQ in Drakes Drive. The community and scouting organisation are actively using this scout for positive means. This scout hut has stood for many years and has a rich history that we hope to preserve and build on. Chells Scout Group are the largest scouting group in Stevenage and provides opportunities for over 100 young people who are members of the group. The scout group are active in the community, recently hosting a fair that saw a wide range of both scouting members and people from both a local and wider community participate. Removing this scouting hut would be a disservice to all and harm the local community.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.

145		Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	I oppose H01/13, the building of 18 homes on the land occupied by the Chells Scout HQ in Drakes Drive. This is an extremely audacious idea which will destroy a vital community hub and simply cannot be justified. The Scout HQ is in use 5 evenings a week and most weekends, so is a popular and well used community facility. Hundreds of youngsters use the Scout HQ every week, giving them constructive and supervised activities outside of school. The outdoor space itself is just as invaluable as it is used for various activities for all young people. This space even recently hosted a Summer Family Fun Day that was open to all members of the public which was even attended by the MP for Stevenage, Kevin Bonavia, so it is crystal clear just how important this community hub is for Stevenage. A letter is being sent to MP Bonavia to highlight this damaging council plan and to request his support in saving the Scout HQ. Both indoor and outdoor facilities are used for camping and other recreational activities. The Scout HQ is always looking to grow for more young people to attend. This is a multigenerational community location where members of the same families dating back to the 1960's have used this space and still are to this day. The hundreds of young people that use the hut and learn life skills the Scouts have to offer, not to mention the various other businesses and uses the building and outdoor space has for the community. Demolishing the building for 18 units of housing to be crammed in to and already developed area will show no benefit to the local area. Drakes drive is a narrow road and will suffer the pressures of overdevelopment and lack of community facilities. There are zero plans in place to manage the loss of such an important space. How can a "community facility be reprovided†once you have built on the very land it belongs in or "its loss satisfactorily justified†when it is clear the loss simply cannot be justified. A substandard process has been used to identify this area to be unnecessarily d	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
146	1	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	I oppose H01/13, the building of 18 homes on the land occupied by the Chells Scout HQ in Drakes Drive. Over 100 youngsters, including my own, use Scout HQ 5 evenings a week and most weekends. It is providing youngsters with something to do, keeping them out of trouble and teaching them important life skills.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can

147	1	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	I oppose H01/13, the building of 18 homes on the land occupied by the Chells Scout HQ in Drakes Drive. The Scout hut is a well-used facility throughout the week, and at weekends. It is home to the largest Scout Group in Stevenage with over 100 members. It provides safe, supervised activities for its members with the field being an integral part of this. The hut also includes storage space for camping and activity equipment. It is a hugely important facility for its young members, their families, its adult volunteers and the community which has built up around the Group.	be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies. Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
148	2	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	I object to the proposal of building 18 houses on Chells Scout Hut (H01/13). This scout hut is key to the community and offers children a fun affordable activity every week with outside space while learning key skills. My son attends this scout hut and it is his favourite day of the week. It would be a real shame to take this facility away from the area. Also drakes drive is already a very busy road, and I am not sure how it would even be possible to build 18 homes on this site with appropriate parking etc.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
149	2	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	I object to the proposals for HO1/13 for the following reasons: Removal of significant local amenity without clear plans to manage the loss of local amenity to local groups. Development of significant number of properties in developed housing area not in keeping with local area	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can

					Development would add significant issues in relation to transport, parking etc.	be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
150	2	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	I oppose H01/13, the building of 18 homes on the land occupied by the Chells Scout HQ in Drakes Drive. This site is used by many and has the largest Scout group in Stevenage. It provides many children and young people with the opportunity to learn new skills, make friends and understand how to be a part of their community. To take this away would have a huge impact on so many children and families for the replacement of an insignificant amount of homes. I moved to Stevenage 3 years ago and my son has been attending Beavers since we moved. It's easily accessed for all with hard working volunteers who go that extra mile to make a difference in the community by giving their time to put on activities and camps to help our children grow and develop. I fail to see how building 18 homes surpasses the benefit to over 100 young people who use this facility on a weekly basis.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
151	2	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	I wish to object to the proposal to develop the Chells Scout Hut (H01/13) into 18 buildings. This is a key local service for the youth of the area, which is in use 5 nights a week, to support the largest scout group in Stevenage. I was both a Venture Scout and a Scout Leader in this group, and can testify to the value of scouting in my own life, and those of the many children who have been through the group. The current scout hut is in a very convenient location, with good facilities, storage, parking and access. If there are to be more homes and therefore more people in Stevenage, then there is an even greater need for facilities such as the Chells Scout Hut. Please make sure it is kept for the future.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.

152	2	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	I oppose H01/13, the building of 18 homes on the land occupied by the Chells Scout HQ in Drakes Drive. The building has been in use since the 1960s. There are over 100 young people using the hut every week, having constructive and supervised activities. This is particularly relevant given that the council play schemes have been closed. The hut is in use every evening and most weekends. It gets used for camps and sleepovers, fetes and camp fires. The hut provides storage for camping and activity equipment. The hut is used for meetings, leader meetings, exec committee meetings. The field is used for games, camps, training, fire lighting, nature activities, archery, cooking on fires, night sky observations. Over the years, it has also been used by Guides, Brownies, dancing schools, dog clubs, other Scout Groups, Explorer Scouts, funerals, church groups. So this is a facility that is well used by the community. The 18 homes earmarked for the site is an insignificant amount compared to the thousands being built at the moment. But the difference this building makes to so many in the community is huge!	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
153	2	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	I oppose H01/13, the building of 18 homes on the land occupied by the Chells Scout HQ in Drakes Drive. Two of my children attend Chells Scout hut. We go there on Mondays and Fridays. My son goes to chells beavers and my daughter goes to Brownies 20th. The hut is ideal for them to have these activities! They have managed to learn how to put up tents and archery on the field. This is a vital building for so many children! It gets then leaning outside of the house, away from electronics!	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
154	2	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	I oppose H01/13, the building of 18 homes on the land occupied by the Chells Scout HQ in Drakes Drive. 18 homes out of the thousands being built is an insignificant number. The facilities at the Chells Scout HQ make a significant positive difference to the children who use it week by week. My son has been going to scouts since he turned 6 and the skills and experience he has gained there are invaluable. The events the scouts hold bring the community together and its not fair to take that away considering how much little opportunities we have already.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.

155	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	I oppose H01/13, the building of 18 homes on the land occupied by the Chells Scout HQ in Drakes Drive. The Scout HQ is in use 5 evenings a week and most weekends, so a popular and used facility Over 100 youngsters use Scout HQ every week, giving them constructive and supervised activities. Including camping, games, fire lighting & cooking, archery, night sky observation, in a safe, secure space. The Scout HQ is easy to access, only just off Mobbsbury Way The Scout HQ is close to a bus route (SB1) The Scout HQ has storage space for camping and activity equipment The Chells Scout Group is the largest Scout Group in Stevenage with 2 Beaver Scout Colonies, 2 Cub Scout Packs and 2 Scout Troops, which is a product of the facilities there. 18 homes out of the thousands being built is an insignificant number. The facilities at the Chells Scout HQ make a significant positive difference to the children who use it week by week. Drying tents post camp! Collecting/preparing equipment ready for sleep overs and camps Weekend activities â€" camps, sleepovers Has an equipped kitchen, used by hall users and supervised children It has its own car park. My kids love going there scouting, it is convenient distance from our home, the field always has activities for the whole family and during this financial crisis we all are facing, these relatively cheap family activities make my kids happier and gives us the chance to socialise and be part of something amazing. This place is for my kids to learn useful things and be a part of a community. It is essential for both physical and mental health of all kids who attend scouts to preserve this hut.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
156	Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	I propose against the building of 18 dwellings on location HO1/13 Chells scout hut, due to it being a spot for the local community and the young people to attend scouts, beavers and brownies and learn life skills.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not

					be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
157	3 Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	I object to the proposed HO1/13 chells scout hut being demolished and used for 18 units. The scout hut is a main stay for the local young people for Scouts, Beavers, Cubs and Brownies and the numerous other businesses that hire the place. With over 180 young people that use the hut and learn life skills the Scouts have to offer would be a travesty. The hut has been there since the 70s/80s and served the community in all that time. To build another 18 units would put pressure on the narrow road network on Drakes drive and local amenities, and this was the reason the other plan to build the two dwellings on Mobbsbury way was stopped. The land that the hut is on enables a safe area for camping and	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
158	2 Other Comments	HO1/13	Housing site allocation	activities, secured away from a main road and is secure, it provides an area to hold community fetes and events I am opposed to the HO1/13 proposal for the Drakes Drive Scout Hut to be developed into 18 dwellings. This is a much valued spot in the community for boys and girls of all ages. Most of the attendees live within a small catchment area surrounding this and chose it for it's convenient location. Attending a local Scout Association group allows our young people the chance to thrive giving them access to unique opportunities and experiences not afforded to them through most other clubs. This particular plot of land not only provides a fantastic base in terms of the actual hut, but the generous outdoor land allows for camping practice, campfires and fundraising events. Whilst the main purpose of this land is for the use of the Scout Association, it cannot be ignored that it is also utilised by local small businesses for example a dog training school have regular classes and an inflatables company who use the premises to test their equipment as needed free of charge. All of the above points more than demonstrate the immense value this plot of land holds for the community and it should be protected	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
159	Other Comments			for generations to come. G	

160		Other Comments	HO1/13	Harraina aita	Laurence the resultance tion of laure of the Challe Court II of fee	Comments columnialed and
100	3	Other Comments	HO 1/13	Housing site	I oppose the reallocation of land of the Chells Scout Hut for	Comments acknowledged
				allocation	residential use as it is a community use and is used regularly	and noted. Community
					through out the week.	facilities will only be
					100	allowed to be lost where it
					clause 9.9, page 104	can be demonstrated that
						they are no longer
						required, or that they can
						be satisfactorily relocated
						elsewhere. The scout hut
						is clearly used frequently,
						therefore its loss will not
						be permitted. The facility
						is protected under this
						and other local plan
						policies.
162	2	Other Comments	HO1/13		Scout huts and their associated ground must be removed as	Comments acknowledged
					prospective house building locations in the local plan. Bedwell lost	and noted. Community
					their scouts group and Sea Cadets unit due to a housing scheme	facilities will only be
					(which has not even started so the buildings are left derelict) . Chells	allowed to be lost where it
					Scout Group's Scout Hut has been marked as a possible location for	can be demonstrated that
					housing and this is not correct. It is a huge Scout Group with usage	they are no longer
			`		of the building every single evening. They need a new lease so they	required, or that they can
					can continue to provide scouting for the huge youth community in	be satisfactorily relocated
					Chells. Notwithstanding that extra housing on that site would be very	elsewhere. The scout hut
					unwise due to the narrow access road, already significant lack of	is clearly used frequently,
					parking and loss of gteen space	therefore its loss will not
						be permitted. The facility
						is protected under this
						and other local plan
						policies.

165	Other Comments	TC4, SP1	Thank you for the opportunity to comment on the draft amendments to Stevenage's Local Plan under Regulation 18 of the Town and Country Planning (Local Planning) (England) (Amendment) Regulations 2012. We note that this consultation is focussed on a partial update to the vision and set of strategic objectives for the Local Plan, rather than a whole Local Plan. We generally support the changes to the vision and objectives. The main spatial planning topics are suitably reviewed with comprehensive detail, and we welcome the direction of travel in relation to climate change. Further changes to policy relating to	Comments acknowledged and noted.
			trees and woodland, and flooding and drainage are also supported and are considered in line with climate change policy. We broadly support the changes to the overarching spatial strategy for the Local Plan which shows an update to the use classes and development focussed within the Station Gateway Opportunity Area. This is once again in line with the updated climate change policy. While the Three Rivers District does not border that of Stevenage Borough Council we would suggest that we seek to liaise to discuss any potential future cross-boundary issues and progress with our respective plan-making. Please also note this response comes from the Planning Policy team at Three Rivers District Council and is an officer response only. Yours sincerely, Three Rivers Planning Policy Team	

166	0	Other Comments		Nature,	Having lived in Stevenage for over 10 years i very much enjoy the	Comments acknowledged
	U	Other Comments		Biodiversity	care and consideration that has always been made towards the open spaces and care of the natural world here. Recently i have noticed that much of the verges and green spaces are being left to grow, with many wild plants and flowers appearing. I am absolutely enjoying the beauty and variety and am extremely hopeful that this decision to allow more natural growth and flourishing will permit and enable wildlife including, but not limited to, insects and birds, bees and butterflies, to begin to return and increase in our town. My children and i have been enjoying walking over the Fairlands Valley Park lower field on the school run, and were particularly enjoying walking amongst the many wild flowers that were starting to come up, and have been playing in this lovely space. We were so disappointed when the grass was cut this week and those beautiful flowers were gone. I have also noticed some very lovely planting of wildlike flowers around the edges of Shephalbury Park, which has been our local park. It is a joy to discover this beauty and care here. Thank you. So i would like to say thank you, please keep up these actions, to the people who are involved in this care and decision making.	and noted.
					I would love to see the people who have traditionally maintained the verges and green spaces offered the opportunity to be trained in action that cares for the environment here so that their livelihoods can be maintained.	
168		Other Comments	SP9		It was noted that Policy SP9 Healthy Communities refers to NHS property. NHS England publish Health Technical Memoranda's (HTM) and Health Building Notes (HBN). Both advise on how NHS property should be built and operated. Of note is HBN 11-01 †Facilities for primary and community care services'. This states on page five under Security that "All schemes should be considered against the criteria set down by the Secure by Design initiative (www.securedbydesign.com). An individual should have responsibility for decisions on security maters. On small schemes it may be sufficient to follow the principles of this guidance. For larger schemes a formal application should be made and sign-off achieved. The Secure by Design initiative covers the public realm in and around the building (see www.securedbydesign.com). Advice should also be sought from stakeholders and service providers relating to personal safety and protection of property.†Therefore, mention should be made to the use of SBD within this section.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Consideration has been given. Policy SP8 updated to include reference to reducing crime and the fear of crime in new developments.

179	Other Comments	HO1/13	I am writing to you to say I oppose for H01/13, the building of 18 homes on the land occupied by the Chells Scout HQ in Drakes Drive. The reason for why I oppose is because 18 homes out of the thousands being built is an insignificant number and the Scout HQ is in use 5 evenings a week and most weekends, so a popular and used facility. Not only is this hut in use 5 days a week, over 100 youngsters use the hut every week giving them constructive and supervised activities at the largest Scout Group in Stevenage with 2 Beaver Scout Colonies, 2 Cub Scout Packs and 2 Scout Troops, which is a product of the facilities there. The facilities at the Chells Scout HQ make a significant positive difference to the children who use it week by week. For example The HQ allows us to Collect/prepare equipment ready for sleep overs and camps and has an equipped kitchen, the kitchen is used by hall users and supervised children so they can learn to cook and to learn the health and safety while working around the kitchen. Without this vital part we would not be able to prepare food and run weekend activities - camps, sleepovers etc. The field is used for a number of activities, including camping, games, fire lighting & cooking, archery, night sky observation, in a safe, secure space while having a place in the HQ to store space for camping and activity equipment. Without the car park which we are greatly appreciated to have we would not be able to use this so the youngsters can drop off or pickup their equipment for the camp ahead whether that's a camp at the hut or a camp in Wales, meanwhile the car park is a safe space where they can get dropped off or picked up from after being supervised to learn the skills they need.	Comments acknowledged and noted. Community facilities will only be allowed to be lost where it can be demonstrated that they are no longer required, or that they can be satisfactorily relocated elsewhere. The scout hut is clearly used frequently, therefore its loss will not be permitted. The facility is protected under this and other local plan policies.
182	No Comment		Thank you for consulting Transport for London (TfL). I can confirm that we have no comments to make in response to the Regulation 18 consultation on the partial update of the Stevenage Local Plan.	Comments acknowledged and noted.

407	Other Comment	Comments noted and
197	Other Comments	Comments noted and
		acknowledged. The
		objectively assessed
		need (OAN) for housing
		in the Local Plan area was
		initially established
		thorough the Council's
		SHMA, 2015. In terms of
		the starting point for
		assessing the OAN for
		housing, the Council's
		adopted Local Plan
		(2019) SHMA used the
		DCLG (Department for
		Communities and Local
		Government) household
		projections which was in
		line with the requirement of the PPG at the time.
		This considered the 2008-
		based household
		projections as well as the
		2011-based interim
		projections and the 2012-
		based projections.
		However, as noted in the
		inspectors report
		"account had also been
		taken of the ONS 2014
		Sub National Population
		Projections (SNPP) and
		the DCLG 2014-based
		household projections
		which were released after
		the submission on the
		Plan". Although the
		Council's assessment
		indicated that these
		projections could result in
		a difference of an
		additional 300 dwellings
		over the Plan period, the
		Inspector concluded that
		"the scale of difference is
		extremely limited, and in
		this context is not
		meaningful. As such, the
		assessment has not been
		rendered out-of-date and
		a recalculation of the
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	 223

		OAN figure is not required". As part of the Local Plan Partial Review and Update the Council reviewed the current standard method (first introduced in 2018) which identifies the minimum number of homes that a local planning authority should plan for in its area. The NPPF makes clear that the outcome of the standard method should inform the preparation of local plans and establishing a housing requirement for the area. Having regard to the changes the latest housing needs assessment that underpins the Local Plan Partial Review and Update which is derived from the SHMA Part II joint North Hertfordshire District Council and Stevenage Borough Council Strategic Housing Market Assessment 2023. Consideration has been given to the affordable housing needs for Stevenage based on the latest official projections and cover the 9-year period 2022-2031. Informed by the latest ONS mid-year estimates take account of the most up-to-date fertility and mortality rates and the latest migration trends. In particular, focus upon the 2018 based 10-year migration trends, variant

				within these projections was then adjusted in light of the mid-year population estimates 2019 and 2020. Choosing this set of projections represent the best and most up-to-date information available for population and household growth trends. As such the SHMA, 2023 confirms the Council's OAN estimated in the adopted Local Plan 2019 is robust and does not require updating during the Local Plan Partial Review and Update. The Councils Housing and Technical Paper 2024 further illustrates housing delivery will exceed the OAN figure of 7,600 dwellings before the end of the plan period 2031.
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100	Other Comments	NHS Property Services	Comments acknowledged
199	Other Comments	NHS Property Services (NHSPS) manages, maintains and improves NHS properties and facilities, working in partnership with NHS organisations to create safe, efficient, sustainable and modern healthcare environments. We partner with local NHS Integrated Care Boards (ICBs) and wider NHS organisations to help them plan and manage their estates to unlock greater value and ensure every patient can get the care they need in the right place and space for them. NHSPS is part of the NHS and is wholly owned by the Department of Health and Social Care (DHSC) – all surplus funds are reinvested directly into the NHS to tackle the biggest estates challenges including space utilisation, quality, and access with the core objective to enable excellent patient care. General Comments on Health Infrastructure to Support Housing Growth The delivery of new and improved healthcare infrastructure is significantly resource intensive. The NHS as a whole is facing significant constraints in terms of the funding needed to deliver healthcare services, and population growth from new housing development adds further pressure to the system. Health provision is an integral component of sustainable development – access to essential healthcare services promotes good health outcomes and supports the overall social and economic wellbeing of an area. Residential developments often have very significant impacts in terms of the need for additional primary healthcare provision for future residents. Given health infrastructure's strategic importance to supporting housing growth and sustainable development, it should be considered at the forefront of priorities for infrastructure delivery. The ability to continually review the healthcare estate, optimise land use, and deliver health services from modern facilities is crucial. The health estate must be supported to develop, modernise, or be protected in line with integrated NHS strategies. Planning policies should enable the delivery of essential healthcare	Comments acknowledged and noted.
		infrastructure and be prepared in consultation with the NHS to ensure they help deliver estate transformation.	
204	Other Comments	The new National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF). On 30 July the Government published a draft update to the NPPF and it is likely that following consultation that new national policy will be in place in Autumn 2024. In many respects the more delivery focussed draft policy which is explained in the accompanying Ministerial Statement reinforces the rationale for regenerating town centres like Stevenage. It is noted, however that the new policy will require the Council to look again at its approach to housing delivery (NPPF Chapters 3 & 5) and there is more of a focus on identifying sites for commercial development which meet the needs of a modern economy, including identification of sites for uses such as laboratories etc (Chapter 6). Muse consider that the Station Gateway Site can help to contribute to meeting the new	Comments acknowledged and noted.

	requirements and would welcome the opportunity to engage with the Council to help it to do so.	

to update the Local Plan with corrections, additions, deletions and omissions. be considered as part of the Full Local Plan Reference to the Full Local Plan Referen	existing Horse and Pony Route such as the development at Stevenage West will be expected to make provision to allow the routes to be extended into the surrounding countryside. POLICY L23: HORSE AND PONY ROUTE Any reduction to the existing and proposed Horse and Pony Route as shown on the Proposals Map will be resisted. Where appropriate, new developments will be expected to include land for the extension of the Horse and Pony Route. Any development which adversely affects the route will not be permitted unless a satisfactory alternative route is provided. This policy was supported with a published descriptive leaflet and	map, and waymarking to mark the route. This omission is particularly relevant when consideration is given to the number of horses in and around Stevenage and their contribution to the local economy. The number of Horse Passports issued by DEFRA to Stevenage post codes is around 1300. Using the cost of keeping a horse of £5,000 per annum, this suggests the contribution to the local economy of £6.5M. This supports a large number of local	businesses including feed merchants, tack and pet shops, vets, farriers, saddlers and harness makers, farmers, equestrian centres and stables, agricultural equipment, many in the rural economy.		to update the Local Plan with corrections, additions, deletions and omissions. The following comments reflect this desire, and where relevant the comments are in italics. Firstly, it is noted that the Stevenage Horse and Pony Ride (SH&PR is inexplicably missing from this present 2011 – 2031 Local Plan an went unnoticed, therefore is an omission. The Stevenage Horse an an went unnoticed, therefore is an omission. The Stevenage Development Corporation, now Stevenage Borough Council, and was very much part of the infrastructure of the plans for Stevenage Town. The previous Local Plan included the following: 8.8.4 The Borough Council designated a Horse and Pony Riding Route in 1983 around the edge of Stevenage linking surrounding bridleways and incorporating a route diagonally across the Town through Fairlands Valley. The linking up of the existing Horse and Pony Route and its exension to the countryside is considered important as it is seen as an essential leisure facility and enables access to the countryside, it is therefore considered vital that the existing and proposed routes are protected. The retention, maintenance and extension of this route will therefore be promoted by the Borough Council. Developments which incorporate an existing Horse and Pony Route such as the development at Stevenage West will be expected to make provision to allow the routes to be extended into the surrounding countryside. POLICY L23: HORSE AND PONY ROUTE Any reduction to the existing and proposed Horse and Pony Route as shown on the Proposals Map will be resisted. Where appropriate new developments will be expected to include land for the extension of the Horse and Pony Route. Any development which adversely affects the route will not be permitted unless a satisfactory alternative route is provided. This policy was supported with a published descriptive leaflet and map, and waymarking to mark the route. This omission is particularly relevant when consideration is given to the number of horses in and around Stevenage and their	be considered as part of the Full Local Plan Reviwhich commences next year.
previous Local Plan included the following:		Stevenage West will be expected to make provision to allow the routes to be extended into the surrounding countryside. POLICY L23: HORSE AND PONY ROUTE Any reduction to the existing and proposed Horse and Pony Route as shown on the Proposals Map will be resisted. Where appropriate, new developments will be expected to include land for the extension of the Horse and Pony Route. Any development which adversely affects the route will not be permitted unless a satisfactory alternative route is provided.	Stevenage West will be expected to make provision to allow the routes to be extended into the surrounding countryside. POLICY L23: HORSE AND PONY ROUTE Any reduction to the existing and proposed Horse and Pony Route as shown on the Proposals Map will be resisted. Where appropriate, new developments will be expected to include land for the extension of the Horse and Pony Route. Any development which adversely affects the route will not be permitted unless a satisfactory alternative route is provided. This policy was supported with a published descriptive leaflet and map, and waymarking to mark the route. This omission is particularly relevant when consideration is given to the number of horses in and around Stevenage and their contribution to the local economy. The number of Horse Passports issued by DEFRA to Stevenage post codes is around 1300. Using the cost of keeping a horse of £5,000 per annum, this suggests the contribution to the local		8.8.4 The Borough Council designated a Horse and Pony Riding Route in 1983 around the edge of Stevenage linking surrounding bridleways and incorporating a route diagonally across the Town through Fairlands Valley. The linking up of the existing Horse and Pony Route and its extension to the countryside is considered important as it is seen as an essential leisure facility and enables access to the countryside. It is therefore considered vital that the existing and proposed routes are protected. The retention, maintenance and extension of this route will therefore be promoted by the Borough Council. Developments which incorporate an	

		This omission can be rectified with the re-introduction of the Stevenage Horse and Pony Ride and it is suggested the following section is added to Policy SP12: Green infrastructure and natural environment: f. Stevenage Horse and Pony Ride Continue to develop and complete the Stevenage Horse and Pony Riding Route designated in 1983 around the edge of Stevenage and diagonally through Fairlands Valley as an extension to the countryside. Any reduction to the existing and proposed Horse and Pony Route as shown in the published Map will be resisted. Any development which adversely affects the route will not be permitted unless a satisfactory alternative route is provided. Additionally paragraph 5. 147 should expanded to say: "We want to keep the most important spaces for future generations to provide a green urban area and to link the town to the countryside including the Stevenage Horse and Pony Riding Route'. It is suggested a new paragraph is added following 5. 147 as shown: The linking up of the Horse and Pony Riding Route and its extension to the countryside is considered important and is seen as a leisure facility enabling access to the countryside and must be protected. The retention, maintenance, waymarking and completion of this route will be promoted the Borough Council, and developments will be expected to make provision for routes to be extended into the surrounding countryside. It is complementary to the walking and cycling infrastructure and includes public rights of way and quiet highways. There are remaining gaps in the SH&PR, and these are listed in the Hertfordshire Rights of Way Improvement Plan (RoWIP) to guide future developments. Some of these gaps are outside the boundary of Stevenage Borough Council and will require other local authorities to implement. This has always been the case of the SH&PR plan	
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209	Other Comments	Moving onto the published documentation: 1. 'Simple Local Plan Booklet' Part III: Detailed policies and delivery – These are the detailed requirements that we will apply to individual planning applications to make sure that our vision and strategic policies can be achieved. It is noted that the SH&PR is already taken into account in planning applications. Limited to necessary changes only, related to key drivers of change. The SH&PR was omitted from the present Local Plan, hence is applicable as key drivers of change. Other wider changes will be considered for the next stage of the Local Plan Review, a Full Review of the Plan, from 2025 onwards. Under 'Minor Amendments': Few other minor changes include updates to any textual errors within the subtext and a review of the Proposals map to ensure it is up to date. If there is an issue which you do not think is covered this is your chance to get it raised. We will be able to log all comments and review other areas when we proceed with a Full Review from 2025 onwards. If this omission cannot be accommodated then it should be included in the Full Review starting in 2025. 2. Justification Table Partial Review and Update of the Stevenage Borough Local Plan 2011-2031 Schedule of Changes for Regulation 18 Consultation New paragraphs 1.7A and 1.7B Local planning authorities are required to review their planning policies every five years to ensure that they remain fit for purpose. The Local Plan was adopted in May 2019 and the five-year period therefore elapsed in May 2024. The omission of the SH&PR should be logged for the start of the 2025 full review if it is fails to be included in this partial review. 5.29 There are also many jobs provided outside of our main employment areas Thousands of people are employed in retail, leisure and other services. This plan recognises the importance of these sectors to jobs and growth and contains appropriate policies to protect and enhance their contribution in this regard. The contribution to the local economy has been o	Comments acknowledged and noted. This issue will be considered as part of the Full Local Plan Review which commences next year.
		businesses including leed merchants, tack and pet snops, vets,	230

	farriers, saddlers and harness makers, farmers, equestrian centres	
	and stables, agricultural equipment, many in the rural economy.	
	8.44	
	However, cycling in particular is experiencing a renaissance in many	
	towns and cities. It is important that Stevenage capitalises on this	
	and promotes it's its ground-breaking heritage in this regard. This	
	will deliver wider benefits in terms of health and wellbeing and also	
	helps prevent a self-fulfilling prophecy whereby a lack of suitable	
	provision results in a (perceived) lack of demand.	
	It is noted that the SH&PR will complement the cycling, and	
	walking, infrastructure.	

210 Other Co	omments NH4	3. Stevenage Borough Local Plan 2011 – 2031 14.25 This includes those footpaths and bridleways which link to the Stevenage Outer Orbital Path (StOOP). This is a 27-mile route which circles Stevenage using footpaths and other routes that are open to the public. All of StOOP lies outside of the Borough boundary. However, it is connected to Stevenage by eight 'link paths' which use public rights of way within our administrative area. These links are compatible with the SH&PR and re-enforce the need to re-introduce it into this review. 4. Policy NH4: Green Links The following routes, as shown on the policies map, are designated as Green Links: 1. The Old Greens: Meadway to Fishers Green and Symonds Green; 2. The Avenue / Forster Country: Bury Mead to St. Nicholas Church; 3. Fairlands Valley: Hampson Park via Fairlands Valley Park to (a) Roebuck and (b) Shephall Green; 4. Chells: Gresley Way to Narrow Box Lane and Nobel School; 5. Collenswood: Gresley Way via Collenswood to Fairlands Valley Park / Chells Way; 6. Bandley Hill: Gresley Way via Ridlins Park and Bandley Hill to Collenswood; 7. Shephalbury: Gresley Way via Ridlins Wood and Loves Wood to Shephalbury Park; 8. Water meadows: Broadhall Way to Hertford Road; 9. Grace Way: Along the length of Grace Way between Fairlands Way and Martins Way; and 10. Great Ashby: From Wellfield Wood and St Nicholas Park through Great Ashby to the Borough boundary at Severn Way. It is noted that majority of these aligned in some part with the SH&PR and re-enforce the need to re-introduce it into this review. Only numbers 2 and 9 are excluded.	Comments acknowledged and noted. This issue will be considered as part of the Full Local Plan Review which commences next year.
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211	Other Comments	GB1	5. 12 The Green Belt	Comments acknowledged
			Policy GB1: Green Belt	and noted. This issue will
			The following broad locations, as detailed on the policies map, are	be considered as part of
			designated as Green Belt:	the Full Local Plan Review
			Land bounded by Gresley Way, Broadwater Lane, the rear of	which commences next
			properties at Goddard End, Broadhall Way, the A602 and Aston	year.
			Lane;	
			Land to the south east of the Borough, accommodating the Three	
			Horseshoes public	
			House and adjacent woodland.	
			 Land to the east of the Borough, bounded by Gresley Way; 	
			 Land to the north of the Borough, bounded by Bury Cottages, 	
			Weston Road and the rear of properties at St Andrews Drive and St	
			David Close;	
			Land to the north west of the Borough, bounded by Graveley	
			Road, the A1(M) and	
			Stevenage Road;	
			• Land at Norton Green, bounded by the A1(M);	
			Land at Junction 7 and to the south of this junction, bounded by	
			the A1(M).	
			12.3 In many parts of the town, the built up area of Stevenage	
			extends right up to the Borough boundary. We have not identified a	
			Green Belt boundary in these locations because we cannot set	
			policies or designations for land that is not in Stevenage Borough. It	
			will be for the adjacent local authority to decide whether they think	
			the Green Belt should come up to the edge of Stevenage. We are	
			working with North and East Hertfordshire to create a connected Green Belt boundary all the way around the town that will meet our	
			development and community needs beyond the plan period.	
			development and community fleeds beyond the plan period.	
			The SH&PR should be included in any of these boundary	
			discussions as stated above, some parts of the SH&PR are in	
			adjoining local authorities, often along the boundary line.	
			adjoining local authorness, often along the boundary line.	

0.45	Others	TOO	Ll'als Otas et	DOLLOW TOO TOWN OFNITHE OLIOPPING AREA	This shows to Dali
215	Other Comments	TC8	High Street	POLICY TC8: TOWN CENTRE SHOPPING AREA	This change to Policy
			shopping Area	We object to the deletion of the final sentence of this policy, which	TC8 is necessary
				states that redevelopment within the Town Centre Shopping Area	because the existing text
				will be permitted only if it does not harm the Town Square	is contrary to national
				Conservation Area. We believe it is important to explicitly highlight	policy, which allows for
				that the Town Square is a Conservation Area to ensure that heritage	harmful development
				considerations are factored into any decisions. Without this explicit	subject to the appropriate
				reference, there is a risk that the impact on heritage assets might be	public benefits test. An
				overlooked or insufficiently considered during the planning process.	outright ban on harmful
				Our recommendation	development, as the
				The proposed change is unjustified, and the reference to the Town	policy is currently
				Square Conservation Area should be retained. The Regulation 18	worded, is therefore
				consultation document clearly states that the scope of the review is	unjustified.
				limited to "necessary changes only, which are related to key drivers	
				of change since the Plan was adopted in 2019". However, no	In any event, protection
				evidence has been provided to justify why this is considered a	for all of the borough's
				necessary change or to identify the specific key driver it pertains to.	conservation areas is
					provided by Policy SP13
					and Policy NH10. It is
					unnecessary to duplicate
					these protections under
		· ·			every area-specific policy
					within other chapters.
					Together with the
					statutory duty to protect
					heritage assets and
					national policy set out in
					the NPPF, Policies SP13
					and NH10 are sufficient to
					ensure the adequate
					protection of conservation
					areas, regardless of their
					location.
				I	location.

216	Other Comments	TC9	High street	POLICY TC9: HIGH STREET SHOPPING AREA	This change to Policy
			shopping Area	We object to the proposed deletion of criterion 'b', which states that	TC8 is necessary
				permission will be	because the existing text
				granted only if it does not harm the significance of any designated	is contrary to national policy, which allows for
				heritage asset(s), including their setting. We believe it is important to	harmful development
				highlight that the Town Square is a Conservation Area to ensure that	subject to the appropriate
				heritage considerations are factored into any decisions. Without this	public benefits test. An
				explicit reference, there is a risk that the impact on heritage assets	outright ban on harmful
				might be overlooked or insufficiently considered during the planning process.	development, as the policy is currently
				Our recommendation	worded, is therefore
				The proposed change is unjustified, and criterion 'b' should be retained. The Regulation 18 consultation document clearly states	unjustified.
				that the scope of the review is limited to "necessary changes only,	In any event, protection
				which are related to key drivers of change since the Plan was	for all of the borough's
				adopted in 2019". However, no evidence has been provided to justify why this is considered a necessary change or to identify the	conservation areas is provided by Policy SP13
				specific key driver it pertains to.	and Policy NH10. It is
					unnecessary to duplicate
					these protections under
					every area-specific policy within other chapters.
					Together with the
					statutory duty to protect
					heritage assets and
					national policy set out in the NPPF, Policies SP13
					and NH10 are sufficient to
					ensure the adequate
					protection of conservation
					areas, regardless of their location.
217	Other Comments		local knowledge	CONCLUSIONS	Comments acknowledged
2	Other Comments		local knowledge	In preparation of the forthcoming Local Plan review, we encourage	and noted.
				you to draw on the knowledge of local conservation officers, the	
				county archaeologist and local heritage groups.	
				Please note that absence of a comment on an allocation or document in this letter does not mean that Historic England is	
				content that the allocation or document forms part of a positive	
				strategy for the conservation and enjoyment of the historic	
				environment or is devoid of historic environment issues.	
				Finally, we should like to stress that this opinion is based on the information provided by the Council in its consultation. To avoid any	
				doubt, this does not affect our obligation to provide further advice	
				and, potentially, object to specific proposals, which may	
				subsequently arise where we consider that these would have an	
				adverse effect upon the historic environment.	
				Should you have any questions regarding the comments provided,	

	please feel free to contact me. In the meantime, we look forward to continuing to work with you and your colleagues.	

218	Other Comments	SP7	Housing Need	Scope of the partial review The Council have chosen to undertake a limited review of the local	Comments noted and acknowledged. The
				plan and not looked to update policies relating to development	objectively assessed
				needs. The HBF consider this to be an inappropriate response given	need (OAN) for housing
				that the housing requirement in the adopted local plan is well below	in the Local Plan area was
				the starting point for considering the number of homes required in	initially established
				Stevenage arrived at using the standard method. As the council will	thorough the Council's
				be aware the local housing needs assessment using the standard	SHMA, 2015. In terms of
				method would require the council to plan for a minimum of 474	the starting point for
				dwellings per annum (dpa), 95 homes a year more than the current	assessing the OAN for
				housing requirement set out in policy SP7 of the local plan.	housing, the Council's
				Housing requirement set out in policy of 7 of the local plan.	adopted Local Plan
				Given that the policy is more than 5 years old, not based on a up to	(2019) SHMA used the
				date or policy complaint assessment of housing needs that only	DCLG (Department for
				looks ahead to 2031, HBF would have expected the council to revisit	Communities and Local
				this policy, or more sensibly the whole plan, and set out a long term	Government) household
				strategy for meeting housing needs. While HBF recognises that	projections which was in
				Stevenage is relatively constrained its urban edge meaning that	line with the requirement
				needs may not be met in full. However, if this were the case a	of the PPG at the time.
				detailed consideration of housing needs and supply over a policy	This considered the 2008-
				compliant plan period would have enabled the council to co-operate	based household
				effectively with its neighbours and plan for any unmet housing	projections as well as the
				needs that may arise. The council's decision to not revisit SP7 could	2011-based interim
				hamper co-operation in future and limit the ability of the other	projections and the 2012-
				authorities to prepare plans that address the unmet needs of	based projections.
				Stevenage should thy arise. This is particularly important given that	However, as noted in the
				East Hertfordshire has just commenced a review of its Local Plan	inspectors report
				and North Hertfordshire is required to undertake an early review of	"account had also been
				its local plan that was adopted in 2022.	taken of the ONS 2014
					Sub National Population
				The HBF therefore recommends that the Council undertakes a full	Projections (SNPP) and
				review of its local plan and delivers a strategy alongside its partners	the DCLG 2014-based
				that meets the housing needs of Stevenage in full.	household projections
					which were released after
					the submission on the
					Plan". Although the
					Council's assessment
					indicated that these
					projections could result in
					a difference of an
					additional 300 dwellings
					over the Plan period, the
					Inspector concluded that
					"the scale of difference is
					extremely limited, and in
					this context is not
					meaningful. As such, the
					assessment has not been rendered out-of-date and
					a recalculation of the

Market Assessment 2023. Consideration has been given to the affordable housing needs for Stevenage based on the latest official projections and cover the 9-year period 2022-2031. Informed by the latest ONS mid-year estimates take account of the most up-to-date fertility and mortality rates and the latest migration trends. In particular, focus on the 2018 based 10-year migration trends, variant population and household projections. The data			OAN figure is not required". As part of the Local Plan Partial Review and Update the Council reviewed the current standard method (first introduced in 2018) which identifies the minimum number of homes that a local planning authority should plan for in its area. The NPPF makes clear that the outcome of the standard method should inform the preparation of local plans and establishing a housing requirement for the area. Having regard to the changes the latest housing needs assessment that underpins the Local Plan Partial Review and Update which is derived from the SHMA Part II joint North Hertfordshire District Council Strategic Housing Council Strategic Housing
underprins the Local Plan Partial Review and Update which is derived from the SHMA Part II joint North Herfordshire District Council and Stevenage Borough Council Strategic Housing Market Assessment 2023. Consideration has been given to the affordable housing needs for Stevenage based on the latest official projections and cover the 9-year period 2022-2031. Informed by the latest ONS mid-year estimates take account of the most up-to-date fertility and mortality and mortalit			requirement for the area. Having regard to the changes the latest housing needs
from the SHMA Part II joint North Hertfordshire District Council and Stevenage Borough Council Strategic Housing Market Assessment 2023. Consideration has been given to the affordable housing needs for Stevenage based on the latest official projections and cover the 9-year period 2022-2031. Informed by the latest OSS mid-year estimates take account of the most up-to-date fertility and mortality rates and the latest migration trends. In particular, focus upon the 2018 based 10-year migration trends, variant population and household			underpins the Local Plan Partial Review and
District Council and Stevength Council Strategious Housing Council Strategious Housing Market Assessment 2023. Consideration has been given to the affordable housing needs for Stevenage based on the latest official projections and cover the 9-year period council strategies. It is not stated to the latest official projections and cover the 9-year period by the latest ONS mid-year estimates take account of the most up-to-date fertility and mortality rates and the latest mireds. In particular, focus upon the 2018 based 10-year migration trans and mortality ariant population and household			from the SHMA Part II
Council Strategic Housing Market Assessment 2023. Consideration has been given to the affordable housing needs for Stevenage based on the latest official projections and cover the 9-year period 2022-2031. Informed by the latest ONS mid-year estimates take account of the most up-to-date fertility and mortality rates and the latest migraticular, focus upon the 2018 based 10-year migration trends, up no population and household			District Council and
Consideration has been given to the affordable housing needs for Stevenage based on the latest official projections and cover the period 2022-2031. Informed by the latest ONS mid-mates take account of the most up-to-date fertility and mortality rates and the latest migration trends. In particular, focus upon the 2018 based 10-year migration trandal population and household			Council Strategic Housing
housing needs for Stevenage based on the latest officions and cover the 9-year period 2022-2031. Informed by the latest ONS mid-year estimates take account of the most up-to-date fertility and mortality rates and the latest migration trends. In particular, focus upon the 2018 based 10-year migration trends, variant population and household			Consideration has been
latest official projections and cover the 9-year period 2022-2031. Informed by the talest ONS mid-year estimates take account of the most up-to-date fertility and mortality rates and the latest migration trends. In particular, focus upon the 2018 based 10-year migration trends, variant population and household			housing needs for
and cover the 9-year period 2022-2031. Informed by the latest ONS mid-year estimates take account of the most up-to-date fertility and mortality rates and the latest migration trends. In particular, focus upon the 2018 based 10-year migration trends, variant population and household			
Informed by the latest ONS mid-year estimates take account of the most up-to-date fertility and mortality rates and the latest migration trends. In particular, focus upon the 2018 based 10-year migration trends, variant population and household			and cover the 9-year
take account of the most up-to-date fertility and mortality rates and the latest migration trends. In particular, focus upon the 2018 based 10-year migration trends, variant population and household			Informed by the latest
up-to-date fertility and mortality rates and the latest migration trends. In particular, focus upon the 2018 based 10-year migration trends, variant population and household			
mortality rates and the latest migration trends. In particular, focus upon the 2018 based 10-year migration trends, variant population and household			up-to-date fertility and
particular, focus upon the 2018 based 10-year migration trends, variant population and household			mortality rates and the
2018 based 10-year migration trends, variant population and household			
migration trends, variant population and household			2018 based 10-year
			migration trends, variant
projections. The data			
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				within these projections was then adjusted in light of the mid-year population estimates 2019 and 2020. Choosing this set of projections represent the best and most up-to-date information available for population and household growth trends. As such the SHMA, 2023 confirms the Council's OAN estimated in the adopted Local Plan 2019 is robust and does not require updating during the Local Plan Partial Review and Update. The Councils Housing and Technical Paper 2024 further illustrates housing delivery will exceed the OAN figure of 7,600 dwellings before the end of the plan period 2031.
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235	Other Comments	HO10	Older persons and housing	Older Persons Housing Policy (Policy HO10) The revised draft plan proposes to amend Policy HO10 to remove support for sheltered and supported housing schemes more generally. It is unclear why the council propose to remove this support given that the NPPF paragraph 63 explicitly sets out that local plan authorities should assess the need for an include policies which seek to meet the needs of specific groups including older people. Recommendation The following text should be retained: Planning permission for sheltered and supported housing schemes will be granted where: a. The site is well served by passenger transport; b. There is good access to local services and facilities such as neighbourhood centres; To prevent duplication of other plan policies. c. Appropriate levels of amenity space and car parking for residents, visitors and staff are provided; and d. The proposal is appropriate to its locality.	Comments noted and acknowledged.
236	Other Comments		Coverage of partial Review	Coverage of the Partial Plan Review Central Bedfordshire Council (CBC) recognises that Stevenage Borough Council (SBC) declared a climate emergency in June 2019 and reconfirmed a commitment to tackling climate change and its impacts by setting a target to ensure that Stevenage has net zero carbon emissions by 2030. The inclusion of a strong focus on climate change as part of the plan review is therefore understandable and the intention to require development to contribute to both mitigating and adapting to climate change is supported. Notwithstanding this, since the adoption of the Stevenage Local Plan in May 2019, much has changed at a national level, including the Levelling Up and Regeneration Act (2023), Environment Act (2021) and updates to the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) in July 2021, September 2023 and December 2023. As such, it is surprising that a full plan update (following the review of the plan) is not deemed to be required to reflect these changes. The justification says 'the spatial strategy remains fit for purpose', but there is no further explanation as to how this conclusion has been reached. Alongside this, given the current government NPPF consultation and the proposals to deliver 1.5 million new homes, CBC would be interested to understand if the Council will now be considering undertaking a full update instead, particularly as the proposed transitional arrangements outlined within the consultation state that 'all plans at earlier stages of preparation (i.e. plans that have not yet reached Regulation 19 stage one month after the revised NPPF is published) - should be prepared against the revised version of the NPPF and progressed as quickly as possible'.	Comments acknowleged and noted. Evidential studies and technicxal papers to be published ahead of Regulation 19

237	Other Comments	Coverage of partial Review General comments Anglian Water supports the Partial Review's prioritisation of Climate Change policies. Given that the current Local Plan was adopted in May 2019 and covers the period to 2031 there could be a case that the whole Local Plan should be updated. We note that as of 31 July 2024 a new Plan could now be prepared under current regulations and submitted a further 18 months later, in or before December 2026. Ir view of the timescale for Examination and then adoption the New Plan could then prospectively cover to 2040 or later in that decade to provide certainty for growth and the provision of infrastructure to support new homes and businesses. Anglian Water's own Plans have a five-year rolling review and the latest draft Plans to be finalised in December 2024 plan to 2050 and set out investment	Awaiting response from Simon Bird
		from 2025 to 2030.	

248	Other Comments	Transport	Highways As the Highway Authority our primary interest in Local Plans is in relation to its approach to highway and transport matters. We aim to provide a safe, efficient and resilient transport system that serves the needs of businesses and residents across Hertfordshire whilst minimising impact on the environment. Hertfordshire County Council adopted Local Transport Plan 4 (LTP4) 2018 – 2031 which sets out the long-term transport strategy for the County to accommodate housing and employment growth being identified by the Borough/District Councils in their Local Plans. LTP4 provides a framework to guide all our future transport planning and investment. It accelerates the transition from a previous transport strategy that was largely car based to a more balanced approach which caters for all forms of transport. Policy 1: Transport User Hierarchy states "to support the creation of built environments we encourage greater and safer use of sustainable transport modes.' We therefore seek to encourage modal shift with a switch from the private car to sustainable transport (e.g. walking, cycling and passenger transport) wherever possible. Initial findings Hertfordshire County Council (HCC) welcomes Stevenage Borough Council's (SBC) partial review of the local plan but has concerns about the effectiveness of the plan and about the updates which have been put forward (and those that have not) which we would like to address in this response. The existing local plan was brought forward under earlier versions of the NPPF and as mentioned above, LTP4 has since been adopted. The current NPPF requires local plans to more explicitly define the link between sites and infrastructure funding required for transport. This plan review provides an opportunity to robustly review and update the mitigations needed for site supporting transport infrastructure and to properly address sources of funding. This should be captured through ongoing updates of the Infrastructure Delivery Plan. This issue is becoming critically important for	
			infrastructure and to properly address sources of funding. This should be captured through ongoing updates of the Infrastructure Delivery Plan. This issue is becoming critically important for HCC as Highway Authority and especially so in CIL areas where S106 funding pots are now depleted so that cumulative impacts on settlements are	

2.0		I		
249	Other Comments	Transport - key	Key issues and concerns	
		issues and	Lack of updates on sustainable transport aspirations:	
		concerns	o The plan does not provide adequate updates on the aspirations for	
			sustainable transport, despite being a critical overarching principle	
			in the original local plan.	
			o There is little or no mention of the latest transport plans and	
			strategies, making it difficult to align the plan with current and future	
			sustainable transport initiatives.	
			Cohesion between delivery plans:	
			o There is a noticeable lack of cohesion between different delivery	
			plans, such as the local plan and the IDP, leading to fragmented and	
			unclear information and a lack of detail regarding the deliverability of	
			schemes and infrastructure.	
			Progress since last local plan:	
			o The partial review does not make it clear on what progress has	
			been made since the last plan was adopted, particularly regarding	
			securing funding contributions and the delivery of schemes and	
			infrastructure projects.	
			o There is a risk that the absence of updates over the last five years	
			could render some aspects of the plans policies ineffective or	
			inapplicable.	
			Funding and development contributions:	
			o There is a lack of transparency regarding the Community	
			Infrastructure Levy (CIL) contributions, the status of the CIL pot, and	
			the nature in which these contributions are being sought and	
			secured.	
			o HCC are concerned that there is a risk of opportunities being	
			missed for funding contributions due to inadequate or unclear	
			mitigation measures.	
			o More synergy is required in attributing contributions to specific	
			corridors in a CIL-compliant manner.	
			o The mitigations and infrastructure requirements do not always	
			align with the levels of expected growth. There is a danger that this	
			disconnect could result in non-compliance with policy if appropriate	
			contributions are not secured.	
			Strategic Direction and Mitigation:	
			o The plan is unclear on the strategic direction and mitigation	
			measures needed to address the levels of development proposed.	
			Given that all these interventions were required as part of the	
			original local plan, it is essential to provide a clear plan for taking	
			these interventions forward.	
			Active travel focus:	
			o Despite acknowledging the importance of climate change there is	
			little additional focus on active travel or integrating sustainable	
			transport initiatives. The plan should seek to increase its	
			effectiveness by acknowledging and incorporating new strategies,	
			guidance, and aspirations that have emerged since the original plan.	
			o The Sustainable Travel Town initiative, E-bike scheme, LCWIP	
			refresh, BSIP Programme, and Station Gateway redevelopment	
			should be more prominently featured and supported.	
			anouid be more prominently leatured and supported.	
				243

250	Other Comments	Transport -	Recommendations	Comments acknowledged
		Recommendations	§ Provide clear updates on sustainable transport aspirations and	and noted. The
			future-plans, aligning with the latest strategies and initiatives.	Stevenage Infrastructure
			§ Include specific references to relevant transport plans to ensure	Delivery Plan (IDP)
			coherence and clarity.	identifies the
			§ Improve cohesion between delivery plans and provide detailed	infrastructure required in
			updates on progress since the last plan.	order to support the
			§ Increase transparency regarding funding contributions,	delivery of the Local Plan
			particularly for CIL, and outline the status and future-plans for the	to 2031. This informs how
			CIL pot.	the Council will use CIL
			§ Clearly articulate the strategic direction and mitigation measures	funds in Stevenage in
			to address the proposed levels of development.	order to meet the funding
			§ Provide detailed plans for securing and utilising contributions to	gap identified.
			ensure effective implementation of necessary infrastructure	The IDP covers a wide
			projects.	range of physical and
			§ Acknowledge new strategies and incorporate them into the plan to	social infrastructure
			retain its effectiveness and relevance.	including; transport,
			§ Ensure that documents and workstreams are easily accessible and	utilities, education, health,
			interconnected, enhancing the overall clarity and usability of the	community facilities,
			plan.	emergency services and
			§ Foster better synergy between different plans and strategies to	green infrastructure
			create a cohesive and effective framework for development.	requirements. For more
				details / comments on the
				Council's developer
				contributions please see
				the Council's revised
				Developer Contribution
				SPD. The consultation
				will run from 14th
				October to 10
				November 2024.

254	Other Comments		Canalysian and	Complication	
251	Other Comments		Conclusion and	Conclusion	
			further comments	HCC's position is that the partial review does not go far enough and	
				represents a missed opportunity to strengthen the strategic focus	
				and make the plan more resilient to future development.	
				The partial plan review fails to adequately address the funding of	
				transport infrastructure mitigations needed both for sites and	
				settlements under the current NPPF – and the Highway Authority	
				would be unable to support the plan at Examination as drafted.	
				To address these concerns, it is crucial to update and align the plan	
				with the latest sustainable transport strategies, improve cohesion	
				and transparency, clarify strategic directions, and strengthen	
				sustainability measures and aspirations.	
				Further comments:	
				Below are a list of more specific comments/feedback for	
				consideration highlighted by HCC officers:	
				1. 4.31 / 5.48 - Refers to Smart motorway - needs to be removed.	
				2. 4.33 / Policy SP6 / 5.58a / 7.39E / 7.44 / 8.39 - Bus station already	
				relocated.	
				3. 5.47 - Refers to further road schemes identified to provide	
				additional capacity on local roads predicted to come under stress.	
				Includes junction improvements including motorway junctions -	
		1		need to rephrase improving for all users. Mentions retention of	
				smaller Tesco and redevelopment of site into other uses.	
				4. SP6 - Strengthen wording to make sustainable transport more	
				essential.	
				5. 5.59 - Include proposals to remove town centre cycling ban and	
				improve wayfinding	
				6. 5.62 / 5.63 - Pro car wording – emphasise importance of reducing	
				car usage. Reference importance of transitioning to Electric	
				Vehicles.	
				7. 7.19 - Multi-storey already built. Surface level crossing already in.	
				8. 7.20 - Include proposals to remove the town centre cycling ban	
				9. Page 95 - TCl refers to Southgate being reopened as trafficked	
				street with shared surface. Refers to widening of Danesgate for	
				buses and removal of Tower Road - have HCC been consulted on	
				these changes and do they align with sustainable transport	
				aspirations?	
				10. Support of proposals for centre west opp area (Leisure Park)	
				11. 7.33 / 8.36 - 5th platform already built.	
				12. 7.39C - Refers to flexibility to change from buses and taxis only	
				back to option 1 - all traffic on single carriageway - this was not	
				agreed.	
				13. Central core / Northgate - Refers to new MSCPs - provide	
				locations	
				14. Policy TC8 Pg 109 High St - Is this aligned with the High Street	
				improvement consultation and proposals?	
				15. IT1 - New vehicle accesses - needs to say new junctions need to	
				consider needs of all users - including bus priority.	
				16. 8.3 - No reference to North Road cycleway.	
				17. 8.4 - Needs to be a sustainable link - not necessarily for vehicles.	
				•	2.45

19. 8.9 - Do these proposals align with the proposals in the GTP and Lytton Way / Station Gateway proposals?	and noted. For more details / comments on the
Lytton Way / Station Gateway proposals?	details / comments on the
20, 8,10 - Needs to refer to sustainable access	Council's developer
20. 0. 10 1100 do 10 10101 to 3dotamable docess.	contributions please see
21. IT4 - Ensure alignment with HCC planning movement and design the	the Council's revised
guide	Developer Contribution
22. IT5 - Ensure alignment with HCC planning movement and design S	SPD. The consultation
guide. Reference LTN1/20.	will run from 14th
23. IT5 - Loss of off-street parking - Loss of parking can be mitigated 0	October to 10
by encouraging/facilitating sustainable modes of travel, particularly N	November 2024.
given that the current cycling network and public transport are	
underutilised.	
24. 8.30 / 8.33 and parking SPD (Supplementary Planning	
Document) - Ensure alignment with HCC planning movement and	
design guide	
25. 8.34 - Should be moved up in the section.	
26. IT6 page 121 - Needs updating. 5th platform already built along	
with bus station.	
27. Presumption in favour of planning permissions - Sets very low	
bar - e.g., contribution towards bus services - no threshold set.	
28. No mention of CIL - Will contributions be pooled towards these	
priority schemes? These needs defining to ensure appropriate	
improvements/mitigations are clear and in place.	
29. No mention of bus priority - Need to recognise recent	
improvements to bus frequency through BSIP (Bus Service	
Improvement Plan).	
30, 8,38 - EWR route now further north.	
31. 8.40 - Update to ITU.	
32. Need to replace references to Hertfordshire LEP (Local	
Enterprise Partnership) with Hertfordshire Futures.	

253	Other Comments	Conclusion and further comments	33. IT7 / 8.45 - Do these routes align with what is included in the LCWIP or are they the basis for the development of new routes that could be included in an LCWIP refresh? Include a map of routes. Town centre cycling ban? 34. Stevenage Cycle strategy - References Stevenage Cycling Strategy which was superseded by the LCWIP. 35. No mention of bike hire scheme. 36. 8.46 - This needs to include lifting the cycle ban. 37. 8.47 - This should include the North Road corridor. 38. 8.50 - General presumption against loss of car parking spaces in town centre, old town and at station - is there not spare capacity in Stevenage? - Has there been any updated parking survey post MSCP at station? 39. Policy HO1 - Housing sites - have there been any changes since previous plan? 40. H02 - No mention of secondary school - need to say something about direct and safe active travel routes to nearest school. Mentions EV (Electric Vehicle) charge points at accessible location - needs to be updated to new building regs and our EV strategy - this should be incorporated into each of the Housing site policies. 41. HO3 - No secondary school - important to reference the importance of direct and safe active travel routes to nearest school. 42. HO4 - No primary or secondary school - despite 550 units - where is nearest school - need to ensure hook is for direct active travel routes to the nearest facilities. Is the new roundabout providing the access an up-to-date proposal? 43. No mention of STT. 44. Part B - Needs updating suggest this is done as part of the STT work - Active travel strategy needs to specifically refer to the LCWIP and prioritised routes also bike hire scheme. Need to determine funding sources for maintenance of existing network. 45. PT strategy - Needs updating as Thameslink timetable changes now made and 5th platform introduced. 46. Car parking strategy - Has 2004 parking strategy been updated? - Have there been post MSCP parking surveys - needs to mention consolidation of parking. 47. Car sharing - Need to	Comments acknowledged and noted. Having regard to the housing needs assessment that underpinned the Local Plan (adopted 2019) The Local Plan Partial Review and Update is underpinned from the latest joint North Hertfordshire District Council and Stevenage Borough Council Strategic Housing Market Assessment (SHMA) Part II 2023. As such the SHMA 2023 confirms the Council's OAN estimated in the adopted Local Plan 2019 is robust and does not require updating during the Local Plan Partial Review and Update. The Councils Housing and Technical Paper 2024 further illustrates housing delivery will exceed the OAN figure of 7,600 dwellings before the end of the plan period 2031. therefore, there are no chnages to Policy HO1.
			49. Network management - We are not prioritising road capacity improvements at pinch points anymore.	
256	Other Comments	Proposals Map	It is noted in the 'Minor Modifications and Updated Evidence' Local Plan Partial Review webpage that amendments will be made to the existing Policies Map. It is advised that the updated Policies Map should include all adopted Minerals and Waste policy designations in the Borough, including the current adopted Sand and Gravel Belt, safeguarded Waste Management Facilities, and the Langley Sidings Rail Aggregate Depot.	Comments acknowledged and noted. The Council intend to include all adopted Minerals and Waste policy designations in the Borough, including the current adopted Sand and Gravel Belt,

					safeguarded Waste Management Facilities, and the Langley Sidings Rail Aggregate Depot in updated policies map.
257	Other Comments	TC10	Expansion of TC10 to accomomdate Bedwell and improve health in the ward.	1. The introduction of a local ward policy for Bedwell Introduction of a policy similar to the current Local Plan Policy TC10 but in the Bedwell alongside the expansion of the area covered by the current Policy TC10 to include the entirety of the Old Town Electoral Ward. Bedwell electoral ward has the strongest justification of all electoral wards in Stevenage for the introduction of a policy restricting new hot food takeaways and other policies aimed at improving local food environments as per the summary in Section 9 of the Evidence review by HCC. • A policy is strongly recommended in the Bedwell electoral ward and supported by robust evidence suggesting local health and the food environment are both particularly poor in this area. • The implementation of such a policy would work to reduce health inequalities in this area of the borough. 1 The expansion of the existing Policy TC10 2 The expansion of Policy TC10 to cover the entirety of the Old Town electoral ward. 3 There is strong justification for policies to improve the food environment in the Old Town, due to its two secondary schools, high existing fast-food density (2.58 per 1,000 population), being ranked in Hertfordshire quintile 1 for distance to fast food outlet (shortest distance) and being in Hertfordshire Quintile 1 for IMD (most deprived). Such, justification, was sufficient for the existing policy TC10 to be implemented. 4 Alongside the existing justification, HCC WSO team recommend an expansion of the policy to accommodate recent changes to ward boundaries effecting both the Old Town and Bedwell electoral wards (Appendix C in report). A high density of fast-food takeaways currently exists in the Bedwell town centre and surrounding area near to Stevenage train station (Figure 3 in report). Most of this area remains within the new Bedwell electoral ward boundaries, however some of the HFT's will now fall within the Old Town ward. Therefore, there is a need for a new policy in the Old Town electoral ward to additionally cover this area of	Comments acknowledged and noted. We will consider restrictions on hot food takeaways during the Full Local Plan Review next year.

			To allow the effectiveness of the recommended policies to be monitored, the HCC WSO team proposes the following indicator: No new HFT should be granted permission in the following wards: Bedwell Old Town	
258	Other Comments	Air Quality	Stevenage have high asthma prevalence and although no AQMAs air quality is above WHO guidance levels. Could you advise if when discussions take place there is information provided around placement of more at risk settings in terms of AQ e.g. keeping schools, care homes, affordable housing away from sources of pollution (typically strategic infrastructure) and where this is not	Comments acknowledged and noted. This is covered by Policy FP7 and FP8

				possible to screen e.g. planting a wide dense tree belt to reduce exposure	
260	Other Comments		Use Class Order Changes	Use Class Order Changes We support the minor amendments made to Policies SP3, SP4, EC1, EC2, EC3, EC4, EC6, EC7, TC2, TC3, TC5, TC6, TC7, TC8, TC9, TC10, TC11, HC1, HC2, HC3, and HC5 and their associated supporting text to reflect amendments to the Use Classes Order.	Comments noted. No change.
272	Other Comments	HO11		Amended Policy HO11 We support the alterations made in the Policy to reflect the most up to date evidence available in the 2023 Strategic Housing Market Assessment.	Comments acknowledged and noted.
275	Other Comments	HC2	Local Shops	Amended Policy HC2 – Local shops Criterion e) is proposed to be amended to specify at least six-month vacancy timeframe. What is this timescale based on and is this a reasonable period of time to expect a shop unit to remain vacant for particularly in the current market climate. Whilst we appreciate that six months is more quantifiable than 'a considerable period of time', the proposed timeframe should be based in evidence, and it is not clear what that evidence is.	These changes are proposed for the sake of clarity and consistency. A more comprehensive review of timescales will be carried out as part of the full review of the plan, which commences next year. No change.
280	Other Comments		Glossary	New Appendix D – Glossary We support the addition of a Glossary to help clarify some of the wording and terminology included in the Local Plan.	Comments noted. No change.
281	Other Comments		Proposals Map	Amendments to the Proposals Map It would be useful to understand why amendments to the Proposals Map are taking place; are these errors that have been identified since the adoption of the Stevenage Borough Local Plan or are these amendments as a consequence of changes to Policies. Further information on this would be useful to provide more specific responses to this element of the consultation.	We are taking advantage of the new GIS system which will introduce a new public facing spatial platform for planning policy constraints in Stevenage. This will help to speed up the planning process, as applicants will be able to identify, from an earlier stage, the relevant constraints to their respective proposals before application. We are also taking this opportunity to ensure that the Policies Map is consistent with all other relevant maps and file

				formats in earlier spatial versions. We are not making specific changes to layers or boundaries as part of the Local Plan - Partial Review ad Update; however we will be addressing this further when we progress to the Local Plan Full Review, from 2025.
282	Other Comments	Housing and Older people	Point 2.13: Consider including the following challenge - Stevenage also has an ageing population. This combined with lower socioeconomic challenges leads to lower life expectancy. Housing numbers and quality should reflect this. Point 3.29: Is it possible to include healthy ageing under the 'healthy people' category? Point 4.14: To note – It's great to see older people included here as part of the community need. SP2: I note that life expectancy and healthy lifestyles are here. Is it also possible to include a point around healthy ageing or lifetime homes to promote these agendas? SP2 Point 5.5: Questions for the editor: does the policy SP2 include HAPPI design principles or similar guidance? SP5: To note – It's great to see supported housing included here as part of the community need. I assume this includes independent living / Flexi care?SP8: Can we include healthy ageing here or points around lifetime homes or HAPPI Design here? 9 High-quality homes: Can housing for older people be included here within each section? Policy HO10: Sheltered and supported housing: Can you please confirm if the data was taken from the 2023 SHMA as above?	Comments acknowledged and noted. Policy HO10: Sheltered and supported housing has been considered in line with the latest SHMA 2023 and Housing Technical Paper 2024, as such proposed changes are reflected in Policy HO11, SP2 and SP5. HAPPI design principles will be considered further as part of the full review of the local plan, which commences next year.

Appendix 2 - Consultees

Specific Consultee Bodies and Duty to Cooperate Bodies consulted

- The Coal Authority,
- The Environment Agency,
- Historic England,
- The Marine Management Organisation,
- Natural England,
- Network Rail.
- Highways England,
- East And North Herts NHS Trust
- East and North Herts Clinical Commissioning Group
- Communications operators/organisations (including; Mobile Operators Association)
- The Homes and Communities Agency
- North Hertfordshire District Council
- East Hertfordshire District Council
- Other Hertfordshire authorities (including; Borough of Broxbourne, Dacorum Borough Council, Hertsmere Borough Council, St Albans City And District Council, Three Rivers District Council, Watford Borough Council, Welwyn Hatfield Borough Council)
- Hertfordshire County Council (including Growth & Infrastructure Unit, Public Health, Passenger Transport)
- Hertfordshire Highways
- Hertfordshire LEP
- Parish councils (including; Aston Parish Council, Codicote Parish Council, Datchworth Parish Council, Graveley Parish Council, Knebworth Parish Council, St Ippolyts Parish Council, Walkern Parish Council, Weston Parish Council, Woolmer Green Parish Council, Wymondley Parish Council)
- Hertfordshire Constabulary
- Anglian Water
- Thames Water
- Veolia Water Central (VWC)
- National Grid

General consultation bodies/organisations

5th Stevenage Air Scout Group	Broadwater Community Association
Aberdeen Asset Management	Broom Barns JMI
Active4Less	Brown And Lee
Adlington Planning Team	Brown And Lee Chartered Surveyors
Age Concern Stevenage	Buddhist Centre
Ahmadiyya Muslim Association	Building Research Establishment
Aldi Stores	Bus Users Group Stevenage
Aldwyck Housing Association	C.D.Bayles
Almond Hill Junior Mixed School	Campaign for Real Ale
Alzheimer's Society	Campaign For Real Ale Ltd
Anglian Water	Camps Hill Community Primary School
Aragon Land And Planning	Canyon Play Association
Archangel Michael And St Anthony Coptic Orthodox Church	Carers in Hertfordshire
Arriva	Catesby Property Group
Arriva The Shires And Essex Buses	CBRE Ltd.
Ashtree Primary School	Central Bedfordshire UA
Asian Women Group	Centrebus
Association of North Thames Amenity Societies	Chair North Herts Ramblers Group
Aston Parish Council	Chambers Coaches Stevenage Ltd
Aston Village Society	Chells Community Association
Aviva Investors	Chells Manor Community Association
BAA Safeguarding Team	Chells Scout Group
Barclay School	Chelton Radomes
Barker Parry Town Planning	Christadelphian Community
Barnwell School	Churches Together
BEAMS Ltd	Churches Together in Stevenage
Bedwell Community Association	Circle Anglia
Bedwell Primary And Nursery School	Citizens Advice Bureau
Bell Cornwell LLP	Clague Ashford
Bellway (Northern Home Counties)	Codicote Parish Council
Bellway Homes	Colinade Associates Ltd
Bellway Homes Miller Homes	Colliers International
Bellway Homes, Miller Homes & Wheatley Plc	Commercial Estates Group
Bidwells	Connexions Stevenage
Bloor Homes	Cortex
Bloor Homes South Midlands	Costco Wholesale UK Ltd
Borough of Broxbourne	Countryside Management Service
Bragbury End Residents Group	Countryside Properties plc, Stevenage Rugby Club and the Homes and Communities Agency (Cambridge)
Bridge Builders Christian Trust	CPRE Hertfordshire
British Horse Society	Crossroads Care (Hertfordshire North)
Croudace Strategic Ltd	Finishing Publications Ltd

CTC The National Cycling Charity	First Plan
Cycling UK Stevenage	Fitness First Plc
Dacorum Borough Council	Friends of Forster Country
Datchworth Parish Council	Friends of the Earth (Luton)
Davies And Co	Friends Religious Society
Defence Infrastructure Organisation	Friends, Families and Travellers and Traveller Law Reform Project Community Base
Deloitte	Fusion
Department For Business, Innovation and Skills	Gabriel Securities Ltd
Department For Culture Media And Sport	Genesis Housing Group
Department For Environment Food And Rural Affairs	GHM Consultancy Group Ltd (Logic Homes)
Department For Transport Rail Group	Giles Junior School
Design Council	Giles School
Dixons Dispatch Ltd	Glanville
Douglas Drive Senior Citizens Association	Glasgow City Council
DPDS Consulting Group	GlaxoSmithKline
EADS Astrium	Government Equalities Office
East and North Herts Clinical Commissioning Group	Graveley Against SNAP Proposals (GASP)
East and North Herts NHS Trust	Graveley Parish Council
East Coast	Graveley School
East Hertfordshire District Council	Great Ashby Community Council
East Herts District Council	Great Ashby Community Group
East Herts Footpath Society	Great Ashby Community Resource Centre
East of England Ambulance Service	Greene King Plc
East Of England Local Government Association (formerly EERA)	Greenside School
Eastlake Stevenage Limited	Gregory Gray Associates
Endurance estates	Hanover Housing Association
Environment Agency	HAPAS
Epping Forest District Council	Heaton Planning Ltd
Essex County Council	Hermes Real Estate Investment Ltd
Executive	Hertford Road Community Association
F&C REIT Asset Management	Hertfordshire Action on Disability
Fairlands Primary School And Nursery	Hertfordshire Association for the Care and Resettlement of Offenders
Fairlands Valley Sailing Centre	Hertfordshire Association Of Parish And Town Councils
Fairview Road Residents Association	Hertfordshire Association of Parish and Town Councils / Welwyn Hatfield Association of Local Councils
Featherstone Wood Primary School	Hertfordshire Association Of Young People
Fields in Trust	Hertfordshire Biological Records Centre
Hertfordshire Care Trust	Iceni Projects Ltd
Hertfordshire Chamber Of Commerce And Industry	Independent Custody Visitors Scheme

Hertfordshire Constabulary	Intercounty Properties
Hertfordshire County Council	J Young Investments Ltd.
Hertfordshire County Council (Archaeology)	JB Planning Associates
Hertfordshire County Council (Estates)	Jehovah's Witnesses
Hertfordshire County Council (Highways)	John Henry Newman RC School
Hertfordshire County Council Public Health	Jones Day
Hertfordshire Fire And Rescue Service	Jones Lang LaSalle
Hertfordshire Gardens Trust	Kirkwells
Hertfordshire Hearing Advisory Service	Knebworth Estates
Hertfordshire Highways	Knebworth House Education and Preservation Trust
Hertfordshire LEP	Knebworth Parish Council
Hertfordshire Police	Lambert Smith Hampton
Hertfordshire Police Authority	Lodge Farm Primary School
Hertfordshire Police Eastern Area	Lanes New Homes
Hertfordshire Property (HCC)	Langley Parish Meeting
Hertfordshire Society for the Blind	Larwood School
Hertfordshire Stop Smoking Service	Lepus Consulting
Hertfordshire University	Letchmore Infants And Nursery School
Hertfordshire Visual Arts Forum	Letchworth Garden City Heritage Foundation
Herts & Middlesex Wildlife Trust	Leys Primary And Nursery School
Herts Against the Badger Cull	Lincolns Tyre Service Ltd.
Herts and Middlesex Wildlife Trust	Living Streets
Hertsmere Borough Council	London and Cambridge Properties Ltd
Hightown Praetorian Churches Housing Association	London Borough of Barnet
Highways England	London Borough of Enfield
Hill Residential Limited	London Borough of Harrow
HilliersHRW Solicitors LLP	London Gypsies and Travellers Unit
Historic England	Longmeadow Primary School
Hitchin Town Action Group	Lonsdale School
Holy Trinity Church	Luton Borough Council
Home Builders Federation	Marine Management Organisation
Homes And Communities Agency	Marriotts School
Howard Cottage Housing Association	Martin Ingram Opticians
Howard Property Group	Martins Wood Primary School
HSBC Trust Company (UK) Limited	Mayor of London
Hubert C Leach Ltd	MBDA UK Ltd
Mind in Herts	Pin Green Community Centre
MKG Motor Group	Pin Green Residents Association
Moss Bury Primary School	Pin Green Residents Group
MS Society Mid Hertfordshire	Planning Potential Ltd
NaCSBA	Planware Ltd
National Express	Planware Ltd.
National Housing Federation	POhWER

Natural England	Princes Trust
Network Rail	Putterills Of Hertfordshire
NFGLG	Rapleys LLP
NHS East and North Hertfordshire CCG	REACT
North Hertfordshire and Stevenage Green Party	Redrow Homes (Eastern) Ltd
North Hertfordshire College	Redrow Homes Eastern Division
North Hertfordshire District Council	Regional Land Holdings Ltd.
North Hertfordshire Friends Of The Earth	Relate North Hertfordshire And Stevenage
North Hertfordshire People First	Renshaw UK Limited
North Herts & Stevenage Green Party	rg+p Ltd
North Herts and Stevenage Community	Richborough Estates
Learning Disability Team	
North Herts Homes	Ridgemond Park Training Centre
North Herts People First	River Beane Restoration Association
North Stevenage Consortium	Road Haulage Association
Odyssey Group Holdings	Roebuck and Marymead Residents Association
Office for Rail Regulation	Roebuck Nursery And Primary School
Old Stevenage Community Association	Round Diamond Primary School
On Behalf Of St. Peter's Church	RPF Developments
Origin Housing Group	RPS Planning and Development Ltd
Oval Community Centre	RSPB
PACE	Sainsbury's Supermarkets Ltd
Paradigm Housing Group	Savils
Passenger Transport Unit, Hertfordshire County Council	Saving North Herts Green Belt
Patient Liaison Group	Secretary of State for Communities
Peacock And Smith	Seebohm Executors
Peartree Spring Junior School	Shephalbury Sports Academy
Pennyroyal Ltd.	Shephall Community Association
Pentangle Design	Shephall Residents Association
Persimmon Homes	Showmen's Guild Of Great Britain
PHD Associates	Simmons And Sons
Physically Handicapped And Able Bodied Club	South East Midlands Local Enterprise Partnership
Picture Ltd	Sport England
Pigeon Investment Management Ltd	Sport Stevenage
Pigeon Land Ltd	Springfield House Community Association
St Albans City And District Council	Thames Water Property
St Ippolyts Parish Council	The Baha'l Community of Stevenage
St Margaret Clitherow RC Primary School	The Campaign for Real Ale
St Nicholas Community Centre	The Coal Authority
St Nicholas School	The Greens & Great Wymondley Residents
	Association
St Vincent De Paul RC Primary School	The Guiness Trust
St. Nicholas and Martins Wood Residents Association	The Guinness Partnership

Stanhope Plc	The Gypsy Council
STARCOURT CONSTRUCTION LTD	The Hitchin Forum
Stevenage And North Hertfordshire Indian	The Living Room
Cultural Society	-
Stevenage and North Herts Women's Resource Centre	The National Trust
Stevenage Borough Council	The Nobel School
Stevenage Borough Council Transportation Development	The Salvation Army
Stevenage Business Initiative	The Theatres Trust
Stevenage Caribbean and African Association	The Woodland Trust
Stevenage Caribbean And African Association (SCARAFA)	Theatres Trust
Stevenage Cricket Club	Thomas Alleyne School
Stevenage CVS	T-Mobile
Stevenage Depression Alliance	TRACKS (Autism)
Stevenage Haven	Transport for London
Stevenage Irish Network	Trotts Hill Primary And Nursery School
Stevenage League Of Hospital Friends	Troy Planning
Stevenage Mosque	Turley
Stevenage Polish Association	Universities Superannuation Scheme Ltd
Stevenage Quakers	USF Nominees Ltd.
Stevenage Regeneration Ltd.	Veale Associates
Stevenage Sikh Cultural Association	Veolia Water Central (VWC)
Stevenage Town Rugby Club	VEOLIA WATER CENTRAL LIMITED
Stevenage Women's Refuge	Vincent And Gorbing Planning Associates
Stevenage World Forum For Ethnic Minorities	Virgin Media
Stevenage Youth Council	Visit East Anglia
Stewart Ross Associates	Vodafone Ltd
Strutt and Parker LLP	Waitrose Ltd
Symonds Green Community Association	Walkern Parish Council
Taylor Wimpey	Watford Borough Council
Taylor Wimpey / Persimmon	Welwyn Hatfield Borough Council
Terence O'Rourke Ltd	Welwyn Hatfield Council
Thames Water	West Stevenage Consortium
Wheatley Homes Ltd	Weston Parish Council
Willmott Dixon Housing	Wheatley Homes
Wm Morrisons Supermarket Plc	Woolmer Green Parish Council
Women's Link	WPNPF
Woodland Trust	Wymondley Parish Council
Woolenwich Infant And Nursery School	Wyvale Garden Centres Ltd
	Youth Council

Approximately 600 individuals on the Council consultation register were also consulted.

Appendix 3 - Consultation Publicity

Facebook / Twitter/ Instagram posts

Example of social media posts to promote the consultation.





The Comet

News article placed in The Comet newspaper to promote the consultation.



The Chronicle

News article placed in The Chronicle newsletter to promote the consultation.

The magazine for Stevenage people

Local Plan Consultation

Stevenage Borough's Local Plan (adopted May 2019) is undergoing a partial review and update and we are seeking your views on the changes. The consultation runs from 5 July to 15 August 2024.



The Local Plan is the town's spatial development strategy which plans to 2031. It identifies the main issues that are likely to affect Stevenage and sets policies to deal with them, setting out the rules for how development is carried out. It is important to remember that the Local Plan Review, at this stage, consists of limited changes. As such, the scope of the review to policies and supporting text is limited to necessary changes only, related to key drivers of change since the Plan was adopted in 2019. Other wider changes will

be considered for the next stage of the Local Plan Review, a Full Review of the Plan, from 2025 onwards.

Anyone in Stevenage's community, including residents, workers, businesses, community organisations or visitors can comment on the changes we are proposing.

All information and your chance to respond, can be found here: https://stevenagelocalplan. commonplace.is/



Appendix 4 - Example of letter and email

Local Plan Partial Review and Update – Regulation 18 Public Consultation

Dear Consultee,

We want your views on our Stevenage Local Plan, a planning document that will help to shape the future of the Stevenage. This is a partial review of the Local Plan, and we are consulting on the proposed changes only.

The Consultation period runs from 5 July 2024 to 15 August 2024

All information regarding the consultation can be found on our consultation website here:

https://stevenagelocalplan.commonplace.is/

Or use the QR code below:



What is the Local Plan?

The Stevenage Borough Local Plan was adopted on 22 May 2019. The Plan sets out a spatial vision for the town to 2031 and contains detailed land use policies for the Borough. It looks to guide development and covers areas like housing, the built and natural environment, infrastructure, businesses, open spaces and more.

Tackling the Climate Emergency is an issue we are deeply committed to addressing. This means we are consulting on a **partial update of our Local Plan** to make sure that we are thinking sustainably for the next, and future generations. The aim of this review is to not replace the existing Plan with an entirely new plan, instead focus on areas that we feel need urgent attention.

Regulation 18 is a legal term for a formal consultation. We'll need to go out for a 'Regulation 18' consultation on the draft amendments to Stevenage's Local Plan (or Development Plan Document or 'DPD'). This is a statutory part of the planning process, that has to be carried out by law.

How to respond

The Local Plan revised version and other relevant documentation can be downloaded from our consultation website:

https://stevenagelocalplan.commonplace.is/

Responses can be submitted via the website and we welcome your views on as many (or few) questions as you like!

Hard copies of the documents are available to view at the Council Offices at Daneshill House, the Stevenage Central Library and also the Stevenage Old Town Library.

If you need any further help with consultation, please email us at the address below.

If you do not wish to receive future consultations via email or would like to update your contact details, please let us know.

We look forward to hearing from you.

Kind Regards

Planning Policy Team

Stevenage Borough Council I Daneshill House, Danestrete, Stevenage, Herts SG1 1HN

planning.policy SBC@stevenage.gov.uk

Appendix 5 – Response form

Example of a response form to allow consultees to respond via alternatives method.

	-
Response Form – Local Plan Review: Regulation 18	Pr.
Consultation	Your Name
Six-week consultation from 5 July to 15 August 2024	
The Council is undertaking a Review of the Local Plan adopted on 22 May 2019. The Plan is the	Address
key planning policy document setting a vision for the future development of Stevenage. It looks to guide development and covers areas like housing, infrastructure, businesses, open spaces and	
more.	
Draft Plan Consultation	Company/Organisation
This is a draft version of our Plan for Stevenage, which we will formally consult on. We will ask	
for comments and feedback from the community and stakeholders. This consultation is a legal requirement, and the consultation will last for 6 weeks. (This consultation is known as 'Regulation	Porrocenting
18' in the planning world)	Representing (e.g Self/ client name or
	(e.g Serv chert name or organisation)
How to respond	
Online: You can respond on-line, read all supporting documents and helpful guides by going to our consultation website:	Email:
https://stevenagelocalplan.commonplace.is/	
Email: Please send your comments to the Planning Policy Team directly on:	
planningpolicy@stevenage.gov.uk. Please ensure you state 'Reg 18 Consultation Response' in the subject line.	Would you like to receive email communications about planning policy consultations in the future?
Post: Complete this response form and post it to:	
1 001. Complete this response form and post it to.	Yes No No
Planning Policy Consultation	N
Planning & Regulation Stevenage Borough Council	
Daneshill House Danestrete	
Stevenage Herts	
SG1 1HN	
Personal/Contact Details	
Please note that if you respond to this consultation your response will be publicly	
available. This will include your name, who you represent and the company/organisation but not personal contact details such as address or email.	
	2
	Policy CC4: Energy infrastructure
Strategic and detailed Climate Change	Development proposals which create, utilise, or facilitate connection to decentralised energy networks
Climate Change policies will be placed at the top of our Strategic Planning Policies (see pages 32 -33 of the	(DENs) or district heat networks (DHNs) will be strongly supported.
revised Local Plan). We are seeking to get the right balance of new low carbon homes and investment in retrofitting existing homes, alongside new jobs, infrastructure while protecting our green and cultural assets,	The use of ultra-low and zero carbon combined heat and power (CHP) systems will also be strongly
echoing the TCPA Garden City principles that the original new town was founded on.	supported.
	Developments that produce local ultra-low and zero carbon renewable energy with surplus injected into the grid will be strongly supported.
New Policy SP1:	The implementation of Intelligent Energy Systems (IES) is strongly encouraged.
The change will be:	What are your comments on the Energy infrastructure policy?
Constitutional Microsychiate Statement of the property of the	what are your comments on the Energy minastructure pointy:
Deletion of existing Policy SP1: Presumption in favour of sustainable development and replacement with new Policy SP1: Climate change to reflect the changed priority for the Local Plan to address climate	
change issues and challenges.	
The revised policy can be found on Pages 32 - 33 of the Regulation 18 Local Plan.	
What are your comments on the revised policy?	
	13 (3)
	Policy CC5: Carbon sinks
	Development proposals should not result in the loss or deterioration of existing carbon sinks.
	Development proposals which deliver net gains in carbon sequestration and storage through the enhancement of existing carbon sinks or the provision of new carbon sinks will be strongly supported.
	What are your comments on the Carbon sinks policy?
	That are you commone on the cancer cance percey.
	6
2	
3	

Appendix 6 - Local Plan Partial Review Booklet

Example to show a few pages from the Local Plan Booklet which was produced to help consultees understand the process of a Local Plan Partial Review.

